

33c.

PER LB. FOR TAYLOR
MADE CHOCOLATE
CHIPS.
LAWRASON & CO.

THE NAPANEE

Vol. XLV] No 22 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANA

NAPANEE

Madill Bros

NAPANEE

CARPET BUYERS, ATTENTION.

We call your special attention to the advisability of careful consideration before purchasing your Carpets. When you buy a Carpet it comes right into your home, you live with it for a long time or a short time, according to the way you bought it. Madills only stock the 'long time' Carpets, the makes that are reliable, and will wear as long as you expect them to. Then all our patterns are exclusive, and quality considered, we always save you in prices. There's more for you to choose from than any stocks hereabout. Stop, think for a moment and come where your interests are being carefully considered. Better designs, better colorings, better qualities and better prices, are the main features on which our Carpet business has grown.

CARPETS

in Axminsters, Velvets, Brussels, Wiltons, Tapestry, Wools, Unions, and Jutes.

RUGS

in Axminsters, Brussels, Velvet, Tapestry, Wool, and Hemp, in a complete range of sizes and prices.

LINOLEUMS

An extensive range of beautiful floral designs, more noticeable in the 4 yard widths. A visit here will convince you.

Jap. & Chinese Mattings

Our stock being large will enable you to make a better selection. All prices, ranging from 15c yd.

Two Specials for Saturday at 10 a. m.

Ladies' and Children's Vests, and Ladies' Hose.

In order to open up a bright new season with a bright new sample lot of Vests and Hose the decision is they must go on Saturday clearing at wholesale and less figures. The Vests are in 3 lots, and the Hose are in 2 lots.

Vests worth from \$1.25 to \$2.00 doz. wholesale, for	10c each.
" 2.25 to 3.00 doz. "	10c each.
" 3.10 to 4.50 doz. "	25c each.
Hose worth from \$1.75 to \$2.50 doz. wholesale, for	15c each.
" 2.75 to 4.50 doz. "	19c each.

The Vests are all summer weight, sleeveless, short sleeves and long sleeves, with tape and lace trimming. The Hose are Lisle, Cotton, and silk pleated, plain and ribbed, and open work, white, tan, and black. Being seasonable apparel this is a golden opportunity. Come Saturday morning at 10 a.m. (See Window).

Special Linen Items for Thursday at 10 a.m.

Dress Linens in great profusion (the reliable Shamrock Brand). Our complete stock consists of fine, medium and coarse weaves; Linens manufactured expressly for Waists and Shirt Waist Suits, Linens suited for drawn work, etc. In order to advertise and let the buying public of Napanee and vicinity know more of this reliable brand (Shamrock) for Thursday only the following prices will prevail on these beautiful and dressy dress linens. Regular 75c for 65c, —65c for 58c—50c for 45c—35c for 31c—25c for 22½c yd. This is something you will need in the near future so take advantage of this special discount Thursday at 10 a.m. (See Window)

ESCAPED FROM ASYLUM.

Kingston, May 8.—A daring and successful escape of a life prisoner occurred from the penitentiary here about 3 o'clock this morning.

The man at large is Joseph Chalabran alias Chartrad, who was sentenced two years ago at Sault Ste. Marie to be hanged for murder but whose sentence was commuted to life imprisonment. Chalabran was in the insane ward though he was never considered very simple. Last evening he was in his cell, and this morning at 6 o'clock his cell was empty.

Chalabran had not been found tonight. His flight from the penitentiary was the most daring and puzzling that has occurred at the institution in a quarter of a century. The manner in which the convict got away was so plain that the prison authorities can scarcely realize that one shut in a cell could have got clear away as Chalabran did. Guard James A. Fegg was on duty in the insane ward, where the murderer was domiciled. Every hour he passed the cell, and wound the clock, which is just alongside. Nothing within indicated that the convict was other than asleep in his cot. When it was discovered that the bird had flown it was seen that a kind of dummy, made of flower-pots, had been put in the cot, and this appeared like the sleeper. At what hour Chalabran took his departure it would be difficult to say. He may have got away before midnight, or perhaps some hours later. The mode of escape was this:—After fling through three window bars the murderer took off the pulley ropes on which the window worked. These he tied together, and on the end he fastened the handle of his pail, which served as a hook. Placing the hook around one of the solid bars, he let go the rope and slid down from his third-storey window to the ground.

Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Glass, Best Boiled Oil, Elephant Brand White Lead and Ready Mixed Paint. It pays to buy the best.

MADOLE & WILSON.

NEWS IN GENERAL.

The conspiracy charge against Joseph Phillips was traversed to the September Sessions.

Turkey has not yet yielded to Great Britain's demands to withdraw troops from Tabah.

A vein of pure silver five inches wide has been struck on the university property at Cobalt.

News was received in Toronto of the death in Edinburgh of the widow of the late Hon. George Brown.

The anthracite coal miners and operators have signed the agreement by which the men will return to work.

It is reported the Government power bill will be amended so as to include Provincial control of gas companies.

The Hydro-electric Power Commission of Ontario is to fix rates of light, heat, power and of gas companies in any part of the Province.

An attempt was made to assassinate Admiral Doubassoff at the gate of the palace in Moscow. The perpetrator and four others were killed, but Doubassoff escaped.

renable brand (Shamrock) for Thursday only the following prices will prevail on these beautiful and dress linens. Regular 75c for 65c,—65c for 58c—50c for 45c—35c for 31c—25c for 22½c yd. This is something you will need in the near future so take advantage of this special discount Thursday at 10 a.m. (See Window)

The Ready-to-Wear Department.

For exclusive and distinct styles visit Madill's Ready-to-Wear Department. Ladies' skirts and coats, misses' skirts, ladies' raincoats, etc., fashioned after the latest New York cuts. Ladies' muslin, silk and lace waists, with long and short sleeves, with val. cluny, and baby Irish insertion, tucks and pleats, gimp and button trimming. Garters in a complete range of colors, sizes and styles. Rain coats, hip, three-quarter and full length, in fawns and greys, all sizes and prices. Children's and ladies' parasols in an excellent range of colors.



Dress Goods Department

Particular people inform us that to get something out of the ordinary in Dress Fabrics it is necessary to come to this popular store. The Dress and Suit Tweeds, the Cream Overcheck Suitings, the Cream Mohairs, Delaines and Serges, the Eccliennes, Crepe-de-Chines, etc. The All-over Laces, the Gimps, the Braids, etc. The Silks, all being carefully selected, chosen from the CREME from the most fashioned centres.

See the New Shades in Gloria Silk to hand this week.

The Smallwear Department

For stylish Neckwear, Gloves, Hosiery, Belts, Ribbons, etc. it is necessary to visit this Department being specially adopted and fitted properly for a Smallwear Section. We claim to having one of the most up-to-date Departments in Central Ontario.

(Wear the Famous Everfast Hose.)

MADILL BROS.



Gettin' Wisdom

is a comparatively easy task if you start it while you are young. Don't allow your children's eyes to be ruined for all time because "they look too 'dud' with glasses on."

We'll tell you the truth as to whether they need glasses or not, and charge you nothing for the telling.

Headaches in children are suspicious. We are also the best people to guarantee the quality of our frames, it being part of our jewelry business to acquire that ability and knowledge.

F. CHINNECK'S
THE STORE OF QUALITY,

Near Royal Hotel, Napanee.

Lawn Mowers and Garden Hose,
MADOLE & WILSON.

THE - DOMINION - BANK

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP \$3,000,000
RESERVE FUND AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS \$3,722,000
TOTAL ASSETS - - - \$39,000,000

Savings Bank Department

Interest paid on deposits of One Dollar and upwards, and compounded half yearly. Interest allowed on

Cheese Factory Accounts

Advances made on Farmers' Sale Notes. Drafts and Letters of Credit issued upon all parts of the world.

DUDLEY L. HILL,

Acting Manager, Napanee Branch.

\$705.00

is the average salary of the March graduates of

PICTON BUSINESS COLLEGE and SCHOOL OF FINANCE

SPECIAL HIGH-GRADE WORK

Scientific Accounting, Expert Shorthand, Typewriting, Practical Railroad and Commercial Telegraphy, Music and Art.

**EVERY GRADUATE IN A GOOD POSITION.
ASK FOR RATES.**

JNO. R. SAYERS,
Principal and Prop., Picton.

S. CASEY DENISON,

Will be pleased to have your trade in

Groceries, Provisions,
Flour, Feed, Salt, Straw,
Pressed Hay, Etc.
PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

TEA CANVASSERS WANTED.

It will pay you to investigate my goods prices, and complete outfit of samples and instructions. A trial order solicited. **ALFRED TYLER,** Wholesale Importer and Spice Grinder, London, Ont. Apply Box E Express Office, Napanee.

Lake Ontario & Bay of Quinte Steamboat Co., Limited.

Str. "ALETHA"

between
BELLEVILLE-PICTON-KINGSTON

Commencing April 17th steamer will leave Deseronto on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7.30 a.m. for Kingston, Picton and intermediate Bay of Quinte points.

Returning Steamer will arrive on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8.45 p.m., and will leave for Belleville.

Right reserved to change time with or without notice.

Freight handled promptly and with care. For further information apply to
E. E. HORSEY, THE RATHBUN CO.,
General Manager, Agents
Kingston, Ont. Deseronto, Ont.

Maximum light at minimum cost procured by using our improved gas lamps.
MADOLE & WILSON.

palace in Moscow. The perpetrator and four others were killed, but Doubassoff escaped.

Mr. Arthur Piers is credited with the statement that the C. P. R. have ordered two more steamers of the Empress type in Great Britain, and will give a weekly fast service across the Atlantic.

Belleville, May 4.—(Special)—Mrs. Hugh Walker, wife of License Inspector Walker of this city, passed away this afternoon. She was born in Belleville 73 years ago, and was the first member of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, this city. Pneumonia was the cause of death. She was one of the most loved residents here, being noted for her connection with all Christian associations. Her only brother is Sergeant William Bland, who is 80 years old. Mrs. Walker leaves two sons Archie and Hugh, both of them doctors in California.

Use Prism Brand Four Enamel It dries quickly, has a varnish gloss, and is true to Color. The Medical Hall.—Fred L. Hooper, sole agent for Napanee.

Galvanized roofing, Plumbing and Heating.

MADOLE & WILSON.

FELLOWS.

During Easter Week our post office changed hands and John Shaw has taken charge of the mail. The former postmaster, S. M. Reid, has rented the farm of A. M. Parrett, and has moved into the house lately occupied by James McQueen.

James McFarlane, Sr., is moving into the house vacated by Mr. Reid.

Daniel Shea, Sr. continues in poor health.

Mrs. J. C. Parrott is slowly improving.

Charles Snider's little girl is convalescent, under the skilful treatment of Dr. Day.

A little girl has come to brighten the home of Fenton Reid.

Mrs. Frederick Burt and children left for Ottawa, last week, to visit her sister.

Visitors: R. Henderson, Napanee, at F. Reid's; Mrs. White, Napanee, at J. McFarlane's; Mrs. A. Peters, Thorpe, at N. Fellows'; Miss Wilhelmina Clark at Miss Burt's; Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Rose at her father's. Rumor says another wedding in the near future.

Screen doors and windows, refrigerators.
MADOLE & WILSON.

CENTREVILLE.

The farmers around here are about through seeding.

Rain and warm weather would be welcomed at the recent frosts have injured the grass and meadows.

At the base ball meeting held in the hall on Monday evening. Officers were appointed and all arrangements made for games during the coming season.

J. H. Millikan is preparing to remodel his dwelling and W. H. Hinchey to rebuild his barn.

Council met on Monday there was but few out to attend the meeting.

Jimmie Cassidy is recovering, but slowly.

Thos O'Connor and J. M. Lochhead, each sold a carriage horse during the past week for fancy prices to Chas. Stuart, of Harrowsmith.

Rumor says a wedding soon.

Painting White.

If you intend painting white either inside or outside, use Sherwin-Williams Gloss White. It will cover more surface, wear longer, remain whiter, and cost you less than any other white paint. It will not chalk off like Pure White Lead. Ask us for prices before painting. The Medical Hall.—Fred L. Hooper, Sole agent for Napanee.

THE EXPRESS.

11c.

FOR A 25 CENT HAIR
BRUSH, AT
LAWRASON & CO.

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

ADA—FRIDAY, MAY 11th 1906

TAMWORTH.

Mrs. Albert Morton and daughter, Leah, are visiting in and about town. Stewart Woods is home after passing a very successful examination at Queen's University.

Mr. Houston, Tweed, was in town, Saturday.

Miss Ethel Williams, New York, and Miss Thompson, Marlbank, visited H. E. Thornton's the past week.

W. A. Fuller has his had house painted.

Chas. Snyder and wife, Arden, spent Sunday in town, with their daughter, Mrs. Hornbeck.

George Summerville, Marlbank, in town, Sunday.

Mrs. William Fuller, has gone to Montreal, on a visit.

Wesley Clancy has gone to Calgary, Alberta, where he has secured a good position as carpenter.

Messrs. Brown and Pringle, Arden, were in town Tuesday.

Court was held here, on Tuesday. Judge Price presided.

Mr. Watson, brickmaker, will start the rickyard next week.

Mr. Sauls, Camden East, is visiting his son and friends in town.

Frank Hinch, Centreville, was in town on Tuesday.

Wire Fencing from 30c per rod. Cheaper than you can buy wire and put it up at BOYLE & SON.

TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chamber,

Napanee, May 7th, 1906.

Council met in regular session, Mayor Lowry presiding.

Councillors present—Messrs. Kimmerly, Normie, Ming, Simpson, Williams, Graham.

Minutes of previous regular and special meetings were read and adopted.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From Horticultural Society respecting care of Harvey Warner Park. Laid on the table.

From R. S. Kelsch re Electric Light plant. Fyled.

From Allis-Chalmers-Bullock Co., re Electrical Machinery. Fyled.

From the Secretary of the Dominion Railway Commissioners respecting the crossing of the G. T. Railway tracks by the Electric wires on Thomas street. Laid on table.

From Montreal District and Savings Bank respecting Electric Light bonds purchased by them. Fyled.

Petition from a number of ratepayers asking for a sidewalk from corner Dundas and Bridge streets to Adelphi street.

The Finance Committee presented the Treasurer's monthly statements. On motion the reports were adopted.

The finance committee reported the amount expended on Electric Light plant to date \$8400.00. Report adopted.

The finance committee reported, re the placing of the account, recommending the placing of the account in the Crown Bank. Report adopted.—A motion that the money be placed in the Crown Bank was carried.

The Street committee reported having repaired the Canning Factory road and asked further time to report on sidewalk to Sam Davey's house. Report adopted.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.
30-3-m

Be Careful of Your Furs.

Buy one of our Moth Proof Bags. We have them all sizes, the largest will hold the largest coon coat. We also sell Moth Balls, Oil of Cedar, Lavender, Flowers, Borax and Buffalo Moth Extremator, at WALLACE'S, Red Cross Drug Store.

HIS HEAD CRUSHED.

An unknown man was killed, instantly, in a shocking manner on the G. T. R. west-bound express, Sunday morning. When the express had pulled out of Kingston station, some sixty feet westward, blood was noticed on the tracks, and later, on examination about three miles east of Napanee, where the train stopped on account of trouble with the air brake, led to a ghastly sight, a human being with head crushed, in a small space between the express and the blind baggage cars. The man had been instantly killed, his skull smashed flat. He had evidently been stealing a ride, and had chosen a place sufficiently small to admit of a person, but dangerous in that once stationed there, one was held in a vice-like grip until the train came to a full stop. The train had come to such a sudden stop that the crowding cars had crushed him between two vestibules. It was a shocking fearful find.

On the arrival of the train at Napanee the Chief of Police was notified and three other young men who were stealing a ride, were arrested and held as witnesses. From the appearance of the young man he had only been dead a short time as his body was still warm. But life was extinct. The other three say they do not know his name but from a paper found upon his person it is supposed his name is Fred. King. The paper shows that the person hired at Glasgow, on the 19th April, on the steamer Castalia, for five shillings, presumably to work his way over for that amount. He was dressed in a working suit and nothing else of value was found upon his person.

An inquest was held at Carscallen's undertaking rooms and the jurors after viewing the body adjourned until Wednesday evening until the G. T. R. train crew could be summoned.

The following is a description of the young man: Height, five feet eight inches; weight, probably 165 pounds dark brown hair and eyebrows; rather poorly dressed, navy blue coat, tweed pants, black cotton shirt with cord running through it, high laced, heavy boots, black cashmere socks and red knitted cuff on left arm. The names of the three who were with the young man are: William Cordner, Patrick Flood, Montreal, and Richard Chadwick, Omaha, Neb.

On Wednesday evening the adjourned inquest was held in the Council Chamber, a number of witnesses were examined.

Richard Chadwick, deposed that he found the dead man lying between the baggage cars, while trying to find a warm place to ride, and described the position of the body when found.

WHEN you should buy your New Spring Hat is something for you to decide.
WHERE you should buy it is also in your own hands.

But we owe it to our great gathering from the style starting points to tell you something about it—to suggest that before you buy you see what's here.

Exclusive styles in Ready-to-Wears.—We are opening up to-day the latest designs in New York Sailors.

Our stock of Gloves, Hosiery, Corsets, Ladies' Vests is well assorted with all the leading lines.

All the latest Novelties in Belts, Collars, Scarfs, Veilings, Etc.

We invite attention also to our line of Fine Ladies' Blouses in Washable Silk and Muslin.

We are also agents for the New York Silk Waist Company.

DOXSEE & CO.

The Leading Millinery House.

DRY MILLWOOD FOR SALE

Also Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Salt and Portland Cement.

COAL FOR Stoves, Furnaces and Grates, Steam Purposes and Blacksmiths' use.

The Rathbun Co. R. B. SHIPMAN, Agent.

SEASON OF 1906. UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE THE Str. REINDEER

WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:
LEAVE—Prinyer's Cove at 5.30 a. m. for Napanee and all way places. Leave Pictou at 8 a. m., Deseronto at 8.30, arriving in Napanee at 10.30, connecting with G.T.R. noon trains going East and West.
RETURNING—will leave Napanee at 1.30 p. m., connecting at Deseronto with Steamer "Varuna" for Belleville and Trenton. Leave Deseronto at 2.30 p. m., Pictou at 4.30 p. m. for down the bay.
This boat can be chartered for excursions on very reasonable terms.
For further information apply to
JAMES COLLIER, Captain.

EXECUTORS SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN THE TOWNSHIP OF SHEFFIELD.

The Executrix of the last Will and Testament of James Watson late of the Township of Richmond, Farmer. Will offer for sale by public auction at the Court House in the town of Napanee on Monday the 21st. day of May, A. D. 1906, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, the following lands, being Lot number Five in the Third Concession of the Township of Sheffield in the County of Lennox and Addington lying south east of White Lake and the road allowance between Lot Five and Six in the said Third Concession containing about 150 acres. Upon the premises are erected a frame dwelling house and a frame barn. The farm is under a good state of cultivation and well adapted for stock raising and is situated about 2 1/2 miles from Tamworth and one mile from Erinsville. Conditions of Sale will be made known at time of sale.
FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS apply to

GIRL WANTED, GOOD GENERAL
Servant, liberal wages for competent help. Apply MRS. HERBERT DAILY, Bridge Street West. 22-a

CHINNECK, NAPANEE—White Orpington Eggs, good quality, for \$1.00 per 13—great layers. Good Breeding Stock for sale now. 22c

SEALED TENDERS FOR THE BUILD-
ING of an Anglican Church, at Morven will be received up to 4 p. m. on SATURDAY, MAY 13th, at my office, where plans and specifications can now be seen. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
22-b F. F. MILLER, C. E.

SELECTED WHEAT LANDS IN WESTERN
Canada near transcontinental railroad. Exceptional investments, absolutely safe and profitable. Full particulars on application.
Denny & Pringle, Moffat, Man., or Kenosha, Wis.

WANTED, by Chicago wholesale house, special representative (man or woman) for Morven province - Canada. Salary \$20.00 and expenses paid weekly. Expense money advanced. Business successful; position permanent. No investment required. Previous experience not essential to engaging.
Address Manager, 132 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill., U.S.A.

FINE FARM FOR SALE—John M. Hawley offers for sale, his farm of 20 acres, situated at Hawley, 2nd concession, south Fredericksburgh. This is one of the very best farms in the county, well drained and fenced, and free from foul seed. 160 acres under good cultivation, 10 acres woodland, 30 acres new land ready to stump. Good orchard, 1000 ft. high. Price \$1000.00. Terms \$100.00 down, balance \$900.00 in 10 years.

motion that the money be placed in the Crown Bank was carried.

The Street committee reported having repaired the Canning Factory road and asked further time to report on sidewalk to Sam Davey's house. Report adopted.

On motion the Fire, Water and Light committee were given further time to report.

The Town Property committee reported having repaired the balcony on front of town hall and that outside of the hall would be painted shortly. Report adopted.

On motion the Chairman of the Poor and Sanitary Committee was requested to communicate with the Hotel Dieu and see what arrangements could be made with reference to John Wickham's keep.

Councillor Simpson reported in answer to an enquiry from Councillor Kimmerly, that the committee who had borrowed some electric light poles would return the same.

On motion of Councillor Williams, seconded by Councillor Ming, the Clerk was instructed to notify the town solicitor to serve notice on the Napanee Electric Light Company to remove all their poles and wires from the streets of the town. Carried.

On the motion the street committee were instructed to build a cement approach to the fire-hall. Carried.

Mr. Nelson Deans made a request for a stretch of sidewalk on the south side of his house. On motion the Street committee were empowered to build the walk asked for by Mr. Deans.

On motion the petition of Messrs. G. B. Joy, R. J. Wales and others asking for a sidewalk on the south side of Bridge street between Adelphi and Dundas streets be granted.

On motion the matter of the sidewalk on Dundas street from Campbell House to Robert street was left in the hands of the Street Committee to report.

On motion the care of the Harvey Warner park was placed in the hands of the Town Property committee to report.

On motion the tenders for supplies for the town were opened. Tenders were accepted as follows:

Swinging Bridge—M. B. Mills \$30. Madole & Wilson's tender for nails, tile, cement and iron pipe was accepted. Tenders for plank and lumber were referred to Street committee to report.

Wm. Vine's tender for large Street sprinkler at \$2.50 per day was accepted. Geo. Sampson's tender \$2.50 per day was accepted for small sprinkler.

Wm. Loucks' tender for stone at 20c per load was accepted. P. Bergin's tender for building stone at 60c per load was accepted.

On motion the time for the return of the Collector's roll was extended until Monday evening 14th inst.

On motion Mayor Lowry was instructed to oversee the fitting up of the Electric Light power house under the supervision of the Council.

ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were ordered paid: H. W. Kelly, \$20.70; F. E. VanLaven, \$58.70; Wm. Templeton, \$6.75; Boyle & Son \$76.00; H. Meng \$3.25; E. Kelly 50c.; Bell Telephone Co. 65c.; M. S. Madole \$9.07; M. S. Madole \$6.03; Gutta Percha Rubber Co. \$2.70; Napanee Water Works Co. \$820.00; E. B. Perry \$15.00; Chas. Pollard \$6.25.

On motion the Chief of Police was instructed to enforce the By-law in reference to throwing paper and other refuse on the streets.

A. S. KIMMERLY has just got in a car of Potatoes, Roses, Hebsons, Seed Peas and Mandscheuri Barley in stock and all kinds of garden and field seeds. I buy clean Timothy Seed, Vetches for sale.

IT'S DELICIOUS!

What's Delicious?

A Cup of Malagana Black Tea. Try half pound package, which will only cost you 20 cents, and which we think you will want more of after trying. For sale by

THE COXALL CO.

Chamber, a number of witnesses were examined.

Richard Chadwick, deposed that he found the dead man lying between the baggage cars, while trying to find a warm place to ride, and described the position of the body when found.

Wm. Cordner testified to having seen the man get off the train at Brockville and get on again, and corroborated the evidence of Chadwick.

Michael Flood testified to having been the first to find the body of the dead man between the cars.

Jas. Garrett, conductor of the train gave it as his opinion that the man had his head crushed between the vestibules while the engineer was placing his engine at Brockville coalchutes.

John Stornberg and Michael Cusack, brakemen, corroborated Conductor Garrett's testimony.

Thos. Sweetman, car inspector, Kingston, gave evidence that he did not see any one on the train at Kingston.

Chief Graham gave evidence of having been summoned to the station on Sunday morning. He also produced the articles found on the dead man, consisting of two rolls French twist, tobacco, part of a package of tobacco, a pipe and a paper, an account of wages of Fred King, spool of thread, a brass watch chain.

A letter was received from Mrs. Thompson, of Galt, asking for a description of the dead man, as a man by the name of Fred King had come out from the old country with her family, and she was interested in him.

The Coroner's Jury brought in a verdict that the man found on the Grand Trunk train came to his death from being crushed between the vestibule arches of train No. 5 on Sunday morning and that the three young men were in no way responsible for his death.

After you have tried hot springs, sulphur baths, patent medicines, electricity etc, bring your case to the Supreme Court

The Supreme Court
Tuck's Rheumatic Bone Oil. This is a powerful, penetrating oil, which, as its name implies, acts directly on the bone or joint—the lodging seat of rheumatism. If you are troubled with rheumatism, sciatica, lame back or kindred troubles and have not been able to get anything to help you until you have tried Tuck's Rheumatic Bone Oil. It has cured hundreds of cases just as bad as yours. H. S. Brown of Merrickville, Ontario writes as follows:—

Dear Sirs—I am free from rheumatism to-day because I used Tuck's Bone Oil. I had rheumatism in my hands and feet and thought at one time that my life was going to be ruined by it I consulted a doctor and tried various remedies, but while some of them that I took internally made me feel better for a time none of them took the pain away. After I had suffered for six months or more, doctoring all the time, I was advised one day to try Tuck's Rheumatic Bone Oil. I did and I never can be thankful enough to the man who told me to get it. I had not used a bottle until I was better and before the second one was done my joints were loosened up, the pain was gone and I was well. Tuck's Bone Oil did it. That was six years ago and I have not been bothered since.

H. S. Brown, Merrickville

For all inflammation arising not only from rheumatism but from colds, croup, bronchitis, quinsy &c. Tuck's Bone Oil is a sure and speedy cure. Sold by all medicine dealers at 50c. a bottle or sent by mail prepaid by The Tuck Bone Oil Co. Limited Smith's Falls, Ontario.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

said Third Concession containing about 150 acres. Upon the premises are erected a frame dwelling house and a frame barn. The farm is under a good state of cultivation and well adapted for stock raising and is situated about 2 1/2 miles from Tamworth and one mile from Erinsville. Conditions of Sale will be made known at time of sale.

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS apply to

JOHN ENGLISH,

Vendor's Solicitor.

DATED at Napanee this 23rd. day of April, A. D., 1906.

IN THE SURROGATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON. IN THE ESTATE OF JAMES WATSON, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to R. S. O. 1607, Chapter 129, section 38, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of James Watson, late of the Township of Richmond in the County of Lennox and Addington, Farmer, deceased, are required on or before the 23rd. day of May A. D. 1906, to send by post prepaid or to deliver to John English, Solicitor for the Executrix of the said James Watson, their names and addresses and a full statement and particulars of their claims and nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 23rd. day of May A. D. 1906, the said Executrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have notice and that the said executrix will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received at the time of the said distribution.

JOHN ENGLISH,
Solicitor for the Executrix,
DATED at Napanee, this 23rd. day of April, A. D., 1906.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a By-law will be passed at the next meeting of the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the United Townships of Denbigh, Abinger, and Ashby, for the closing and stopping up of that part of the Public Road known as the Mississippi Road West: lying westward of the east end of the bridge crossing Smith's creek and extending in a north westerly direction to the west end of the bridge crossing the Mississippi Branch.

Any person objecting to the closing and stopping up of the above described part or position of the said Public Road is requested to file his protest or state his objections to the Township Clerk, on or before the First day of June, 1906.

PAUL STEIN,

Clerk, Denbigh, Abinger, and Ashby.

Dated at Denbigh this Fifth day of April, A. D., 1906.

CAN YOU
GUESS THE ONE
BRIGHT SPOT
IN NAPANEE.
"TRY"
HAND IN YOUR GUESS AT
LAWRASON'S - DRUG - STORE.
First One Guessing right
RECEIVES REWARD.
Watch this space for winners in next issue

FINE FARM FOR SALE— John M. Hawley offers for sale, his farm of 200 acres, situated at Hawley, 2nd concession, South Fredericksburgh. This is one of the very best farms in the county, well drained and fenced, and free from foul seed. 100 acres under good cultivation. 10 acres woodland, 2 acres new land ready to stump. Good orchard, 4 splendid wells. Fine brick residence, lawn and shade trees. 2 large barns, tenant house, new poultry house, hog house, etc. Very convenient to church, school, post office and blacksmith shop. 8 miles from Napanee, 4 miles from Bath, and 3 miles from station. For further particulars enquire of

JOHN M. HAWLEY.

ATTEND THE BEST.

Ambitious young men and women who are contemplating a Commercial Education in Shortland, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, etc., or Civil Service course, will find the

Frontenac Business College

Kingston, Ontario,

the best equipped and most up-to-date business training institution in Eastern Ontario. Students may enter at any time, and all graduates are assisted to good paying situations. Write for catalog and rates.

W. H. HAW, President. T. N. STOCKDALE, Principal.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a By-Law will be passed at the next meeting of the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the United Townships of Denbigh, Abinger and Ashby, for the establishing or adoption of the following portions of Public Roads.

1—One piece of a Road to be located on or near the line between Lots Number Three and Four, in the Tenth Concession of the Township of Abinger.

2—One Road starting on the Road known as the Swamp Road, running in a westerly direction and crossing Lots Number Seven, Eight, Nine, Ten, Eleven and Twelve, in the Fourteenth Concession of the Township of Denbigh.

3—One Road starting on the Glenfield Road and running in a westerly direction, crossing Lots Number Ten, Eight, Nine and Ten, in Third Concession of the Township of Denbigh.

Any person interested, objecting to the establishment of the above described Roads is requested to file a statement containing valid reasons for his objection with the undersigned, on or before the First day of June 1906.

PAUL STEIN,

Clerk, Denbigh, Abinger, and Ashby.

Dated at Denbigh this Fifth day of April, A. D., 1906.

WANTED—A reliable agent for Napanee and surrounding country. Good pay weekly, exclusive territory. Sample case, or outfit free. Our terms are the best in the business. We need a man of good character and ability during fall and winter months. Over 600 acres—The choicest and most extensive list of stock in Canada, including fruit and ornamental stock, small fruits, and seed potatoes. Fast selling specialties offered for the first time. Write for terms now to

THE PELHAM NURSERY CO.,
Toronto Ont

THE CROWN BANK OF CANADA

Head Office, Toronto.

Authorized Capital \$2,000,000.

President, Edward Gurney; General Manager, G. de C. O'Grady.

To accommodate the people of Napanee and district, The Crown Bank of Canada will be open SATURDAY EVENINGS from 7 to 9.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS 4 TIMES A YEAR AND CALCULATED FROM DATE OF DEPOSIT.

Farmer's notes discounted — farmers' sales notes collected.

A general Banking business transacted.

Your Account is Solicited.

BURNETT LAING, Acting Manager.

Napanee Branch.

SELF AND SERVICE

Each Man Must Carry His Cross on His Heart and Brain.

If any man will come after me let him deny himself and take up his cross daily and follow me.—Matt., xvi., 24.

There is such a thing as supremely selfish self-denial. A man retires into the monk's piteous seclusion; he isolates himself from interest in the world battles; he shuts himself from sympathy with the struggles of business, civil, and even social life. To him these things are carnal. He is engrossed with the complication of interpretations of languages long dead, or with visions of an unknown heaven, and this, he thinks, is living the life of self-denial.

The denial of self is not the death of self; it is the leading of the best self into larger life. It is not the dwarfing of the life; it is its development into usefulness. It is not the emasculation of character; it is the submission and discipline of the life to new and nobler motives.

He best denies himself who best develops himself with the purpose of serving his fellows. What Jesus meant was that if any man would be one of his he must cease to make his own selfish pleasures, ambitions, and passions the end of his living; he must make the most of himself that he might have the more to give to the service of mankind; he must make the one motive and end of his life the benefit and help of every other man.

That kind of a life means a change of centre. Instead of regarding the universe as revolving about itself it sees that self as but part of the great machinery of life, planned and operating

FOR THE GOOD OF ALL.

A man begins to deny himself as soon as he begins to love another. Even a yellow dog may act to deflect the heart from its old self-centre. The love of kin and family, of friends, and associates all serve to strengthen the habit of self-denial.

The fewer people a man takes into his plan of life the more likely is he to be selfish. But some lives are but the more selfish because they take in all mankind and look on them as designed to contribute to their single enriching. That kind of a life commits suicide; ever grasping and never giving it dies of

plethora. It had never learned that strange secret of the best self-development, sacrificing service.

We need to guard ourselves against the delusion that the denial of oneself means the impoverishment of the life. There can be no true giving of the life in service unless there is a wise enriching of the self, a thorough fitting for the service. The more of a man you are, the brighter your intellect, the broader your sympathies, the better your service to the world may be. The sloth that sinks the soul in indifference to its own development is the most sinful of all forms of selfishness.

This way of denial is more, the Master tells his disciples, than an emptying of the life. If some of the cares of self are cast out the burdens of others more than take their place. It is a full life, overflowing with the interests, the fears, loves, hopes, and longings of other lives. It bears the cross, not of an ornamental, vanity serving glory, but the cross of

A WORLD'S SIN AND SORROW.

Each man must carry his cross not on his breast, but on his heart and brain. It is what he can do, what he can plan, suggest, undertake toward saving this world. The cross of discipleship will be to some statesmanship, to others science, to others the daily service of a home or the work in the shop; it is the kindly word, the cheering look, the lift by the way; it is whatever is done in unselfish desire to make life better, to bring men nearer to one another and to the Father of all.

You have only to look at the great Teacher to know what self-denial and cross bearing really mean, and you have only to follow him to fully carry out their principles. To him they meant the life of doing good, of seeking the sorrowing, befriending the forsaken, helping the helpless. They who follow Him lead the world; they who seek to minister instead of being ministered to are the world's masters. The value of every life must be measured at last not by what it has gathered to itself but by what it has given for the enriching and help of the whole life of the world.

HENRY F. COPE.

Perhaps the expression on the face of Jesus and his whole manner indicated to the demon what he was likely to say next.

9. What is thy name—Addressed to the unfortunate man to bring him to composure.

Legion—Explained in the next clause "For we are many."

10. Out of the country—In Luke's narrative we read "into the abyss."

13. Gave them leave—We note that Jesus did not command the demons to enter the swine. Matthew is more explicit in quoting the word of Jesus, which he records as having been simply "Depart." We note also that there is here no anticipation of the impending catastrophe.

About two thousand—The estimate of the frightened swineherds.

14. In the city—In Gersa about a mile to the northeast.

In the country—To the farmers in the vicinity.

15. Come—Tenses in Greek express rather the manner than the time of action, while in English the time of action receives the greater emphasis in the verb form; hence the difficulty in translating these tense forms consistently throughout.

In his right mind—In possession once more of his mental powers, which so

HUDSON BAY COMPANY

ITS STORES ARE FOUND IN THE HEART OF THE WILDS.

And Its Territory Is More Than Half as Big as the Continent of Europe.

I had a long chat the other night with a man who handles the biggest combination of capital in British America, writes Frank G. Carpenter from Winnipeg to the Chicago Record-Herald. I refer to the Hudson Bay Company, whose sphere of operations reaches from the icy shores of Labrador to the Klondike and from the United States to the Arctic Ocean. Its territory is two-thirds as large as our own country and more than half as big as the continent of Europe. This company has been doing business there for more than two centuries. It has largely controlled the country, not only in a mercantile way, but politically, and its agents have had power of life and death.

To-day it has stations scattered all over British North America, and its traders are moving on its every stream, lake and river gathering furs for shipment to Europe. It is doing one of the biggest mercantile businesses of the continent. Its department stores are scattered throughout Canada, and are found in the heart of the wilds. This company has its own factories in England and the Dominion. It makes a large part of the goods it sells. It owns flouring mills and steamboats, and almost all the Canadian Indians are tributary to it. No one knows how much the institution has paid out in dividends. It has been making fortunes for its stockholders right along since it was incorporated by Charles II. in 1670, and its stock now is away above par.

The American manager of the institution is C. C. Chipman. He is a Nova Scotian who has held diplomatic positions in Ottawa and London, and who for the past fifteen years has been commissioner of the Hudson Bay Company. I met him first in his office back of the great Hudson Bay stores in Winnipeg, and afterward spent an evening with him at his house here. Mr. Chipman is quiet and unassuming. Like all Hudson Bay men he is rather reticent in speaking about the company, and it was only repeated questions that brought out the information that follows. He is a man of great organizing ability and is notably successful in the handling of men.

IN BUSINESS 230 YEARS.

"The Hudson Bay Company has had an active business existence of more than 230 years," he said. "Its history is well known. It started in the time of Charles II. and has practically managed the greater part of British North America from then until the taking over of the government of the northern wilds of the Canadian Dominion. It would take a book to tell its history, and, indeed, several books have been published concerning it."

"What is the capital of the company, Mr. Chipman, and who are its stockholders?"

"The capital stock is £1,000,000, or \$5,000,000. The corporation is an English one, and the most of the shares are held in England, and especially in London. The stock is not a speculative one and the company does not encourage dealing in it. We would rather not have it rise and fall. Indeed, the shares are not listed anywhere except on the London Stock Exchange. Most of the holders do not care to sell, and much of the stock has not changed hands for generations. It is what might be called a strong-box security—something that is sure to pay its dividends year after year."

"What is the present field of the Hudson Bay Company? I suppose it has been greatly restricted within recent years."

"I think not," replied the commissioner. "The Indians look upon the company as a business partner. Good feeling has always obtained and this is the case to-day. Indeed, our relations with the Indians have been rather patriarchal. They regard the company as their father and their adviser. We have never had an Indian war, and the greater part of the skins bought by the company throughout the generations has been caught by the Indians and sold to it."

"But do the Indians know the value of their furs?"

"Most assuredly. They are shrewd traders and are determined to get all that each skin is worth. We pay more or less for skins according to the place sold, the amount being regulated somewhat by the cost of transportation. Goods, for instance, cost more in Winnipeg than in Montreal, and they must necessarily cost a great deal more at our far-away posts where the difficulty of getting them there is so great."

"Where do you hire your traders, Mr. Chipman?"

"The most of them are of Scotch origin. We bring them over as boys of 17, and, as a rule, they expect to spend their lives with the company. They learn the Indian language and are gradually advanced from post to post. We have civil service rules, and men are seldom discharged except for cause. Some are paid good salaries, and in due time the employees are retired with pensions."

"What are the chief furs now shipped from this continent?"

"The staples are the beaver, otter, mink, fox and muskrat. There are, of course, many other kinds, but these are the chief."

"Where do the world's furs come from?"

"They are mostly from the north temperate zone," replied the Hudson Bay commissioner. "The best are from cold countries. Siberia and northern Russia supply some, but by far the greater part of the furs used by man are from North America and they are handled by us."

"The Hudson Bay Company is the largest fur company in the world?"

"I think so. It markets more skins than any other."

LONDON GREATEST FUR MARKET.

"Where do the furs go after they leave this continent?"

"To London. That is the chief fur market of the world. Skins in the raw state are sent there from Russia, Siberia and North America. Every fur company sorts and grades its own skins before selling them. It matches the furs and keeps the different kinds as far as possible together. They are put up in bunches or strings and are catalogued before sold. At certain times of the year there are auction sales of furs in London. The fur buyers from everywhere come there, and all the furs are put up and sold to those who bid the highest."

"Who prepares the furs for use?"

"That is done by the dealer who buys them. The wholesalers do not tan or cure. They merely sell the raw skins."

"What is the most valuable fur on the market?"

"The silver fox," replied the commissioner. "I have seen skins of that animal about three or four feet long and not more than eighteen inches wide which were worth \$1,500 each. The silver fox is a freak in nature and it is only now and then that one is born. They are greatly prized by the Russians."

"Where do the sables come from?"

"Mostly from Russia. We have very few on this continent."

"Are there many other companies engaged in the fur business besides yours?"

"Yes, there are traders here and there who are buying furs, but there is no organized competition to speak of. The field is open to all, but the Hudson Bay Company has been so long on the ground and its operations are on such a large scale that it is not easy to compete with it. Indeed, it would take a long time and a great deal of money to build up a rival institution that

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,

MAY 13.

LESSON WORD STUDIES.

Note.—The text of the Revised Version is used as a basis for these Word Studies.

Stilling the Tempest. The group of parables spoken by Jesus on that memorable day at the seaside near Capernaum is reported in part only by each of the synoptic evangelists. Matthew reports seven of the group, omitting the parable of the growth of the seed recorded only in Mark. Mark records, in addition to the one just mentioned, the parable of the sower and the parable of the mustard seed, both of which, in addition to the parable of the leaven, are recorded also in Luke. Mark, in verse 33 of the fourth chapter, at the conclusion of his record of this day's teaching by the seaside, adds "And with many such parables spoke he the word unto them." We are left in doubt, however, as to whether Mark refers in these words simply to those parables recorded

conclusion of his record of this day's teaching by the seaside, adds "And with many such parables spoke he the word unto them." We are left in doubt, however, as to whether Mark refers in these words simply to those parables recorded in Matthew but not recorded by himself, or whether we are to assume that Jesus at that time spoke still other parables not recorded by any evangelist. When at last the busy day was ended Jesus suggested to his disciples that they cross over to the other side of the lake. This they did without even waiting to the city or to pause for rest and refreshment. In their passage over they encounter a great storm, so great that the sinking of their little craft seemed imminent. But, worn out by his day's labor, Jesus slept calmly in the midst of the storm, until finally the anxious disciples awakened him and pleaded with him to rescue them from the peril in which they stood. A single word of calm command to wind and sea and all was still. Mark records the gentle rebuke of Jesus to his disciples for their fearfulness and closes his account of the wonderful event with the words "And they feared exceedingly, and said one to another, Who then is this, that even the wind and the sea obey him?" At this point in Mark's narrative our present lesson begins.

Verse 1. To the other side—To the eastern shore of the lake about opposite Capernaum.

Gerasenes—Ancient manuscripts differ in the spelling of the proper name here used, though the preferred reading in this narrative of Mark, and also in that of Luke, seems to be the one adopted by the Revised Version. Most of the ancient manuscripts of Matthew's gospel, however, read Gadarenes, as do also some manuscripts of Mark and Luke. (Comp. Authorized Version and Revised Version of Matt. 8, 28; Mark 5, 1; and Luke 8, 26).

Gersa, or Kersa, from which comes the proper noun Gerasenes, was a city on the east side and almost half way down from the northern extremity of the sea of Galilee, a little more than a mile from the shore. The shore at this point is very narrow, a steep slope leading almost abruptly from the high tableland to the water's edge. A small heap of ruins at the foot of the slope bears the same name as the ruins of the city on the tableland above. Gadara, on the other hand, was a city six miles southeast of the sea of Galilee, and south of the Yarmuk, or Hieromax gorge, in ancient times a city of great importance and one of the principal cities of the Decapolis (Comp. Ver. 20). Since Gadara was doubtless much better known than Gersa it is quite possible that the name Gadarenes was later substituted for the very similar though less familiar name Gerasenes, the change first being made by some copyist outside of Palestine who knew of Gadara but not of Gersa. When we remember how often the manuscripts of our gospels were copied and recopied during the many centuries preceding the invention of printing the wonder is that more copyists' errors of this kind than actually do occur are not found in the gospels.

2. Straightway—A common word in Mark's rapid sketch of events.

Tombs—Caves in the limestone cliffs, abounding especially in the vicinity of Gersa.

A man—Matthew mentions two but Luke also only one. Probably there were two, of whom one was the fiercer and acted as spokesman.

With an unclean spirit—For a note on demoniac possession, compare Word Studies for February 18.

6. Worshipped him—Simply paid him reverence. The Greek word is not limited in its application to reverence paid to the Divine Being.

7. What have I to do with thee?—It is the demon that is speaking. Note the strong contrast brought out by the use of the pronouns I and thee.

Thou Son of the Most High God—The demon is represented as recognizing the divinity of Christ.

8. For he said—The word was not yet spoken, and a better rendering possibly would be "He was about to say."

action receives the greater emphasis in the verb form; hence the difficulty in translating these tense forms consistently throughout.

In his right mind—In possession once more of his mental powers, which so long had been under the control of demons.

They were afraid—As afraid apparently of the same man as previously of the madman, or probably afraid rather of the power that had overcome the tormenting demons.

16. They that saw it—Eye witnesses of the miracle.

How it befell him . . . and concerning the swine—They simply related both incidents as they occurred, leaving the hearers to infer the reason of the catastrophe. The exit and ingress of the demons was of course invisible.

18. Besought him that he might be with him—Possibly both fear and devotion entered into the motive which prompted him to make the request.

20. In Decapolis—A group of ten cities east and south of the sea of Galilee.

ROUTING THE TIGER.

An English Surveyor's Map Saved His Life.

How an English surveyor routed a Malay tiger, with no other weapon than a rolled-up map, is told by the Straits Times of Singapore: "While a well-known local surveyor, who had been kept out late at work on Saturday night, was driving in a riksha along Tampenis road, about 7.30 p.m., his riksha coolie suddenly dropped the shafts and ran for his life into the edge of the jungle. On peering into the darkness—the vehicle was not carrying a light—the gentleman saw a large creature standing in the middle of the road. He got out of the riksha and went towards the beast, thinking it some burge dog that had frightened the coolie. When within six or seven yards he perceived that the brute was a large tiger.

"He had no weapon except a large district survey map rolled up. He saw the futility of attempting to disable the tiger with the rolled-up map, but the thought struck him that he might manage to frighten it by means of his roll. Suddenly he unrolled it with a quick flip, spreading it to its full area of four or five square. With a single bound the tiger cleared off into the jungle.

"The next thing was to find the coolie, who eventually was discovered in a state of collapse in the ditch. He was unable to pull his fare back and it was not until three or four miles had been traversed with both men on foot that he recovered sufficiently to pull the surveyor home."

SATISFIED HIM.

Strangers frequently find difficulty in proving their identity to the officials at post offices. Applicants for letters often go empty away for want of some means of proving that they are what they pretend to be.

The difficulty was, however, surmounted one day recently by a gentleman in the circus business who called at a certain post office for letters addressed "Mr. Space, Acrobat."

The clerk was not satisfied with the applicant's proofs of identity, and refused to hand over the letters, saying: "How do I know that you are the man?"

After a moment's reflection, the applicant said:

"All right, I will give you proofs," and slipping off his coat, he proceeded to make the dull little post office lively with somersaults, contortions, and circus "business" generally.

The clerk, frightened out of his life, and fearing the wreckage of the premises, handed over the letters, and said he was satisfied.

THE WESTERN WAY.

"I was in a Western town once, where the mayor was discovered to be appropriating the public money."

"Did they suspend him from office?"

"No; from a tree."

sure to pay its dividends year after year."

"What is the present field of the Hudson Bay Company? I suppose it has been greatly restricted within recent years?"

"No, that is not so," replied the Hudson Bay commissioner; "our field is practically the same as it has always been. We have about 250 trading posts scattered here and there throughout British North America. They extend from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from the United States boundary to the mouth of the Mackenzie River."

"But how can the company control such a vast territory, Mr. Chipman?" I asked.

"We have the country as carefully organized as any wholesale dealer organizes the territory of his trade. The wilds of British America are divided up into districts and subdistricts. Each district has its chief trader, with subordinate traders under him. The under traders report to their chiefs and the chiefs report to me and I report to the directors at London. Everything is controlled from London and the directors there know just as well as I do what is going on all over the country. We give detailed reports of the conditions at every post. Our system is thorough, and at the same time so simple that we can tell just what the trade is, what goods are needed and what skins we may expect. We can estimate the demands and supplies from year to year."

POSTS WIDELY SCATTERED.

"Nevertheless, the posts must be widely scattered?"

"They are," replied the commissioner. "Some are hundreds of miles apart and some are thousands of miles from our headquarters here at Winnipeg. We have inspectors who visit the posts every year or so, and we know exactly what is going on in them."

"But has not your business changed greatly within recent years?"

"In some respects, yes," replied the commissioner. "Although the most of it is managed just as it was generations ago. The Hudson Bay Company has always been known as 'ancient and honorable.' It now adds the word 'progressive' to its titles. Its great changes came within the settlement of the Northwest. When the railroads were first built across British North America the laborers found that the only places they could get tobacco, clothing and other supplies were at our posts. This started their trade with us and this increased as the settlers came in. We found it necessary to establish stores at various places to supply the new demand, and the result is we have a series of mercantile establishments scattered over the Canadian Dominion. Most of these stores deal in all sorts of goods. They are somewhat like the department stores of your large cities, the goods sold having been adapted to the needs of each community. We are at the same time interested in building up the country about and the towns in which our stores are located. Indeed, I think the Hudson Bay Company is one of the most progressive elements in the new Canada."

"How about your trade? You have for years been supplying the greater part of the furs of the world."

"Our chief business is still in furs," said Commissioner Chipman. "That is carried on at various posts throughout these north lands, and it is as important to-day as it has ever been. When the Hudson Bay Company first entered America it was to buy furs, and it then established its trading relations with the Indians. The savages knew nothing of money, and for a long time all trading was in barter. The beaver was the usual standard of value, and everything was reckoned as worth so many or so few beaver skins. Upon our flag you will see the words 'Pro pelle cutem.' This means skin for skin, and it means that we are always willing to give a fair value for what we buy. In the words of President Roosevelt it might be called the motto of the 'square deal.' The trading is still by barter."

TRADING WITH THE INDIANS.

"Then the company has taken advantage of the Indians?"

field is open to all, but the Hudson Bay Company has been so long on the ground and its operations are on such a large scale that it is not easy to compete with it. Indeed, it would take a long time and a great deal of money to build up a rival institution that could cover the field as we do."

"It must be difficult to get the furs from the wilds to the ports?"

"It is," said Mr. Chipman. "We have every kind of transportation for that purpose. Some of our furs are carried on the backs of men from post to post, others are dragged across country on snow sledges hauled by dogs, some are paddled in canoes by Indians down stream to the traders, and they are also carried in sailboats and steamboats. The Hudson Bay Company has increased its trading facilities by using modern inventions. We have steamers on all the large rivers and we send ships once a year up the Mackenzie to the Arctic Ocean, taking a cargo of goods from post to post and bringing back furs. We have boats upon Hudson's Bay, and our vessels come from England to those posts once a year to bring in supplies and take out the furs. We have now two ships of 800 or 900 tons each for that purpose. We also have telephones and telegraphs in places away up in the far North."

FLOUR MILLS IN THE WILDS.

"How about your flour mills?"

"We have them at several points where no one thought until recently that wheat could be grown. We have a mill several hundred miles north of Edmonton and six or seven hundred miles north of the United States boundary which is grinding flour for our own trade. The wheat is raised near the mills, and we can, of course, make flour much cheaper than we can import it. This enables us to give better terms to the Indians and it also keeps out competition."

"What has the Hudson Bay Company done for Canada?"

"A great deal. Lord Strathcona says that it saved the eastern part of the Canadian Dominion to England, and that had it not been for our company the United States would probably have had possession of this great northwest. You see, our posts were established there long before your people had any hope of a valuable territory in that direction, so that after you had made your Louisiana purchase and had come northward you found us on the ground. Indeed, the whole of western Canada was long controlled and governed by the Hudson Bay Company."

"The company has now given up its political rights, has it not?"

"Yes. The Canadian Government bought out our control of the northern part of British America about a generation ago. We are now a civil institution and not a political one."

"What did you receive from that trade?"

"The price paid was £300,000, or \$1,500,000 cash, and one-twentieth of all the arable lands in what is now called the great farming region of the Canadian Northwest. The land grant comprises about 150,000 acres. We have, in short, about one-twentieth of the wheat belt, or two sections in every township scattered here and there through it. We did not take the lands in a block, but they are selected in every part of the new Canada."

"Will your company sell the lands as a whole?"

"No; we want to see the country settled. Our idea is to sell in small tracts and make our money out of the increase in the value of the land remaining."

"Are you selling your lands now?"

"Yes, but we are not pushing them. The company does not want to speculate, and we are trying to handle this matter so as to get all that is possible out of it. We sell at the top prices and shall continue to advance our prices as the market advances."

"This," said the school friend who had not seen her for a year—"this is the girl who vowed to me that she never would belong to any man." "I don't," said she who had been married some few months. "He belongs to me."

HEALTH

PNEUMONIA.

Though modern medical science has decided that pneumonia is an infectious disease that fact need not terrify if one take a little trouble to learn something about the disease. It is produced by a special microbe the existence of which is so common in the mouth of even healthy individuals that it is considered almost as a normal inhabitant of the upper part of the digestive tract. One reason why the saliva of a human being is likely to prove fatal to animals if injected subcutaneously is because the special property of the germ is to produce pus whenever it gains entrance directly under the tissues. It does not produce a purulent inflammation in pneumonia, because it lies on the mucous membrane of the lungs, but does not gain an entrance into the tissues. Sometimes it finds its way into the blood but does not produce serious results unless the patient is much run down.

From these facts it can be seen that the problem of the method by which pneumonia is contracted is exceedingly difficult. The presence of the germ is not sufficient alone to produce the disease, but there must be a certain predisposition on the part of the patient, followed by the deposition of this germ on a mucous membrane.

Though the method of the distribution of the disease is not known definitely it is acquired by mingling with crowds at a time when one is extremely tired, or when, for some reason or other, the interval since taking food has been longer than usual.

Dr. Anders, who is an authority on climatology, says in an article on lobar pneumonia:—"The coincidence of existing low temperatures, high barometric pressure, the direction and velocity of the wind and maximum mortality from pneumonia is so uniformly constant as to suggest a close and direct relation between their combined influence and the progress of mortality from pneumonia. But," he adds, "the major influence exerted by the seasons, however, is probably not direct, that is, by a lowering of the bodily temperature resistance due to the low temperature, high barometric pressure, direction and velocity of the wind, etc., but indirect, namely, by bringing about that effective element in the causation, concentration and increased virulence of the specific poison in consequence of closed doors and windows and lack of free ventilation."

From these facts we see that we may procure immunity from pneumonia by healthy living, and that sanitary conditions are needed rather than protective serums. The Japanese give us a lesson in this, for they are essentially a people who live in fresh air and sunshine. Personal cleanliness is another factor in the prevention of tuberculosis and pneumonia, which are house diseases.

GENTIAN AS A CURE FOR MALARIA.

The root of gentian, often used as a tonic, is considered in many malarial countries a remedy against intermittent fever. Especially is this the case in Corsica in that section of the island near the town of Aleria, which is infested with malaria. The inhabitants recently protested violently against the introduction of quinine on the part of the medical authorities, declaring that they would not abandon the remedy which had been used among the islanders for centuries, namely, the gentian root either powdered or simply masticated. Tancret declared that he has extracted from this root a hitherto unknown substance, which belongs to the chemical classification of glucoses. This he calls genziomarina, and experiments in the laboratory prove that it possesses the same deleterious action upon the malaria bacillus as does quinine. Here, then, we have another example of how popular instinct often anticipates with accurate

WHERE THE RACES MEET

SAN FRANCISCO A GATEWAY TO AN ORIGINAL SCHEME AND HOW IT IS WORKED.

Word Picture of the Fascinating and Picturesque Old Town on the Pacific Coast.

A great charm lurked about San Francisco that was.

One usually entered the city by way of San Francisco Bay. Across its yellow flood, covered with the fleets from the strange seas of the Pacific, San Francisco presented itself in a hill panorama. Probably no other city in the world could be so viewed and inspected at first sight. It rose above the passenger, as he reached dockage, in a succession of hill terraces.

At one side was Telegraph Hill, the end of the peninsula, a height so abrupt that it had a 200-foot sheer cliff on its seaward frontage. Further along lay Nob Hill, crowned with the Mark Hopkins mansion, which had the effect of a citadel, and in later years by the great, white Fairmount. Further along was Russian Hill, the highest point. Below was the business district, whose low site caused all the trouble.

DIDN'T LOOK MUCH.

Except for the modern buildings, the fruit of the last ten years, the town presented at first sight a disreputable appearance. Most of the buildings were low and of wood. In the middle period of the seventies, when a great part of San Francisco was building, there was some atrocious architecture perpetrated. In that time, too, every one put bow windows on his house, to catch all of the morning sunlight that was coming through the fog, and these little houses, with bow windows and fancy work all down their fronts, were characteristic of the middle-class residence districts.

Then the Italians, who tumbled over Telegraph Hill, had built as they listed, and with little regard for streets, and their houses hung crazily on a side hill which was little less than a precipice. For the most part, the Chinese, although they occupied an abandoned business district, had remade the houses Chinese fashion, and the Mexicans and Spaniards had added to their houses those little balconies without which life is not life to a Spaniard.

STRAIGHT UP A HILL.

Yet the most characteristic thing after all was the coloring. For the sea fog had a trick of painting every exposed object a sea gray which had a tinge of dull green in it. This, under the leaden sky of a San Francisco morning, had a depressing effect on first sight and afterwards became a delight to the eye. For the color was soft, gentle, and infinitely attractive in mass.

The hills are steep beyond conception. Where Vallejo street ran up Russian Hill it progressed for four blocks by regular steps, like a flight of stairs. It is unnecessary to say that no teams ever came up this street or any other like it, and grass grew long among the paving stones until the Italians who live thereabouts took advantage of this to pasture a cow or two. At the end of the four blocks, the pavers had given it up, and the last stage to the summit was a winding path. On the very top, a colony of artists lived in little villas of houses whose windows got the whole panorama of the bay. Luckily for these people a cable car climbed the hill on the other side, so that it was not much of a climb to home.

COLLECTION OF PICTURES.

With these hills, with the strangeness of the architecture and the green-grey tinge over everything, the city fell away into vistas and pictures, a setting for the romance which hung over everything, which has always hung over life in San Francisco since the padres came and gathered the Indians about Mission

HOW TO LIVE ON NOTHING

AN ORIGINAL SCHEME AND HOW IT IS WORKED.

Improvement on Present Attempt by Four Men to Live on Eight Cents a Day.

As a test case, four men are at present endeavoring to live satisfactorily on four pence a day in London, England. They are succeeding tolerably well, too; but a genius has loomed up, and gives to his fellowmen who find the expense of living too much for their pocketbooks, a novel plan, whereby they may live on nothing.

He says:—"Moreover, in our scheme of dietary, dates do not appear, desiccated cocoanut is unknown, and bread crusts are irrevocably tabooed.

"In short, our scheme, if properly carried out, combines the maximum of luxurious feeding with the minimum of financial expenditure. The great charm about our system is its childish simplicity."

The following extracts from the diary of a representative who tried the first week's experiment show the working of the scheme:—

WORKED JONES.

Monday.—Called on Jones at breakfast time and said there was a fire at my flat. Jones said, "Had breakfast?" I said, "No." Result: Breakfast with Jones 0
Went into the city, called on Brown at his office, said that I had some inside information as to "a good thing" in South Africans. Suggested talking it over after lunch. Brown said, "Right!" Lunched with Brown 0
Looked up Robinson at his dinner hour (previously ascertained). Said, "How about a box at the Gaiety?" Robinson said, "Splendid. Why not stay to dinner?" Did so. Explained afterwards that box was for another night. Result 0

REALLY VERY SIMPLE.

Tuesday.—Dropped in at Walker's club having previously watched Walker enter. Said that I was interested in a new motor company. Would Walker like to be on the Board? Unlimited dividends, no liability. Walker said, "Would think it over." "Why not think it over at lunch?" "Good idea." Lunched with Walker. Left him thinking it over 0
Met Parker as he was leaving the city. Told him that I had some special information "direct from the stables." Would he keep it to himself? He would. Suggested that as we were together we had better have dinner. Dined with Parker 0

YOUNG FOLKS

A TALE OF A TEA TABLE.

Betsy Bobbity baked a bun—
A beautiful, big, bewitching one,
So light that it fairly shone with pride,
With currants a-plenty safe inside.

Patsy Popitty peeled a peach,
A pear and a plum, and put them each
In a tiny pie with a frosted top,
As fine as those in the baker's shop.

Three little maids to the pantry flew
To look for the dishes pink and blue,
And a terrible tragedy happened next,
And my! but the three little maids were vexed!

Young Puppety Pup came racing by,
And the little red table caught his eye;

Fashion Hints.

SUMMER FASHIONS.

It would seem as though the season's styles must be quite conclusively settled before May-day, and so they are, in a general way. All white gowns are shown, ranging from the mull princess lingerie gown with hand-embroidered panels and pastel-colored ribbon girdle sashes for debutantes, to the more elaborate white gown of lace for the matron, built over a chiffon or thin satin foundation, and accompanied by the little lace coat.

A new model for such a lace gown shows a princess design with the heavy French chochoet lace flounce separated and applied by hand to a round thread lace-net foundation. The coat accompanying is designed along the lines of a man's cutaway, but is really an adaptation of the later Directoire mode. It is made to shape in one cleverly curved piece, with medallions of sheer hand-embroidered linen adorning the front curves, and also placed upon the top of each short sleeve. The coat edges and sleeves, trimmed with curved motifs of Richelieu plaited Valenciennes lace, illustrate the prevailing taste for lace combinations and show the value of a simple lace like Valenciennes to bring out the fuller beauty of the heavier lace which it frames.

But lace gowns do not occupy all of fashion's favor, prominent as they are this season. Chiffon cloth, a more simple and yet most effective material, is very much in demand. It is now being shown in printed patterns, only a gown length of each, with wide, self-colored flower bands; these are already copied in mousselines, organdies and mulls. Built over linings of contrasting color, they produce a gown of strikingly harmonious and artistic beauty.

Nets in any of the plain pastel shades remain favorites and are still very good style. This is not to be wondered at, for there are few materials as sheer and fluffy that retain their freshness as long and as well.

An old friend in a new and vastly improved guise is a kind of maline that has taken to itself the virtue of being moisture-proof; that is, it stands service without crushing and matting with the first change of the barometer. Since there is no material so airy as maline, it is natural that this new, practical form of it should lead to its very general use in party frocks for debutantes and bridesmaid and flower girl costumes. It is most successfully combined with heavier nets, being applied in the form of full ruffles, banding skirt and bodice at intervals and a wide ruche-edged sash attached to a folded girdle. Double ruffles shirred through the centre formed an effective trimming to a bridesmaid frock of organdie printed in huge tea roses, the new material being of the deepest rose shade.

Veilings showing revivals of the old, round, thread-woven meshes, somewhat resembling grenadines, are quite new and wonderfully pretty. They will take any amount of fluffy trimming, as a new Franciscan model of coral veiling evidences. It is made over black and white striped lousine, with the veiling appliqued with panels of Richelieu plaited point d'esprit, finished with deep coral-colored velvet ribbon. The bodice, bouffant with more of the point d'esprit plaitings, is prettily strapped with velvet ribbons to suggest the suspender motif already becoming a favorite finish for high girdled gowns.

For semi-dress the latest Parisian idea shows a white Irish lace blouse, the lower edge of which is applied flatly upon the outside of the high, folded silk girdle which accompanies the silk, sun-

prove that it possesses the same deleterious action upon the malaria bacillus as does quinine. Here, then, we have another example of how popular instinct often anticipates with certain sureness the discoveries of science.

AIR AND SKIN.

If people would only realize that air is the chief food of the skin, they would understand how very important a constant supply of it is to health, and, therefore, to the looks. Small wonder that when we go a railway journey we are semi-asphyxiated owing to the manner in which our fellow-travellers insist on shutting both windows. If people would only accustom their lungs to receive constant instillments of fresh air, there would not be a half nor a tenth part of the susceptibility to chill and catarrh that now exists.

APPENDICITIS.

Now-a-days there is a tendency to operate on every case of appendicitis. All we can say is that is as great a mistake to rush hastily for a surgeon in such cases as it is to put off sending for the physician when the patient is ill. Hundreds of cases recover with operation, and some few only get better after an operation has been performed. In the simpler cases medical treatment alone is required, but this must be carried out with extreme care and watchfulness.

A GHOST'S JOKE.

Weird Occurrence Is Reported From Natal, South Africa.

A weird occurrence which happened recently at Pietermaritzburg, Natal, is related by F. W. FitzSimmons, of the Natal Government Museum.

"One evening a few months ago," he says, "the door of one of the rooms in my house was closed and locked in a most mysterious manner. This door had never before been locked, as there never was any occasion to do so, and the key was always in the outside of the door lock."

"On examining it I found the key had been removed and inserted into the other side of the lock, the door was locked and the key still remained in the lock. Suspecting a practical joke, I went round to the window, but found it shut and barred."

"I called witnesses to examine and see for themselves, but they could offer no explanation other than that if it was done by human agency the person who did it must of necessity be inside the room."

"We agreed to break the window, which I did, and inserting my arm, unfastened the catch and entered, fully expecting to find someone inside, but no one was there, and no one could possibly have slipped out unawares, for there were guards at the window."

"The following evening at a seance held in the same house, we were informed that a spirit was present, who desired to write a message. I signified my willingness, and the medium's hand automatically wrote with lightning rapidity the following."

"I see you are sorely puzzled to account for what occurred last evening. I hope you will forgive me, for it was I who did it."

"Don't you remember how I used to declare before I passed over that I would return, and if at all possible, I would give you some convincing test? You know how keen I was on psychical phenomena and tests when I was with you, etc. (Signed) Frederick Brown."

"Mr. Brown," adds Mr. FitzSimmons, "was an intimate friend of mine, who for a couple of years had been one of my colleagues in the practical investigation of the proofs of spirit return and spirit identity. He died about six months before the above occurrence."

HER TROUBLES.

"How often do your housemaids dust?" "Do you mean how often do they fan the furniture?" asked slangy Mrs. Nuwedd, "or how often do they skip out?"

ways into vistas and pictures, a setting for the romance which hung over everything, which has always hung over life in San Francisco since the padres came and gathered the Indians about Mission Dolores.

And it was a city of romance and a gateway to adventure. It opened out on the mysterious Pacific, the untamed ocean, and most of China, Japan, the South Sea Islands, Lower California, the west coast of Central America and Australia that came to this country passed in through the Golden Gate. There was a sprinkling, too, of Alaska and Siberia. From his windows on Russian Hill one saw always something strange and suggestive creeping through the mists of the bay. It would be a South Sea Island brig, bringing in copra, to take out cottons and idols, a Chinese junk with fanlike sails, back from an expedition after sharks' livers; an old whaler, which seemed to drip oil, back from a year of cruising in the Arctic. Even the tramp windjammers were deep-chested craft capable of rounding the Horn or of circumnavigating the globe, and they came in streaked and picturesque from their long voyaging.

VAST SMELTING POT.

In the orange colored dawn which always comes through the mists of that bay, the fishing fleet would crawl in under triangular lateen sails, for the fishermen of San Francisco Bay are all Neapolitans who have brought their costumes and their customs and sail with lateen rigs shaped like the ear of a horse when the wind fills them and stained orange brown.

Along the waterfront the people of these craft met. "The smelting pot of the races," Stevenson called it; and this was always the city of his soul. There are black Gilbert Islanders, almost indistinguishable from negroes; lighter Kanakas from Hawaii or Samoa; Lascars in turbans; thick-set Russian sailors; wild Chinese with unbraided hair; Italian fishermen in tam o'shanter, loud shirts and blue sashes; Greeks, Alaska Indians, little bay Spanish-Americans, together with men of all the European races. These came in and out from among the queer craft to lose themselves in the disreputable, tumbledown, but always mysterious shanties and small saloons. In the back rooms of these saloons South Sea Island traders and captains, fresh from the lands of romance, whaling masters, people who were trying to get up treasure expeditions, filibusters, Alaskan miners, used to meet and trade adventures.

HOW CEMENT PROTECTS IRON.

The protective power of Portland cement over iron and steel embedded in it is generally regarded by engineers as fully established, and the last doubt, a writer in Engineering thinks, should be removed by the results of experiments recently announced at Providence, Rhode Island. Clean, bright sheet iron is embedded in a hollow concrete cylinder with walls three inches thick. The cylinder was then filled with water. At first a little water percolated through, but at the end of two months the concrete became perfectly water-tight. At the end of two years the embedded iron was broken out and found to be as clean, bright, and free from rust as when it was put into the concrete. Similar results were obtained with iron and steel plates embedded in concrete an inch and a half thick and alternately wetted and dried for a period of two years.

CARE OF YOUR UMBRELLA.

Umbrellas should always be set to dry open, with handle on floor. If allowed to dry shut up the moisture stands so long at the top it rots the silk and rusts the wires. Do not keep an umbrella in its case or rolled when in the house, as the silk, thus tightly creased, soon cuts into holes. In rolling up an umbrella for its case grasp the ends of the frame rods tightly with one hand near the handle, and roll from the opposite end with the other hand; unless the frame is thus held in place, it is twisted and loosened in the rolling process.

any; but the three true maids were vexed!

Young Puppety Pup came racing by, And the little red table caught his eye; Then never a bit he cared—not he— That he hadn't been asked to the dainty tea.

But he ate up Betsy Bobbity's bun, With all the currants—every one; The three little pies at a single bite, And everything else that was in sight!

Dora Doppity cried, "Dear me! What a capital time to give a tea!" And she put the little red table out, With three little chairs set round about.

And Betsy Bobbity's Baby Blue, And Patsy Poppity's Precious Prue, And Dora Doppity's Daisy Dee, Were asked to come to a charming tea.

But never a word the three guests said, As they gazed with a smile right straight ahead;

And never they showed the least surprise,

Although, right under their very eyes, The rude and ravenous Puppety P. Ate all that they were to have had for tea!

Which shows us plainly that Baby Blue, And Daisy Dee, and the Precious Prue, Were well brought up, and clearly knew That the proper, ladylike thing to do Was never to make remarks at tea, Whatever they chanced to hear or see!

FRANK'S BEAN VINES.

"When my beans get ripe next fall, I'll give them all to you, auntie," said Frank, as he raked the rich soil of his little garden. "You like baked beans, every one will be for you."

"Thank you, dear," said auntie, "but wouldn't it be better to plant something else? I can give you some flower seeds, if you like."

"No, I'd rather have beans, if you please. You always give me such nice presents, and I want to do something for you."

Frank planted his seeds, but before the plants were out of the ground his mamma had to go home and she took him along. He felt very sorry to leave his nice garden, but Auntie Maud promised to look after it until he could come back to pick the beans.

It was September before Frank could come to see his garden, and he rushed to the back yard almost before he kissed grandma and the rest of the family. What a sight met his eyes! The vines had climbed all over the poles he had helped set for the beans, and wandered off in the grass, and crawled to the roof of the summer kitchen—well, the long sprawling things were everywhere, and not a bean on any of them.

"Why, Frank, what is the matter?" asked auntie, finding a forlorn little heap under the big leaves in the back yard. "We thought you'd be so pleased."

"There ain't any—I guess I didn't plant beans," sobbed the little boy. "What are these big, nasty things?"

"Nasty? Do you think the beautiful gourds are nasty, dear? Why, I would rather have them than beans, wouldn't you? Just see how beautiful and striped they are."

"But I wanted to have the beans to eat," said Frank through his sobs. "I'm so sorry."

"Why, I would rather have the pretty gourds," said auntie. "I'll show you how to make ever so many pretty things with them."

And when Frank saw the dippers and stocking darning and tiny pails and button boxes auntie helped him make out of the gourds he was glad he had made a mistake in the spring and planted them instead of beans.

That was a long time ago, but Frank's mamma still keeps her rings in a little gourd hung from a pink ribbon that Frank made for her.

He (tenderly): "May I see you pretty soon?" She (reproachfully): "Don't you think I am pretty now?"

For semi-dress the latest Parisian idea shows a white Irish lace blouse, the lower edge of which is applied flatly upon the outside of the high-folled silk girdle which accompanies the silk, sun-ray plaited skirt. The lace is not brought to a straight edge, but tacked in graceful points in such fashion as to dispose effectually of the straight top line of the girdle so displeasing to many.

In all cloth suits the lighter color effects are tuned to harmonize with the advent of warmer days. They are shown in light tan, gray and cream-colored henriettes, serges, English molairs and other lightweight cloths. So soft are these fabrics that some sort of facing is necessary in the skirts, and thin haircloth is used to good advantage, as it holds its shape perfectly with the least possible weight. A slight stiffening of this same haircloth is used to good advantage upon the edge of the loose little straight-front coats and again for the proper maintenance of the velvet-faced collars and cuffs.

Another new feature which these light cloth suits repeat is the dainty coat lining of all-over embroidered lawn or batiste, seen earlier in the season upon a few of the dark silk street suits sent from France. Apart from the attractiveness of the idea lies a practical side, for these linings are merely lightly tacked to the coat with ribbon-run beadings and can be removed at will for cleansing purposes.

There's many another suggestion contained in the present broad trend of style that could be evolved from scraps of past fashions. A good idea was worked out on an after-Easter sailor hat of fine white straw. Around its crown was wound a long disused flat chain or necklace of fine violet and green beads, sewn to a foundation of cream-dotted Chantilly lace. The violet note repeated itself in a cluster of Marie Louise violets hugging three small pink roses within its bunched centre.

VIRTUE AND HAIRLESS HEADS.

The Views of Two Experts Are Partially Borne Out.

Simultaneously, from two independent sources, comes striking testimony to the virtues of the hairless head. It is stated that:

1. There are no bald criminals.
2. There are no bald lunatics.

Neither statement is laid down as absolute or infallible, but it is claimed that there are only just sufficient exceptions to prove the rule.

The authority regarding the first statement is J. T. Riley, a magistrate of the Halifax (England) bench, who said in court that he had only met with two bald "charges" in his twenty-three years' experience.

With regard to the second statement the Rev. H. M. Nield, of Bradford, England, quotes "a head official" of the Rainhill Asylum, who assured him that he would never need the hospitality of that institution, as he was quite bald.

It was difficult to find authorities in London who wholeheartedly bore out these two theses. A gentleman who frequently visits Bethlehem Hospital in an official capacity said to a representative of the London Daily Mail: "My impression of the lunatics I meet there is that they are usually a shaggy race."

An experienced police inspector bore out to a great extent Mr. Riley's statement about the lack of bald-headed criminals, but he advanced a commonplace explanation.

"Criminals," he said, "are notoriously a short-lived race. I admit I have seen very few bald-headed men in this charge-room, but by the time a criminal reaches the bald-headed period of life he has either died or has reformed. There is one notable exception, however—that was Charles Peace, the murderer and burglar."

NOT SO SURE.

He—You know—I believe you'd marry the first idiot that asked you. She—Oh, I don't know. Ask me and see.

WAR TACTICS OF ZULUS

HAVE ADOPTED THOSE EMPLOYED BY BOERS AND BRITISH.

A Correspondent Witnessed a Most Awful Inspiring Spectacle in South Africa.

Once more the rising of some of the Natal natives has turned men's thoughts to the famous Zulu tactics. In the minds of most these are associated with the name of Tyaka, the ruthless Zulu conqueror, who wedded into the stock of the Amazulu, the People of the Heavens, all the young men of the various tribes he conquered, incorporating them into regiments, and thus building up a powerful military nation.

Yet it was to Dingisiwayo, the Wanderer, that the inception was due, says South Africa. This man, the son of the chief of the Umletwa, was driven into exile in consequence of an abortive plot to seize up the reins of power. During that exile he lived in Cape Colony and saw the military methods and organization of the British. With instinctive genius he saw how the idea could be adapted to his own nation, and on his return and accession to the chieftainship he divided up his people into regiments, distinguishing them by names and by a special color of shield for each regiment, though for a time they retained the umkonoto or throwing assegai as

THEIR CHIEF WEAPON.

He heard of the great use made by the British infantry of their favorite weapon, the bayonet, and so he replaced the umkonoto by the ixwa, or broad-bladed stabbing assegai.

The peculiarity of the Zulu tactics has earned it the name of the crescent formation for attack, and it is noteworthy that, broadly speaking, it was the method employed by the Boers in their invasion of Natal and adopted by Lord Roberts in his advance through Orange River Colony, and it was the fear of its success which kept the Boers continually on the run. The best thing with which to compare it is the head of the stag headed beetle. Horns are thrown out widely on either flank, while the main body forms the head itself. From the main body a small force is detached to engage the enemy while the horns creep round the flanks.

This force in the days of Tyaka was frequently despatched with the command "Go, sons of Zulu, go and return no more," and death at the hands of their fellows was the fate of those who retired. While this force was holding the enemy the horns carried out their task, if possible, and as soon as a signal was given

THAT THE TWO HORNS HAD MET

in the rear of the enemy the head or chest was launched upon the position, and in the upshot, as a rule, the whole force of the foe tasted the assegai. For in that war no quarter was given or asked.

Perhaps no grander military spectacle was ever seen than that which marked the last use of these tactics on a grand scale. In the gray, cold dawn of July 4, 1897, the British mounted men began to cross the drifts of the White Umfolosi River, where it swept in a horseshoe bend around the camp they held for ten days. Forward they went as a screen before the infantry, which had been formed in hollow square with the big guns and Gatlings at the angles and in the centre of each force. On the whole body of picked soldiers marched burning Nodwengu kraal as it went forward to take position on the ground chosen on the previous day. At last it reached its bourn. The mounted men carried out the orders, fired at the Zulus wherever they appeared, and at last retired to the shelter of the square. Then the onlookers, of whom the writer was one, witnessed a most awe-inspiring

BRITAIN'S ROYAL YACHT

THE VICTORIA AND ALBERT COST \$60,000,000.

Mahogany and Silver and Silken Hangings for the King and Queen.

The royal yacht of England, the Victoria and Albert, cost the pretty sum of \$60,000,000. She was launched in May, 1899, with the present Princess of Wales as sponsor. She is 439 feet long. Her engines are of 11,000 horse-power and she has a speed of about twenty miles an hour. Her coal supply will carry her from England to the Riviera.

The fittings and decorations are quietly rich and sumptuous. Even on the upper deck, solid silver is used for the deck fittings. All the apartments are panelled in enamelled white, while the necessary warmth of color is obtained in the furniture, carpets and draperies. In the King's private stateroom the carpet is a rich blue, which well matches the blue morocco of the chairs. All the furniture here is of grained mahogany, slightly inlaid with other woods. As to the King's bedroom, it is severely simple, with its swinging bedstead of silver plate, without draperies; its satinwood furniture, silver plated metal work and specially woven carpet.

THE QUEEN'S BEDROOM

Is much larger than the King's. It is a model of grace and beauty and its white panelling and stately canopied bed suspended from the ceiling. The furniture is of daintily grained satinwood with silver fittings. The color scheme is a soft green. The coverlet of the bed has an elaborate monogram surmounted by a crown. Queen Alexandra's dressing room is a large apartment with a bath of jasper and dressing tables of inlaid satinwood to an enormous cheval glass forming a movable panel in the wall.

Opposite the royal sleeping apartments is the drawing room. The walls are, of course, panelled in white; the furniture is hand painted satinwood, and the hangings of blue silk. In one corner is a pedestal writing table, flanked by two small semi-circular tables; and opposite the big yet homelike fireplace is a grand piano. Bookcases and lounge seats make the drawing room a delightful retreat in rough weather.

THE STATE DINING ROOM

is an apartment of noble dimensions, occupying one-third of the vessel's length, and lighted by no fewer than twenty-six windows and two large skylights. From floor to ceiling it is panelled in white, accented with a pilaster treatment of great beauty and delicacy. Covers can be laid here for thirty guests. The smoking room is close by.

The grand staircase leads from the reception room up to the state deck, most of which is occupied by royal apartments, including a private dining room. An electric elevator assuages the trials of seafaring royalists.

There is also a well-appointed hospital and dispensary down below, where a titled physician presides over the health of the King and Queen.

The yacht is commanded by a Rear Admiral and he has a crew of 280 men. The officers are selected from the best of the navy.

Although the Victoria and Albert is a commissioned ship, she never fires a salute, not even in reply to the guns of foreign warships. If she is at anchor, the guardship of the port answers for her. If at sea her cruiser escort replies.

The present royal yacht is not the first Victoria and Albert that has flown the royal standard. Her earliest predecessor was an insignificant paddle wheel auxiliary yacht, with a big spread of canvas to help her engines to

ROBBING A CARD PARTY

THE WILEY OLD BUTLER MADE ALL PREPARATIONS.

Helped Himself to Elderly Maiden Ladies' Change and Then Disappeared.

A party of elderly maiden ladies, residing in West Hamstead, London, England, became the victims of a cool act on the part of their butler the other evening, and the police are now looking for the gentleman who did a very ungalant act in a very smart way.

The affair took place at a villa in Priory road occupied by two elderly maiden ladies, the Misses Isaacson. Some little time ago the ladies engaged as butler a German waiter, who came with good references, and his service gave every satisfaction up to the time of the robbery.

It was the custom of the Misses Isaacson periodically to invite a number of lady friends to a card party, and on Thursday night of last week four of the latter were present.

Late in the evening they engaged in a game of poker, playing with counters. Their chatelaines or bags containing their purses and money were hung on the back of their chairs, or were placed in their laps.

ENTER THE BUTLER.

Upon this quiet scene entered the butler, who proceeded to hand round sweets. Suddenly he dashed his tray into a corner of the room and made a snatch at the bag of the lady nearest to him. It was lying upon her knee.

The chain of the bag snapped and it fell to the floor. The butler, without waiting to pick it up, rushed round the table, gathering in the other bags from the backs of the chairs as he went, while the ladies looked on in amazement too great for speech or movement.

Then, as a young lady of the party gave vent to a piercing shriek, he bolted through the door, which he slammed and locked on the outside.

One of the hostesses ran to the electric bell near the fireplace, and gave the alarm, but there was no response. It transpired afterwards that the butler had sent the cook out on a bogus errand and there was no other servant in the house.

The man meanwhile made his way out at the back, clambered over a wall and made his escape. The ladies were released from the front room after a time and the police were summoned; but, of course, there was no trace of the missing butler.

BUTLER'S WASHING.

The Misses Isaacson said that their servant had made all preparations for the robbery beforehand. Besides sending the cook out, he had barricaded the house, and apparently he had an accomplice who helped him in his adventure. A strange man had called at the house the same evening stating that he had come for the butler's washing.

The butler also took some valuable jewelry from a room upstairs. The total amount of the money in the bags was somewhere about £14 or £15, but the robber made a bad "miss" from his point of view in leaving the chateleine which fell on the floor, as that contained the largest sum of all—over £9.

Scotland yard detectives have the matter in hand.

PAINTING WITH EARTH.

Where the Different Colors Are Derived From.

The cochineal insects furnish a great many fine colors. Among them are the gorgeous carmine, the crimson, scarlet, and purple lakes. The cuttlefish gives the sepia. It is the inky fluid

THE EXPLOSION AT LENS

TALES OF HORRIBLE SUFFERING BEFORE HELP CAME.

An English Correspondent Tells of the Many Sad Scenes he Witnessed.

There has been a far more exquisite pathos in this revisiting than there was in the first scenes of the disaster which I beheld three weeks ago, writes a correspondent of the London Telegraph at Lens, France. It was morning, and death brought us everywhere thrilling spectacles. Death, which grew grimmer and more sinister as the days drew on, and the actual material horror of it all increased. Now the wonderful pathos of those thirteen lives recovered almost from the dead touches much more than the ghastly sights seen before. Wives and mothers, faint and vacant-minded from crying for the departed, wrung one's heart. But now to see them fondling the loved ones come back from that hell below is a spectacle which cuts one's feelings to the quick as with a knife. I defy anybody to leave that infirmary dry-eyed. I held out for some minutes till a stout, homely woman's eyes caught mine. She was standing by the bedside of her boy, whose eyes were nearly starting out of their bony sockets in his gaunt face. She looked back at him, then to me again. The mother's love in her eyes was the most exquisite sight I have ever seen. She said nothing, she merely looked; but her eyes were telling me: "My boy has come back to me." Her eyes wanted to tell it to every one. She could not keep her love to herself. I went up to her with tears in my eyes and grasped her hand. Then she said rarely: "His brother died in his arms, monsieur." Yes, he died in his arms, and so her look was fixed on the boy again with unutterable fondness. She was devouring him with her eyes. He, poor fellow, could hardly speak, but he murmured, "He died in my arms," and tried weakly to open his arms, remembering how as he had carried his brother, stumbling with him blindly along the galleries, he had felt the boy grow stiff and cold. He had only felt, he could not see him die. Think what the tragedy of that moment must have been. The boy's name is Castel and he lies in the infirmary in the bed next to that of the leader of the party, Neny.

On entering the humble, whitewashed room, with its ten iron camp bedsteads, where the men and boys, nearly all looking like ghosts, lie. I first shook hands with the wonderful Neny in the cot next the door. He did not move one to tears, but he moved one to meek and wondering admiration. Not one man in a thousand is his equal. He lay, his brawny, hairy chest bare, his bearded face the picture of manly strength, and he told us eagerly, but quite collectedly, about those twenty nights and days, which were nights, too, down there. In those ceaseless blind wanderings did he never despair?

"Oh, yes! I did at the last. I took my knife and sharpened it." Here the man passed an imaginary knife backward and forward over the bedclothes. "I meant to cut my throat. That must have been the last day before we were found. If we had not been found I should have done it. There would have been nothing else to do."

Neny certainly would have done it. He is the man who does everything he says. Some of the party which he led state that he bullied them and cuffed them. I believe it and understand it. He had to do it, and there were terrible scenes in that inferno. "I had sometimes to drag them along. I had to bully those who were giving up." Neny has brains, of course, as well as courage, and is undoubtedly a leader of men in his own world. Few crosses of

to the shelter of the square. Then the onlookers, of whom the writer was one, witnessed a most awe-inspiring spectacle. On either flank a force advanced in triple line of columns abreast (these formed the horns) and after sweeping grandly past us at a distance of 700 yards or so, wheeled into line and swept rapidly inward till their extreme points met. Then from the royal kraal of Umti marched out the Umfeyu regiment with their shields of white,

AND THEN THE BATTLE JOINED.

The upshot was a splendid British victory. In less than an hour the military organization of the People of the Heavens was being whipped along the Mahlabatini Plains by the "long assegais" of the Seventeenth Lancers, and the vicious bullets of the Mounted Volunteers. It is doubtful whether the warriors of to-day, unused to fighting for a generation past, could ever make so grand a stand in the open as did their forbears; but in close and broken country, armed only with their assegais, they could give even a strong British force some unpleasant memories to take. One thing should be added: the Zulu is not naturally cruel. His mutilation of slain enemies is no token of dishonor, but is done as a safeguard for himself, since he is persuaded that should the victim's body swell and burst, he will himself die miserably in like fashion.

And for the name he has given to his guns, Umbimbai, it is most likely only an onomatopoeia used to express the booming of the guns, though there is also a tradition that it is a reminiscence of the busy answer given a worried overseer when first Zulus helped to land some cannon upon Durban wharf. When asked what they were called, he said "Oh, hee-and-hee, hee-and-hee," and the name has survived as the Zulu has it to this day.

WAR MAKES TIN SOLDIERS.

The Industry Has prospered for 123 Years.

Much care is expended in the manufacture of leaden or tin soldiers. The fabrication of these toys is mainly performed at Nuremberg, and dates from the military enthusiasm aroused by Frederick the Great in Germany and throughout Europe by his surprising exploits in the Seven Years' War.

The best artists are hired to furnish models for the soldiers, and they are scrupulously careful to conform to the military costumes of the period and country to which the figures are supposed to belong. The shapes designed are engraved upon moulds of slate or brass, into which the melted tin or lead is poured through a small orifice.

When moulded the soldiers have to be painted, and this is done by women at their own homes, who receive no more wages than \$1 a week.

Care is taken to select gaudy colors. The coloring is also entrusted to women. If made of tin, the soldiers are packed in wooden boxes, all of which come from Sonneberg, in Thuringia. The extreme cheapness of these boxes indicates the low wages of the workmen, nearly all of whom, it has been observed, die of consumption. When the toys are made of solid lead, they are packed in cardboard boxes with glass tops.

This toy-soldiery industry has prospered for 120 years, though the demand falls off in periods of prolonged peace, to revive again when war is in the air.

A man's popularity with women is often similar to a cat's popularity with mice.

Father: "My son, did you buy the matches for me?" Son: "Yes." Father: "Were they good ones?" Son: "Oh, yes; I tried every one."

Aunt Abby: "A pedler was tryin' to sell me a new clock to-day—said he'd guarantee it wouldn't lose time." Uncle Josh: "What did you say?" Aunt Abby: "I told him he was losin' time tryin' to sell it to me."

auxiliary yacht, with a big spread of canvas to help her engines to

A POOR TWELVE KNOTS.

She was broken up in 1868, but in 1853 was superseded by the late Queen's Victoria and Albert, to which Queen Victoria was almost fanatically attached.

Here again was a huge binnacle wheel yacht, quaintly honeycombed with cabins, staterooms, loudoirs, and the like to accommodate the extensive family and aged retainers of the old Queen. For when Queen Victoria went to sea she usually took her entire family with her, so that the big craft became a kind of floating nursery.

The decorations were extremely old fashioned, the walls of chintz being covered with long lines of pink flowers on a white background—exactly the pattern one comes across to-day in remote English farm-houses off the beaten track of the railroad, far from modern innovations.

Yet on no account would the late Queen permit alterations, either structural or decorative, and to the last the old V. and A., as it was called, remained exactly as it was in the days of the Prince Consort.

During the last few years of Queen Victoria's life her grown up family and their relatives were constantly complaining of the inconvenient accommodation on the royal yacht; and at length the Queen reluctantly consented to the building of the present vessel. Nevertheless, Queen Victoria never so much as went on board, for all her affections were centred on the old fashioned yacht—which, by the way, was finally broken up in the Portsmouth dockyard last year.

HIDDEN STIMULANTS.

Children Become Intoxicated by Vegetables.

"The best way to prevent alcoholism is to keep the digestion in sound condition," said Dr. Harry Campbell, who opened a discussion on the alcoholic craving in London recently.

Dr. Campbell made one startling statement. Stimulants, he said, are contained in many kinds of food, and it is possible for a man to be intoxicated by a meal of meat. Not only is meat a strong stimulant, but he has seen children semi-intoxicated after a meal entirely composed of vegetables.

Dr. Campbell said that the craving for stimulants is a craving inherited from the ancestors of the human race and that the stimulant substances normally present in the blood—which cause the craving—exercise a beneficial influence or function.

From earliest times, continued Dr. Campbell, man has been accustomed to stimulants of one kind or another.

Primitive man found his in the chase by avoiding or seeking for his enemies, and in warfare. Civilized man in a healthy state finds stimulant in the struggle for existence, theatre-goings, race meetings, gambling, or even holism. When work was unnecessary and amusements pallid man had to invent some false excitement.

A stimulant might be defined as something which rendered available for use or released pent-up energy, and it was when the blood was defective, or surcharged with depressants, that the desire was felt for a glass of wine or other stimulant.

Therefore, alcoholism could be combated only by keeping healthy.

"Some mean sneak ran off with my umbrella to-day." "With your umbrella?" "Well, with the umbrella I've been carrying all the week."

The Bride: "I discharged the cook this afternoon." The Hubby: "Have any difficulty about it?" The Bride: "Not a bit, except that she wouldn't go."

Teacher: "James, can you tell me what is meant by a cubic yard?" James: "I don't know exactly, but I suppose it's a yard that the children of Cuba play in."

the gorgeous marine, the crimson, scarlet, and purple lakes. The cuttlefish gives the sepia. It is the inky fluid which the fish discharges in order to render the water opaque when attacked.

Indian yellow comes from the camel. Ivory chips produce ivory black and bone black. The exquisite Prussian blue is made by fusing horses' hoofs and other refuse animal matter with impure potassium carbonate. This color was discovered accidentally.

Various lakes are derived from roots, barks, and gums. Blue-black comes from the charcoal of the vine stalk. Lampblack is soot from certain resinous substances. Turkey red is made from the madder plant, which grows in Hindostan.

The yellow sap of a tree in Siam produces gamboge; the natives catch the sap in coconut shells. Raw sienna is the natural earth from the neighborhood of Sienna, Italy. Raw umber is also an earth found near Umbria, and burnt.

India-ink is made from burnt camphor. The Chinese are the only manufacturers of the ink. Mastic is made from the gum of the mastic tree, which grows in the Grecian Archipelago.

Bister is the soot of wood ashes. Chinese white is zinc, scarlet is iodine of mercury, and native vermilion is from quicksilver ore.

PENSIONS FOR MINERS.

High Pay, But Deadly Work in the Quicksilver Mines.

The chief quicksilver mines in Europe are at the Spanish town Almaden, which is an Arabic word, meaning "the mine of quicksilver." These mines were formerly worked by the Iberians, and after them by the ancient Romans. Between 1645 and 1843 the Spanish Government employed galley slaves in them, an occupation that soon ended in death. The fumes of the mercury produce constant salivation, and the system becomes permeated with the metal.

At first the victim is seized with tremblings, and then the teeth drop out; pains in the bones follow, and then death. The annual yield of mercury is a million and a half pounds, to procure which 4,000 men are engaged in this unhealthy employment.

After Almaden, so far as yield of quicksilver is concerned, comes Idria, an Austrian town, twenty-eight miles from Trieste. These mines also were once worked by criminals, who, owing to the terrible qualities of the mineral, expired after about two years' service.

There are now nearly 500 miners engaged in the work at Idria. They are induced to enter the mines by high pay. A pension is allowed when they are disabled, and provision is made for their widows and children.

RUSSIA'S GUARDED SECRET.

One of the secret processes which has for ages openly defied the world of science is the iron trade of Russia. The secret of making Russian sheet iron is owned by the Government, and when a workman enters the service he bids a last farewell to his family and friends, and, whether he lives or dies, all trace of him is forever lost. There have been several desperate attempts made to steal or betray the secret, but in every instance it has resulted in the death of the would-be traitor. In one case a letter attached to a kite, which was allowed to escape, was picked up by some peasants, and, despite their protestations that they were unable to read, they were at once put to death by the guards to whom they delivered the letter. It was afterward decreed that the guards themselves should pass the remainder of their lives within the works, and to this day the secret remains as hidden as the philosopher's stone.

A schoolboy got up to read a composition on "The Tree." He got as far as "This subject has many branches," when the teacher said:—"Stop! you have not made your bough yet." "If you interrupt me again," said the boy, "I'll leave." "You give me any more impu-

only those who were giving up. Nenny has brains, of course, as well as courage, and is undoubtedly a leader of men in his own world. Few crosses of the Legion of Honor have been as well deserved as that which the Minister of Public Works has pinned to his shirt this afternoon as he lay in bed. How did he live with the twelve others in the hell down there? How could they keep alive? I asked.

"We ate oats," said Nenny. "I ate about so much," and he put his hands out, shaping a round about the size of a melon. That, with a few carrots and some pieces of rotten horseflesh, kept those thirteen men alive.

"Not thirteen; we were twenty," put in Nenny. "Seven of the party have gone I don't know where. They disappeared somewhere. Oats, carrots and rotten horse were what we ate."

LONDON'S NEW PLAGUE.

Sir Alexander Binnie Says It Will Starve the World.

Replying to the toast of his health at a house dinner of the Municipal and County Club, at London, England, Sir Alexander Binnie made some very significant remarks about London's water supply.

Sir Alexander said he still adhered to his scheme of London obtaining a water supply from Wales, at a cost of £20,000,000.

The future destinies of the water supply of London had been placed in the hands of a body which had recently proposed a bill in Parliament on the ground that the supply derived from the old East London Company was a polluted source.

They were seconded in that opinion by no less a body than the Conservators of the River Lea themselves, who said that it was dangerous for the people of East London to continue to drink water.

It might not be in his lifetime, but as sure as they are gathered round that board there would come a time when, as in times past, there would arise among the teeming millions of London an epidemic that would startle the world.

Chemists might tell them that the water was pure, but, as Sir George Buchanan informed the commission, it was a well-known fact that populations might go on drinking a polluted source of water for a long time.

Ultimately, however, from causes which could not be detected, it took upon itself certain qualities, and the people died by the thousand.

He was confident that London would have to look for its increased supply to an area where there was an ample rainfall of something like forty-eight or fifty inches.

For a comparatively small expenditure London could have a supply incapable of contamination. A water supply was the very essence of municipal life.

NOT GRACE.

His name was Darling, and his nose was a large and florid affair. So prominent was it that it had earned him the sobriquet "Trunky" from the lads in the school under his control.

Just recently he had occasion to severely punish Tommy Brawler. On reaching home, the angelic Tommy poured into the maternal ear the tale of Mr. Trunky's cruelty. And forthwith Mrs. Brawler, eager for the fray, visited the school and asked for Mr. Trunky, which was the only name she had ever heard applied to the master by her son. The teacher who had opened the door to her, although surprised at the use of the nickname, did not correct her, but sent for Mr. Darling.

The latter received the irate mother's "dressing down" meekly, but on being repeatedly called Trunky at length remonstrated.

"Trunky is not my name, madame," he said. "Please call me Darling!" "How dare you, sir! I'll send my husband round to you!" shrieked Mrs. Brawler, as she went into hysterics.

SENT DANCING HUSSARS

GERMAN EMPEROR DID NOT FORGET HIS PROMISE.

The Kaiser Acts as Master of Ceremonies for the Entire Town of Crefeld.

The German Emperor has fulfilled his long-standing promise to provide the ladies of Crefeld with dancing partners.

The Kaiser is nothing if not versatile, after having filled many roles during his noteworthy reign, he now comes out as a kind of amateur M. C. for an entire town.

His experiment at Crefeld, while it charmed every spinster there when first announced three years ago, to all appearances alienated the rival ladies of Dusseldorf, and created quite a breeze in the German Parliament.

The amusing episode opened in 1903, when the Kaiser paid a visit to Crefeld for the purpose of opening the new museum. Crefeld was not then a garrison town.

In order to do honor to the Kaiser, 20 of the tallest and prettiest girls in the town were selected on the eve of his visit to act as maids of honor, for as there were no soldiers, how could a military guard be provided?

THE HAPPY MAIDS

selected, having donned pretty white dresses of muslin, white cloth, and lace, were lined up on the steps of the museum, where they were left while the Kaiser was being entertained with official speeches of welcome inside the building.

"After the speeches," wrote an observer of the scene, "the Kaiser asked peremptorily why they were not brought into the reception room; so the maidens were sent for, and came in blushing. The Emperor then turned to the prettiest and asked, 'Do you have good dancing with the officers here in winter?' The fair damsel was at a loss for an answer, but one of the quicker-witted, standing by, answered well. 'We have no officers in Crefeld to dance with.' 'Really! And which do you prefer, cavalry or infantry?' said his Majesty. 'Cavalry, of course,' responded the girl. Then up spoke the Emperor, 'I will order a regiment of Hussars here, and see that you dance well with the officers.'"

In fulfillment of his word, the Kaiser ordered a regiment to proceed from Dusseldorf to Crefeld, estimates were obtained for the building of barracks, and brief accounts of the episode were telegraphed all over Europe.

The business side of the affair came up for review in the German Parliament in 1903, when during the deliberations of the Budget Committee of the Reichstag the Minister of War, in order to persuade the members of the committee to grant the appropriation of a certain amount of money forming the share of the Government towards erecting

THE BARRACKS IN CREFELD.

produced the photograph of the young ladies.

The members of the committee must have been fully satisfied that the beauty of the Crefeld maidens deserved the proposed recognition, and reported so to the Reichstag.

In open session, however, an antagonist in the person of Herr Kirsch, the representative of the town of Dusseldorf, arose to fight the cause of the comely girls of his own native town.

The parents of marriageable girls in Dusseldorf, it was reported at the time, held indignation meetings, urging their representative in the Reichstag to do his utmost to prevent the transfer of the regiment. Herr Kirsch, acting on the request of his constituents, made a strong attack on the Government. He said, among other things, that he hoped

FROM BONNIE SCOTLAND

NOTES OF INTEREST FROM HER BANKS AND BRAES.

What is Going on in the Highlands and Lowlands of Auld Scotia.

About two hundred members have joined the golf club, which is now being formed in Elgin.

Berwick Town Council have purchased Spittal Hall estate for £8,000 in connection with a new water supply for Spittal.

The seed and root show, which was revived some time ago in Caithness, has not proved a success, and it has been resolved to give it up.

A familiar figure to Galashiels people has been removed by the death Mr. Robert Murray, Bristol Cottage. He had reached the age of 89 years.

Mr. R. D. Thomson, an Edinburgh gentleman, who is in his 90th year, learned to play golf when he was 80. He still does two rounds of the links twice a week.

The Glasgow magistrates recommend the corporation to adopt by-laws limiting the time when ice-cream shops may be kept open to the hours between 7 a.m. and 10 p.m.

Mr. Dewar, M.P., has been asked by the Town Council of Fort William to present a petition by the Council to Parliament in favor of the re-opening of the observatories at Ben Nevis.

Mr. James Mutch, wholesale merchant, Elgin, was buried in the Elgin cemetery with Masonic honors, the funeral being attended by all the leading families in the town and district.

Dumfries and Maxwelltown Town Councils have agreed to join in the erection of a joint hospital for the treatment of infectious disease, and a site has been found at Castledykes for the building.

Mr. Andrew Lees, who for over 30 years was employed in Messrs. Wm. Roberts Co's mill, Galashiels, has been presented by a few friends with an albert and seal on the occasion of his departure for Canada.

Mr. James Henderson the doyen of the legal profession in Kilmarnock, died at his residence in Prestwick. He was in his 84th year. A native of Perth, the deceased came to Kilmarnock nearly 60 years ago.

The widow of Captain Maxwell, Terregles, near Dalbeattie, has gifted a sum of £1,250 for the erection of a hall in the parish of Kirkcubright, to be called the Maxwell Memorial Hall, in memory of Captain Maxwell, who died in 1899.

The Royal Mail turbine steamer Viper, built to the order of Messrs. G. and J. Burns for their Ardrossan and Belfast daylight service, was launched recently by the Fairfield Shipbuilding and Engineering Company, Govan.

The Braemar Royal Highland Society has acquired from the Duke of Fife, of excellent conditions, a piece of ground to the south-west of the village of Braemar as a permanent site for the annual gathering as well as a public recreation ground for the benefit of the village. The grounds cover 12½ acres.

It has been intimated that Dr. Mackay, of Elgin, is about to retire from practice owing to failing eyesight. The doctor will resign his public appointments, which include the medical officership of Elgin (landward)—which he had held for 47 years—and of Dallas, etc. He is the oldest public official in Elgin.

Mr. William Storey, who may well be termed the prince of Border anglers, has died at Lougholm. He was in his 85th year, and had fished continuously since his ninth year. He has fished the Border rivers and streams for three-quarters of a century, and many and varied have been the baskets obtained by the veteran. He celebrated his golden wedding last year.

EFFECTS OF GREAT COLD

HOW IT ACTS AWAY OUT IN DAWSON, YUKON TERRITORY.

Some Strange Manifestations When Temperature Is 60 Degrees Below Zero.

"Look out, or you will drop that chisel!"

"Before the sentence was finished the tool had slipped from the hand of my assistant and, striking upon some bar iron, flew into pieces as if it had been glass instead of steel." This reads like a bit out of "Alice in Wonderland," but it is sober fact, we are told by Chester W. Tennant of Dawson, Yukon Territory.

"I am writing this on January 25; for two weeks we have had a 'cold spell.' Temperature has ranged from 44 degrees below zero (the warmest) down to 68 degrees below. Some of the outlying Yukon police stations report 80 degrees below. These cold waves alternate with warmer periods of 10 degrees below."

"Strange manifestations appear as a result of the extreme cold; one is the way a fire burns in the stove. It roars and crackles like a great forge, and wood in the stove seems to dissolve in the flames like a chunk of ice; the wood is gone and we wonder where the heat went."

"At 60 degrees below every stovepipe throws out a great white cloud of smoke and vapor, resembling a steamboat in its whiteness, and this cloud streams away for fifty to 100 feet, mingling with the other white-grey mist or haze that remains permanent in the atmosphere of the town like a great fog, when it is 40 degrees or more below zero."

THIS WHITE-GRAY FOG

is not fog as you know it, but is frozen fog, and every man, woman, child, animal and even the fire that burns is throwing out moisture into the air which is immediately turned into a cloud of frozen vapor, which floats away and remains visibly suspended in the air. Very slowly this settles to earth, and in the morning about the steps and any protected place one can see a very fine film of flourlike dust deposited, which is composed of frozen vapor."

Exposed ears, hands and nose, Mr. Tennant tells us, freeze at this temperature in going the distance of about one block unless well protected. The breath roars like a mild jet of steam, while a dipper of boiling water thrown out into the air emits a peculiar whistling hiss as its drops circle through the frosty atmosphere. To quote again:

"Prospectors, in attempting to boil a dish of rice or beans upon a camp fire unprotected from the weather, find that the side of the dish which is in the fire will boil while the part of the dish exposed to the weather has frozen. To remedy this, the dish is set completely into the fire. Edged tools subjected to this temperature become as hard and brittle as glass and will break as readily under strain. I have seen a pop safety valve blowing off steam when the weather was below 60 degrees, with icicles which had formed by the condensation while it was blowing off hanging from

THE OUTER RIM OF THE VALVE.

The icicles were not melted by the rushing steam, but remained there for many days, through blow-offs, as I passed this station every day and watched the operation. All vegetables, potatoes, apples, fruit, eggs, etc., can be allowed to freeze until they become like bullets. To make ready for use, place them in cold water half a day before using, and the frost will slowly withdraw without injury to the article. To attempt to thaw them out by more rapid process by fire or hot water spoils them for use."

Mr. Tennant tells some remarkable



Sunlight Soap

is a perfect cleaner and will not injure anything.

Best for all household purposes, Sunlight Soap's superiority is most conspicuous in the washing of clothes.

Common soaps destroy the painted or varnished surfaces of woodwork and take the color out of clothes.

Even the daintiest linen or lace, or the most delicate colors may be safely washed with Sunlight Soap in the Sunlight way (follow directions).

Equally good with hard or soft water.

Your money refunded by the dealer from whom you buy Sunlight Soap if you find any cause for complaint.

Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto

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VAST DIAMOND FACTORY

GEMS FALL ON OUR EARTH FROM THE SKIES.

The Only Place Where Perfect Stones Are Produced — Startling Statement.

The only perfect diamonds which are to be found on this globe are those which fall from the sky in meteorites; all dia-

held indignation meetings, urging their representative in the Reichstag to do his utmost to prevent the transfer of the regiment. Herr Kirsch, acting on the request of his constituents, made a strong attack on the Government. He said, among other things, that he hoped the representatives of the people would show themselves stronger to the temptation of beauty than the Government had done. He also handed round a photograph.

The "Dancing Hussars," who have now gone to Crefeld, are superb waltzers.

ANIMALS FEAR DEATH.

Seem to Dread Separation From Human Beings.

Animals realize intuitively when death is near. Most animals—excepting pet animals, who are assured of what one might call a Christian burial in the backyard—have prompt extinction and have no flowers to look forward to. For haven't they often come across the bones of their once loved mates slowly whitening under the blue of heaven?

Savage beasts actually "prepare" for death with a fine composure unshadowed by any possibility of subsequent "will contests." So-called domestic animals, while not showing the fear characteristic of their masters, become strangely clinging and dependent and seem to dread separation from the human beings to whom they are attached.

It is natural for most wild animals to die in combat with an enemy, and while the combat lasts there is hope of escape.

When a number of elephants are shipped a strong structure is erected on deck and there they are stabled, chained by the feet. In an emergency they could easily walk away with their chains and the deck flooring, throwing the stable aside if it offered any impediment to their progress, as was shown in the case of the sinking ship *Agra* some years since. The *Agra* was swinging at anchor off Ceylon preparatory to her journey to America, when she sprung a leak and quickly sank. The elephants set up a call, but there was no despair in the noise that followed. It was the businesslike sound of crashing timber, and before the *Agra* had reached bottom a herd of elephants were swimming to Ceylon.

M. Jules Gerard, a great French student of animals, tells of a lion which, having fallen into a great ditch that had been dug for him, resigned himself after several ineffectual efforts to escape. He heard the cries of delight of the men who saw him trapped. He understood that he was lost—that he was about to die an ignominious and defenceless death.

But it was his way to receive the injuries that were to come to him without sound of protest. After taking a dozen bullets without moving he lifted his fine head with a majestic movement to cast a look of scorn on the Arabs who were aiming at him their final shots. Then he lay down resigned to death.

TEETH IN THE ARMY.

Experiment of Allowing Soldiers 815 for New Set a Failure.

During 1905, according to a report issued, 35,351 recruits joined the regular British army and 29,941 entered the militia—in both cases a decrease in numbers upon the previous year.

In the case of recruits with defective teeth, the chief reason for rejection, the report states that the experiment of allowing £3 on enlistment for artificial teeth has not proved a success. It was found that many recruits, in spite of agreeing to the conditions imposed, did not fulfill them, and also that in other cases the amount was inadequate.

During the past year the actual medical rejections per thousand amounted to 145.84. Education is favorably reported on, 70 recruits per 1,000 being well educated, and 916 per 1,000 being able to read and write.

since his ninth year. He has fished the Border rivers and streams for three-quarters of a century, and many and varied have been the baskets obtained by the veteran. He celebrated his golden wedding last year.

Gourock is at last to have its town hall and municipal buildings. After exhaustive inquiry, a site in Shore Street, near the Commercial Hotel, has been secured for the purpose. As, however, of the leases have two years to run, some time will probably elapse before the existing buildings can be demolished, and the foundations of the new edifice laid.

SEA DOGS IN METROPOLIS

THEY WERE AMAZED AT THE SIGHTS OF LONDON.

The Newfoundland Naval Reservists' Crowded Day of Delight.

London again entertained naval visitors the other day—this time almost unawares, for little had been heard of the coming of 120 naval reservists from Newfoundland, and there was no demonstration at arrival, although when seen on the streets their greeting was most cordial.

To the majority of the men the tour of the capital was an amazing, breathless experience. All their lives have been spent in the distant island.

When they got out of the train at London bridge and made their way to the Tower on brakes, they were speechless with wonder. The teeming life of the river, the Tower bridge, the motor-omnibuses filled them with admiration.

The party had only time for a brief tour of the Tower, for they were due at the Colonial Office at 12.30. In Cornhill one of the brakes broke down through the snapping of an axle, and one of the sailors fell out, sustaining only a few bruises, however.

VISIT THE ABBEY.

At the Colonial Office they were reviewed in the quadrangle by Lord Tweedmouth, who walked up and down the lines, followed by Lord Elgin and various officials of the Colonial Department. Mr. Winston Churchill was also present, but scarcely vouchsafed the Newfoundland sea-dogs a glance. Lord Tweedmouth gave them a warm greeting.

They were driven to the Popular cafe, where with Lieut. C. T. Trye, representing the Admiralty, and Commander Crutchley, of the Navy League, they had lunch.

In the afternoon they visited Westminster Abbey and Westminster Hall, and at their own request were taken to the Zoological Gardens, where their interest and delight at the sight of the sight of the animals were boundless.

The men returned to the Popular cafe at 6.30 for dinner.

Then they went to the Alhambra and their enjoyment can be imagined when it is remembered that to the majority this was a first experience of a theatre or music hall.

STILL ROOM FOR TALENT.

The glory of the present age is its wealth of scientific discoverers and inventors. The scientists of to-day have plumbed the depths of space and mapped out the star-strewn fields of immensity. They have traced the story of earth and her myriad children in the rocks, wherever it was written by the hand of Nature herself, and neither the infinitely great nor the infinitely little has escaped the vigilance of their scrutiny. But the genius has yet to be born who can state and explain the laws which govern the gyrations of a collar-stud, dropped by an angry man at the dressing table, and found a week later by his wife among the rubbish under the grate.

place them in cold water than a day before using, and the frost will slowly withdraw without injury to the article. To attempt to thaw them out by more rapid process by fire or hot water spoils them for use."

Mr. Tennant tells some remarkable tales of thawing out a frozen foot, ear or hand by immersing the member in coal oil for some time—often several hours. He says:

"This is absolutely a safe remedy, and one thus escapes the surgeon's knife, as no bad results follow. This is not hearsay, as a man was saved a few years ago at our office by the night watchman, who found him in the snow (45 degrees below zero) and both hands frozen to the wrists. He was taken into the office and treated as above for about five hours, when all the frost was drawn out without so much as losing a finger tip. The physicians were amazed, as they thought amputation would have to be resorted to. His hands were as white and hard as marble, and when placed in the oil they snapped and crackled as the oil began to act upon the ice crystals. This remedy should be remembered by all residents of cold climates, as

IT WOULD SAVE MANY A LIMB.

The temperature of the oil should be about the same of that of the living room (about 60 degrees above zero). Great caution must be exercised during extreme cold weather so as not to frost the lungs, which one will quickly do if he hustles about at ordinary pace. Quick and fatal pneumonia can be contracted in a few minutes. Many a fine team of horses has been lost in this way.

"One has to be careful about touching things with unprotected hands. It is dangerous to take hold of a door knob when it is 60 degrees below zero or thereabouts with the uncovered hand, unless you are careful to release your hand instantly, for if you do it will freeze your inner palm in five seconds, be very painful thereafter, and the result is the same as from touching a red hot stove.

"Canned goods undergo frightful contraction during extreme cold, and suck in air; in summer with a temperature of 90 degrees, the reverse condition occurs, causing leakage and loss."

A SMART DODGE.

A gentleman dressed in a loose coat entered a ladies' outfitting establishment at a time when the proprietor was alone in the shop. The gentleman asked to be shown some ladies' ready-made cloaks, as he wished to give his wife a little surprise. After a careful inspection, he fixed upon one, and asked the shopkeeper, "Have you not a young lady at hand to put on the cloak to see how it looks?"

The proprietor regretted that none of the ladies of the establishment were in at that moment.

"Well, perhaps you wouldn't object to putting it on yourself?"

The shopkeeper slipped on the coat, buttoned it, and turned around in all directions.

"Magnificent!" exclaimed the purchaser, with seeming ecstasy, but at the same moment he made a grab at the bowl of money in the till and emptied it into his pocket, and bolted out of the shop. The horrified proprietor rushed after him into the street. But the passers-by, seeing his strange costume, dragged him back to the shop, in the belief that the poor fellow had gone mad; and before he could explain matters the rogue had disappeared.

Miss Screecher: "When I'm asked to sing I don't say, 'No, I can't sing,' but I just sit down at the piano and—"
Miss Cautique: "And let the company find it out for themselves."

Gosling: "Halloa, old man, how are you? I haven't seen much of you lately." Maddox: "You have seen more of me than I have of you." Gosling: "How do you make that out?" Maddox: "Well, I'm much bigger than you, aren't I?"

Are Produced — Startling Statement.

The only perfect diamonds which are to be found on this globe are those which fall from the sky in meteorites; all diamonds which are mined in the diamond fields of the world are only fragments of gems.

That is a startling statement, but a still more startling one is that all the diamonds to be found on our plane have fallen on our earth from the skies and have not, as most of us thought, been produced here like coal and other mineral products.

Yet this is the latest scientific assertion with regard to the world's stock of this precious stone. The whole stock of the Kimberley mines, with their unknown resources, and all the gems of this character to be found in any part of our planet—all have fallen from space at some time or other.

Somewhere in the illimitable distance that surrounds us, there is a vast diamond factory—the only place where perfect gems are produced, and from this factory we have received a large supply, and are still occasionally receiving an odd consignment! What reasons are there for believing this?

The first piece of evidence is that the whole of the rock in which the Kimberley gems are found is similar to no thing else on earth. It has been given a distinguishing name (Kimberlite), and it corresponds exactly with the matter of which meteorites are composed.

In plain language, the whole of that vast mass of rock fell on the earth from the skies at some late period of the world's formation. This is rather staggering, but it must be remembered that there is a mountain in Arizona which is acknowledged by all scientists to be a meteorite mountain. And diamonds are being found at that spot.

Diamonds are found particularly in superficial layers of the earth's crust; that is another proof of their celestial origin. Further, the diamond crystals are formed like no others that are of earthly origin; this is regarded as a strong proof that they fell from above.

It is curious that our diamonds are not perfect, and that some of them, when first brought from Kimberley mines and exposed to the air, explode and crack into several pieces. Now, the stones which come down in meteorites also explode when they are taken from the protecting mass which covers them completely. This is due to the peculiar conditions which prevail where the stones are produced, and these conditions cannot prevail on the earth, as the oxygen prevents them.

AT THE SOUTH POLE.

In order to make a diamond it is necessary that the constituents should be very hot and then cooled quite suddenly; nothing else will account for the peculiar shape of the crystals and the general formation of the gem. The earth did not cool suddenly, and so the gems could not have been produced on this planet.

In every spot where diamonds are found, the ground is of a nature which exactly resembles the matter of meteorites, and is different from other layers at the earth's surface. The best places to find them should be in the lands towards the South Pole.

The nearer the South Pole, the more chance of discovering diamonds, and the probability is that, if man ever reaches that end of the earth and discovers that it is not a sea of ice, but a plain of solid land covered with snow, then he will also find that is the richest diamond mine in the world.

This curious fact of diamonds coming to us from the sky opens up an equally strange field of speculation. Suppose there were to be a small shower of meteorites containing these gems. If it has happened before, as scientists contend, why shouldn't it happen again?

"Papa," said little Johnny, "fruit falls from a tree when it is ripe, doesn't it?" "Yes, my son," replied the long-suffering parent. "Apples and pears and plums fall off, don't they?" "Yes, yes, of course," "Well, papa, was your hair ripe?" Five minutes later he was reposing in bed to stay there for the day.

We Trust Doctors

If you are suffering from impure blood, thin blood, debility, nervousness, exhaustion, you should begin at once with Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the Sarsaparilla you have known all your life. Your doctor knows it, too. Ask him about it.

Unless there is daily action of the bowels, poisonous products are absorbed, causing headache, biliousness, nausea, dyspepsia, and thus preventing the Sarsaparilla from doing its best work. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. Act gently, all vegetable.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
Ayer's
HAIR VIGOR,
ACME CURE,
CHERRY PECTORAL.
We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission will be charged 6 per line for each insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the rate will be 10c per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1905, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Montreal Weekly Herald...	\$1.00
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.50
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star.....	\$1.65
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig.....	\$1.65
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....	\$1.50
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun.....	\$1.65
Any three of the above papers.....	\$2.40
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star.....	\$1.80

There has been a flutter among the Ontario Judges, and also among the people, who take a general interest in judicial affairs, the cause being the reported increase of \$500 in judicial salaries. The circle of interest will be assented when it is known that it applies only to Judges in New Ontario. For the increase they are to relinquish urrogate and other fees they now receive. This is a small move in the change from the once offensive fee system, so small as to be almost imperceptible. It will also mean a slight increase in the remuneration of men who are

THE INDEMNITY QUESTION.

In answer to the following question—"Do you favor the increased indemnity of \$1000, voted to your member and Senator at the last session of Parliament without discussion, or reference to the electors." The following replies were received from the citizens of Napanee by The Montreal Star.

DENIS DALY—"No decidedly not. On the contrary, I advocate, with all my soul the policy that would drag a thief to justice, wherever he may be found, whether in or out of parliament and also everyone who, directly or indirectly, participates in his plunder. 'Come cast in thy lot among us; let us all have one purse; we shall fill our houses with spoil,' seems to be the actuating principle of our present representatives. It is not ability (of that we have an abundance) but common honesty we want. Trusting your efforts to introduce a little of this commodity into the conduct of our public affairs will be successful."

J. FRANKOHALMERS—"Replying to your enquiry I strongly object to the manner in which the indemnity that should be paid that is a debatable question. It appears to me to be too large an amount for the time required, and the opinion of the electors should have been asked at the general election so lately held. Regarding the extra salary granted by the government to the leader of a party of members it looks unlawful. If a party leader should have more on account of his position and extra work, that party should pay him the extra and leave him and his party in an independent position to criticize the Government when occasion demands. As to pensions to ministers: this if continued, and no doubt it will be extended, will, in time, cause rebellion."

JOHN PALMATIER, Erinville, "No I do not favor the increase of indemnity."

JOHN R. SILLS, Sillsville, "I think \$1,500 a year is sufficient for our member."

E. B. HARRISON, Adolphustown, "I think Mr. Wilson (Conservative), has just sold himself for the thousand dollars and I am not in favor of him getting it. I think it should come to a vote of the people." Note—Mr. Wilson has moved for a reconsideration of the matter.—Ed. Star.

THOMAS B. LUND, Napanee,—"I cannot express myself too strongly against the iniquitous measure, and am heartily glad that you have set your face against it."

WHAT OTHER PAPERS SAY.

Moncton (N. B.) Transcript.

It is noticed that the Tory patriots like the Hon. George E. Foster, who condemn the Government for increasing the public expenditure pocketed their pensions as ex-Cabinet Ministers without a blush!

Hamilton Times.

The Nurses' Combine bill has been dropped. Mr. Crawford, its promoter, withdrew it because amendments were introduced to tone down its monopoly provisions. So perish all combine legislation!

Woodstock Sentinel-Review.

As the Khan picturesquely remarks "the fronts of our houses are mostly Queen Anne; behind they are mostly Mary Anne." It is perhaps natural that it should be so, and yet unfortunate for human health and happiness depend more on the Mary Anne department than on the Queen Anne. It is the filthy back yards, lanes and alleyways that keep the doctors busy.

Mexican Herald.

One of the notable features of present-day progress in Mexico is the heavy investment of Canadian capital in this country. The Canadian colony colony here is not a numerous one

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHEUR

Pumpkin Seed -
Aloes -
Rhubarb -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Sulphate of Soda -
Warm Seed -
Cinnamon -
Nutmeg -
Mastic -

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fitcher
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DROPS - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature

of

Chas. H. Fitcher

In Use

For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE CHAMPAGNE MAKER.

Why His Face Is Always Decorated With Scars.

The Frenchman's face was hacked and notched.

"Have you been a duelist?" one asked.

"No, no," the man replied. "I have been a champagne maker." He touched his face. "These honorable nicks," he said, "are champagne scars."

"Champagne scars," he went on, "decorate the visages of all the workers in the underground champagne mills of Rheims. They are caused by the bursting of the bottles. About one bottle of champagne in every ten bursts."

"There are miles and miles of champagne caves in Rheims, caves cut in the solid limestone rock, where, in a constant temperature of 45 degrees, millions of bottles of wine refine and ripen."

"The workers down there smell nothing but champagne all day long, champagne escaping from burst bottles, and as the turners move along the racks—each turns 35,000 bottles daily—they are continually saluted with explosions. Bang! And the glass splinters fly, and a little fountain of champagne perfumes the damp air."

"Day after day each bottle must be turned, turned fifty times altogether, till the sediment in it has all mounted up and concentrated itself around the cork. Then the corkers remove the corks, let the sediment thicken wine in the neck of the bottle blow off and

Albert College Belleville, ONT.

Business School founded 1877. Five complete courses. Many graduates occupying important places as book-keepers and shorthand reporters.

\$37.00 pays board, room and tuition, electric light, use of gymnasium and baths, all but books laundry, etc., for 10 weeks—longer time at same rate. Special reduction to ministers, or to two or more entering at same time from same place. A specialist in book-keeping, who is also an expert penman, and a specialist in shorthand in constant attendance. The teachers in the literary department also assist in the work. The high character of the College is a guarantee of thoroughness. New Commercial Hall one of the finest in Ontario.

Catalogue with specimen of penmanship FREE.

PRINCIPAL DYER, D. D.,
Belleville, Ont.

"Canada's Greatest Nurseries"

WANT
A LOCAL SALESMAN FOR
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To sell High Class Nursery Stock in Fruits and Ornamentals. Largest List of New SPECIALTIES ever offered.

START NOW AT THE BEST SELLING SEASON. Big inducements. Liberal Pay, Handsome Free Outfit, Territory Reserved.

WRITE FOR TERMS and Catalogue and send 25c for our ALUMINUM POCKET MICROSCOPE (magnifies 41 times) and 50c for our HANDY SAW just the thing for trimming trees (cuts iron as well as wood).

STONE & WELLINGTON,
Fonthill Nurseries,
Over 600 acres,

TORONTO, ONT.

bent at the knee the claws have to contract—can't open till the leg is straightened out again.

ceive. This is a small move in the change from the once offensive fee system, so small as to be almost imperceptible. It will also mean a slight increase in the remuneration of men who are evidently deserving of the recognition.

It has been stated at the insurance investigation that intense rivalry is the besetting evil among insurance companies, and that it leads to injurious and questionable practices in the struggle for business. It may be that a closer scrutiny of the underlying economic evil would discover a still deeper cause in the excessive profits allowed by the tables on which rates are determined. All commercial experience goes to show that wherefrom any cause profits are excessive there is a costly and wasteful struggle for business. A typical example was supplied by the bicycle business a few years ago, when the price was maintained unreasonably higher than the cost of manufacture. There was a wasteful competition among manufacturers, and it was by no means unusual for them to spend more than the cost of manufacture in pushing sales. It cost more to sell a bicycle than to make it, and the price obtained warranted and stimulated the wasteful method. The same struggle is seen where the profits from any line of business are made inordinately large by a protective tariff. It becomes a struggle for business at any price. The profits tempt many into the favored lines, and promote and encourage wasteful methods of securing patronage. Every sale means such a large profit that an excessive expenditure in forcing or encouraging it is commercially justified.

A Long Life.

To prolong life one should take plenty of sleep and remember to sleep lying on the right side, indulge in a morning bath in tepid water, take daily exercise in the open air, keep the window of the sleeping room open all night, take frequent and short holidays, and be over-ambitious and hold one's temper.

HIS WIFE'S LUNGS BOTH AFFECTED

But the Great Consumptive Preventative brought health and happiness to his home

"Our doctor said there was no cure for my wife as both her lungs were affected," says Mr. L. H. Walter, of Pearl Street, Brockville, Ont. "It was a sad disappointment to us both, just starting out in life, only married a short time. But before she had finished the first bottle of Psychine the pain in her lungs quickly went away, and after taking six bottles Mrs. Walter was a new creature and perfectly well again."

That is just one of the many families into which Psychine has brought hope, health and happiness. It is a living proof that Psychine cures Consumption. But don't wait for Consumption. Cure your LaGrippe, your Cough, your Bronchitis, your Catarrh, or your Pneumonia with the remedy that never fails—

PSYCHINE

(Pronounced Si-keene)

50c. Per Bottle

Larger sizes \$1 and \$2—all druggists.
DR. T. A. SLOCUM, Limited, Toronto.

One of the notable features of present-day progress in Mexico is the heavy investment of Canadian capital in this country. The Canadian colony colony here is not a numerous one but its members make up in enterprise what they lack in numbers. They are a most welcome addition to the growing foreign population here, for they bring good sense, industry and alert minds. It is certainly most remarkable that a country with some 6,000,000 people should be rich enough to finance great undertakings in Cuba, Rio de Janeiro, and the City of Mexico. It is, however, well known that the Canadians are per capita, the greatest buyers of foreign products and wares in the world. Their trade is immense in comparison with their numbers. This, we must explain, is due to their intelligent exploitation of those natural elements of wealth.

Inn-fail (Alberta) Province:— Before the opening of the House the members sit about in picturesque attitudes smoking and chatting with easy grace. Over all waves an assortment of flags. With the appearance of the macebearer decorum reigns. Pipes and cigars vanish, the speaker and his clerk appear. The macebearer bows low and retires. Prayers are said, and the orders of the day, which lie before each member, are quickly recited, and so to work. The four Ministers sit together on one side, and all around them cluster their trusty followers. The work progresses, and as a rule is not brightened by brilliant debates for scathing repartees. For the most part there is a stolidity of an agricultural meeting. Once or twice the dullness may be broken, but for the most part heavy torpor reigns. When the Premier thinks fit he moves an adjournment, the speaker and the mace retire, obliging pages supply the members and the press with really quite excellent cigars, and the members disperse throughout the city.

Napoleon's Ink Wiper.

Napoleon was a hero to his valet, Constant, though he sadly marred the servant's effort to dress him neatly. Said the valet:

His breeches were always of white cashmere. But two hours after leaving his chamber it often happened that they were all spotted with ink, thanks to his habit of wiping his pen on them and shaking ink all around him by striking his pen against the table. However, as he dressed in the morning for the whole day, he did not change his toilet on that account, but remained in this state until night. The whole inside of his boots was lined with white fustian. Whenever one of his legs itched, he rubbed it with the heel of the boot or shoe with which the other leg was shod, thus heightening the effect of the spilled ink.

An Aggravated Case.

Lord Justice Clerk Eskgrove, in sentencing certain housebreakers, began by explaining the various crimes of which they had been convicted—assault, robbery and hamesucken, of which last he gave them the etymology. He then reminded them that they had attacked the house and robbed it, and so worked gradually up to the climax, "All this you did, and, God preserve us, joost when they were settin' down to their dinner!"—Law Notes.

Bad Arguments.

The historic incident of a young Tory heir to a dukedom being pelted with rotten eggs while making a political speech is, "Ah," he remarked, wiping the mess from his face, "I have always said that the arguments of my opponents were unsound."

till the sediment in it has all mounted up and concentrated itself around the cork. Then the corks are removed, the corks, let the sediment thicken wine in the neck of the bottle blow off and skillfully replace the cork again.

"The corks and turners' work is dangerous. These men are nearly all scarred like me."

WAYS OF PENGUINS.

These Birds Lay Out Home Sites and Build Cities.

Penguins mostly spend their lives on the water, but when, during the breeding season, they are obliged to seek the shore they establish cities, many acres often being laid out in squares, composed of what might be called streets, running at right angles. The birds not only lay out their city after picking up all the loose stones till the whole place is as smooth as a board floor, but they take possession in couples, each pair selecting a home site, not to build a nest, but merely to secure a particular spot on the bare ground.

The hen lays one egg, and only one, and during the time of incubation the male bird brings her food from the sea or sits on the egg awhile himself if she wants to go out and take a swim. The lady penguins grow so fat and sleek under the good care of their faithful mates that they are eagerly hunted at the breeding season.

The old birds are tough and fishy, but the tender young matrons are in great demand, both for their oil and flesh. Even the eggs have an oily and fishy flavor and taste as hens' eggs might if cooked in paraffin. The penguin has wings, like other birds, but they are altogether too short to fly with, though they assist him somewhat in waddling over the ground.

Nature's Perch Clamp.

"Chickens and other birds roosting on a perch no bigger than a lead pencil never fall off. Do you know why?" said a farmer.

"The tendon of a roosting bird's leg is so constructed that when the leg is

FOR BOTH

One disease of thinness in children is scrofula; in adults, consumption. Both have poor blood; both need more fat. These diseases thrive on leanness. Fat is the best means of overcoming them; cod liver oil makes the best and healthiest fat and

SCOTT'S EMULSION

is the easiest and most effective form of cod liver oil. Here's a natural order of things that shows why Scott's Emulsion is of so much value in all cases of scrofula and consumption. More fat, more weight, more nourishment, that's why.

Send for free sample.

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Toronto, Ont.

50c. and \$1.00 " " " " " " All druggists

bent at the knee the claws have to contract—can't open till the leg is straightened out again.

"Thus a chicken gets on its perch, bends its knee to be comfortable and with that bending locks itself, as with a key, to the wood. It can't fall off. Put a chicken on your finger and then make it sit down. Its claws will clamp your finger tight and be unable to let go until the bird stands up again. Nature, very kindly, has so constructed roosting birds that the act of settling down clamps them to their perch."

Shelley's Heart.

A well known and very prominent English family are the possessors of a remarkable relic in the shape of a human heart preserved in a jar of alcohol. It appears that Shelley, the poet, feared that there was a chance of being buried alive. To guard against any such a contingency he left directions that his heart should be removed immediately after death. The queer relic may still be seen by any one who visits Bascombe manor, Bournemouth, England.

Force of Perseverance.

There are two ways of attaining an important end—force and perseverance. Force falls to the lot only of the privileged few, but austere and sustained perseverance can be practiced by the most insignificant. Its silent power grows irresistible with time.

The Nautilus.

The idea of airtight compartments in ships was suggested by the peculiar construction of the nautilus. The shell of this animal has forty or fifty compartments, into which air or water may be admitted, to allow the occupant to sink or float, as it pleases.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

Is a powerful, invigorating tonic, imparting health and strength in particular to the organs distinctly feminine. The local, womanly health is so intimately related to the general health that when diseases of the delicate womanly organs are cured the whole body gains in health and strength. For weak and sickly women who are "worn-out," "run-down" or debilitated, especially for women who work in store, office or schoolroom, who sit at the typewriter or sewing machine, or bear heavy household burdens, and for nursing mothers, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has proven a priceless benefit because of its health-restoring and strength-giving powers.

As a soothing and strengthening nerve. "Favorite Prescription" is unequalled and is invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitability, irritability, nervous exhaustion, nervous prostration, neuralgia, hysteria, spasms, chorea, or St. Vitus's dance, and other distressing nervous symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease of the womanly organs. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency.

Cures obstinate cases. "Favorite Prescription" is a positive cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of "female weakness," painful periods, irregularities, prolapsus or falling of the pelvic organs, weak back, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation and ulceration.

Dr. Pierce's medicines are made from harmless but efficient medical roots found growing in our American forests. The Indians knew of the marvelous curative value of some of these roots and imparted that knowledge to some of the friendlier whites, and gradually some of the more progressive physicians came to test and use them, and ever since they have grown in favor by reason of their superior curative virtues and their safe and harmless qualities.

Your druggist sells the "FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION" and also that famous alterative, blood purifier and stomach tonic, the "GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY." Write to Dr. Pierce about your case. He is an experienced physician and will treat your case as confidential and without charge for correspondence. Address him at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., of which he is chief consulting physician.

STAGECOACHING DAYS.

An Old World Era With a Decided Flavor of Romance.

The old coaching days, as far as convenience for travel was concerned, were the dawn of the great days of our present rapid means of communication. The seventy years or so in which mail coaches waxed and flourished and finally died out before the incursion of railways and steam engines have a decided flavor of romance attached to them, and no doubt the coming and going of stagecoaches lent a certain amount of color and interest and life to the country places and towns through which ran the great main coaching roads. The Bath road, the Dover road, the York road were highways of communication along which rolled the heavy private coaches and chariots of the country magnates, and the stagecoaches with their steaming horses passed the various stopping places with the regularity of clock-work.

These stagecoaches, with their complement of coachmen and guards, afforded endless subjects of interest and illustration to the artist and the literary men of the day. Imagine Charles Dickens without stagecoaches and denuded of all his vivid descriptions of the scenes such as those in the yard of the White Hart inn, High street, Borough, in "Pickwick," or of the mail coach on the Dover road in "A Tale of Two Cities." It is difficult for the present generation to realize the fatigue and the wintry cold of such long journeys, when frozen feet were enveloped in a little straw, and a "shawl" folded round the neck was thought to be a fit protection against the keen night air.—London Standard.

THE PRIVATE WON.

Rebuked His Superior Officer and Escaped Court Martial.

Charles Bradlaugh when in the British army was orderly room clerk, and a newly arrived officer once entered the room where he was sitting at work and addressed to him some discourteous order. Private Bradlaugh took no notice. The order was repeated with an oath. Still no movement. Then it came again, with some foul words added. The young soldier rose, drew himself to his full height and, walking up to the officer, bade him leave the room or he would throw him out. He went accordingly, but in a few moments the grounding of muskets was heard outside, the door opened and the colonel walked in, accompanied by the officer.

It was clear that the private soldier had committed an act for which he might be court-martialed, and as he said once, "I felt myself in a tight place." The officer made his accusation, and Private Bradlaugh was bidden to explain. He asked that the officer should state the exact words in which he had addressed him, and the other, who had, after all, a touch of honor in him, gave the offensive sentence word for word. Then Private Bradlaugh said, addressing the colonel, that the officer's memory must surely be at fault in the whole matter, as he could not have used language so unbecoming to an officer and a gentleman. The colonel turned to the officer with the dry remark: "I think Private Bradlaugh is right. There must be some mistake." And he left the room.

DESPERATE HEROISM.

An Incident of the Indian Fighting Days in Illinois.

The desperate intrepidity and war-like heroism of the early settlers of Illinois are illustrated by an incident narrated in "Historic Illinois." The early days were a time of hardship, danger and death. Every forest covert, every tuft of prairie grass, might hide some skulking red enemy. Among the early frontiersmen was a Captain Whiteside, whose name became a terror among the Kickapoos.

A party of fourteen white men led by Whiteside made an attack upon an encampment of Indians of greatly superior force. Only one Indian escaped. During the heat of the skirmish Captain Whiteside was severely wounded, he thought mortally, having received a shot in the side.

As he fell he called to his sons to keep on fighting and not to yield an inch of ground or permit the savages to touch his body. Uel Whiteside, who had also been shot in the arm, so that he could no longer use his rifle, hastily examined his father's wound, discovering that the bullet had glanced along the ribs and lodged against the spine.

With that daring and disregard for pain so often characteristic of border men he immediately whipped out his knife, gashed the skin, extracted the ball and held it up, crying:

"You're not dead yet, father!"

The old man leaped to his feet, renewed the fight and bore his full part to the end. Many such instances of heroism distinguished the men who in those days of peril were called upon to defend the frontiers of Illinois.

EASILY SCARED.

An Adventure With a Rhinoceros In East Africa.

Of a curious encounter with a rhinoceros an African traveler writes in the Globe Trotter, published in Nairobi, British East Africa: "I was peacefully grazing on a choice patch of green stuff and apparently meant to do the well bred thing and allow us to pass by; so, with my heart in my mouth, nothing in my pockets and an empty magazine rifle in my hand, I attempted a slide for a more secure position. But I was immediately foiled of this object by a suspicious movement on the part of the enemy. A swish of the tail, a suggestive upflitting of the snout and a sniff of the atmosphere, and the delicate and fairylike creature bore down ponderously upon my two native bearers and myself.

"My knees promptly refused to work. I could not move a muscle, and so with all the British pluck and courage of which we have read so much I calmly resigned myself. By this time the hideous beastly had advanced to within ten yards of its prey, when, to my surprise, the two boys accompanying me hastily dismantled themselves of all baggage, and, with all muscles stretched, ready for a sprint, they stood their ground and, without moving an inch, began to whistle for all they were worth.

"Quickly noting the satisfactory result of the maneuver, I blew my whistle hastily and with good will. The shrill notes struck strangely on the untutored ear of the rhino, for he promptly turned tail and fled."

A Short Cut.

"There goes a man," observed a steamship agent as he directed attention to a surely looking individual who had just engaged passage for Europe, "whose efforts are devoted to constructing short cuts in business methods and in conducting all time con-

Suppose you do like the tea you are using. How do you know it is the best tea you can get for the money?

MANY were satisfied with the tea they were using before they tried Red Rose Tea.

When they tried Red Rose Tea they found it had that "rich fruity flavor," found it was strong—that it requires less to make a cup of good tea than the brand of Ceylon alone they had been using.

Now, why not be sure you are getting the best tea to be had.

You cannot be sure till you try Red Rose Tea.

Red Rose Tea

is good Tea
T. H. Estabrooke
St. John, N.B., Toronto, Winnipeg

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BLOOD POISON

On account of its terrible effects, blood disease is called the king of all diseases. It may be either hereditary or contracted; so while it may not be a crime to have the disease, it is a crime to permit it to remain in the system. It may manifest itself in the form of Scrofula, Eczema, rheumatic pains, stiff or swollen joints, itching of the skin, eruptions or blotches, ulcers in the mouth or on the tongue, sore throat, falling out of hair, disordered stomach, and a general depression of the system. If you have any of these symptoms don't neglect yourself. You have no time to lose. Beware of "hold forth" treatment—beware of mineral poisons—beware of Quacks and Fakirs. **OUR NEW METHOD TREATMENT** is guaranteed to cure this disease, never to return. Bank Bonds will protect you. Our treatment is not injurious in any way, but reaches the very root of the disease and eliminates all poison from the system. The symptoms of disease gradually disappear. The blood becomes pure and enriched, the whole system is cleansed and purified, and the patient feels prepared anew for the duties and the pleasures of life. **CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY. 25 Years in Detroit. 250,000 Cured.**

Consultation Free. Question Blank for Home Treatment and Books Free.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN

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INSURANCE COMPANIES LOOK ASKANCE

AT A MAN IF HE CANNOT ANSWER THE QUESTION, "HAVE YOU EVER HAD RHEUMATISM?" WITH A GOOD HONEST "NO!"

So you see how it bars happiness and comfort if you neglect the means to prevent and cure—the great

South American Rheumatic Cure

is the effective means, and while lack of provision for your "loved ones" from such a cause may be counted secondary to a life of suffering to oneself, it is one of the many sides in the study of health that we should take in dead earnest. Every disease has its symptoms—every ailment that flesh is heir to has its note of warning, and it's for us to heed or suffer the consequences; and who does not know the signs by experience or observation?—fever, chills, sweating, shooting pains, numbness, aching muscles, stiffened and swelled joints.

The great South American Rheumatic Cure gives ease from the first dose and it gently and effectually eradicates the trouble from the system. It gets at the root of the evil and it gets there quickly—most stubborn cases cured in one to three days. Influential physicians prescribe it as the best and surest cure they know of.

the room.

JUDGING DOGS.

The Rules by Which the Different Points Are Valued.

The average man is greatly puzzled to find one dog awarded a first prize and another, which to him appears to be quite as fine a specimen, awarded no prize at all. A man who knows the relative values of the different points in all breeds of dogs is a veritable walking encyclopedia.

Generally speaking, the best dog is one which comes nearest the standard of requirements for its own particular breed, about 25 per cent of the points being usually awarded for fine head proportions, an equal number for legs and feet, a similar number for body and color and the rest for symmetry.

In the Dalmatian, for instance, thirty points are given for color and markings, while head, eyes and ears have only fifteen; the bulldog, on the other hand, has forty-five for head and ears, while coat and color amount to but five points; the collie has twenty-five for coat, color being immaterial, and twenty-five for head and ears.

The St. Bernard has forty for head and ears and five each for coat and color. The Pomeranian has but fifteen for head and ears, forty-five points going for coat, color and tail, with fifteen for appearance. It may be set down as governing in all breeds of dogs that whatever is the typical feature of that breed is the feature upon which stress is laid in the allotment of points.

The Ant's Cow.

The aphid, one of the most widely distributed species of insects known to the entomologists, is sometimes referred to as the "ant's cow." The aphid actually gives milk, although the creature itself is so small that it is estimated to weigh but the one one-thousandth of a grain. Out of the back of the aphid project two hollow tubes. These connect with ducts in the body, which secrete a sweet liquid. When the tubes are touched the liquid exudes in small drops. The ants know this, and they make a regular business of tickling the tubes of the little aphids to make her "give down her milk." The ant is very fond of this saccharine food and will "milk" a hundred aphids in the course of an hour.

Why He Resigned.

The French Baron Rothschild once had in his service a valet named Alphonse, first class, but an acknowledged "red." This valet obtained permission once a week to attend the meetings of his Socialist lodge. Suddenly the baron noticed that Alphonse no longer desired this off night and, inquiring into the cause, was informed that the valet's late Socialist colleagues had worked out a calculation that if all the wealth of France were divided equally per capita each individual would be the possessor of 2,000 francs. "Monsieur," said Alphonse, with dignity, "I resigned. I have 5,000 francs!"—Argonaut.

Henpecked Husbands.

Henpecked husbands are found even in India. A writer says: "To live as I have done in a Hindoo house, especially when the real house mistress is a masterful and deeply religious widow, who is grandmother to the babies and mother to their parents, is no longer to wonder at the absolute terror with which men speak of the 'stri achchar.' For the men of India are, poor souls, the most henpecked in the world."

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Plummer* The Kind You Have Always Bought

had just engaged passage for Europe, "whose efforts are devoted to constructing short cuts in business methods and in eliminating all time-consuming men and their propositions from his busy existence. He is a man of very few words. Some years ago this gentleman crossed the ocean and had a very unpleasant trip. One morning a sympathetic passenger offered him a lemon, expressing a sincere wish that it would give relief. The pale traveler seized the lemon, hurled it violently into the ocean and growled: "This is a quicker way than the other."

An Odd Moorish Custom.

As a people the Moors are already well inclined to anything that gilds life. A correspondent says: "Nothing delights them more as a means of agreeably spending an hour or two than squatting on their heels in the streets or on some door stoop, gazing at the passersby, exchanging compliments with their acquaintances. Native 'swells' consequently promenade with a piece of felt under their arms, on which to sit when they wish."

His Statement.

Dr. Price-Price (diplomatically)—I don't know whether I sent you a statement of what—or—you owe me. Mr. Knok—Neither do I. Dr. Price-Price—Oh, you didn't get it then? I suppose I didn't send you a statement. Mr. Knok—Yes; you did. But it looked more like a statement of what you think I possess.

Too Much Heart.

"And you rejected him?"
"I did."
"He has the reputation of being a large hearted man."
"That's the trouble with him. He is too large hearted. He can love half a dozen women at the same time."

Domestic Finance.

Mrs. Knicker—Can you get money from your husband? Mrs. Bocker—No. By the time I've paid the cook for a good dinner before I ask him I'm just even.

Music is the prophecy of what life is to be, the rainbow of promise translated out of seeing into hearing.—Mrs. L. M. Child.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

VIA  TO THE NORTH WEST

RETURN FARES:			
Winnipeg	\$32.00	Strasbourg	\$36.25
Souris	\$33.50	Saskatoon	37.25
Brandon	33.50	Prince Albert	38.00
Moosomin	34.20	No. Battleford	39.00
Arco	34.50	Macleod	40.00
Estevan	35.00	Calgary	43.50
Yorkton	35.00	Red Deer	41.50
Regina	35.75	Stettler	42.50
Moose Jaw	36.00	Edmonton	42.50

GOING:

June 5th, good to return until August 6th.	
June 19th, " " August 20th.	
July 3rd, " " Sept. 3rd.	
July 17th, " " Sept. 17th.	

For rates to other points and complete information apply to nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or write to C. B. FOSTER, District Passenger Agent, 71 Yonge St., Toronto.

cases cured in one to three days. Influential physicians prescribe it as the best and surest cure they know of.

ALL DRUGGISTS AND MEDICINE DEALERS SELL IT.

SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE makes blood that is poor and pale rich and red—and that means good health.

Sold by **F. L. Hooper.**

Removed the Growth.

DOUGLAS & CO., NAPANEE, ONT.

DEAR SIRS,—During year 1890-91 I was troubled with a large lump growing on the right side of my neck near the ear. Had consulted several physicians and used everything I could hear of, all to no use. Was told to use

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment.

I did, and before I had used half a twenty-five cent bottle was permanently cured. Since then I have used it for everything where outward application is required; am yet to learn of anything in reason that I cannot cure with it. No man has any idea of its value until he has used it; would not be without it under any circumstance

[Respectfully yours,

NATHANIEL W. REID.

Enterprise P. O.



FROST LOCKS

Make a Fence of Strength

The heaviest, strongest wires made can't make a strong fence unless the locks are as strong as the wires. A fence, like a chain, is only as strong as its weakest spot.

The New Frost Lock and Frost Wedge Lock are the most unyielding parts of a Frost Fence. They make the whole fence as strong as the strongest wire.



We guarantee to repair—free of charge—any Frost Fence that goes wrong



F. G. YOUNG, Sandhurst
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WALTER RUSSELL, Selby
FRED. PERRY, Chambers



S. BOND & CO., ODESSA.

TO THE PUBLIC—

Our Spring Goods have now arrived and we are able to show exceptional values and patterns in Crum's Prints, Sateen Prints, Dress Ducks, Organdies, Priestley's Lustres, and Silks.

We have a full supply of Groceries, Flour, and Feed, Patent Medicines, Boots and Shoes, and Hardware, in fact everything kept by a general store.

We are able to compete with any general store in the province

We pay Highest Price for all Farm Produce.

S. BOND & CO., ODESSA.

One of Three Things Always Cause

RHEUMATISM

Do you know the system rids itself of waste matter through bowels and kidneys? Yes, but by the skin as well.

As a matter of fact, the skin rids the system of more urea than the kidneys do.

If the skin, or bowels, or kidneys are unhealthy—they won't throw off enough urea. This urea is changed into uric acid—carried by the blood to joints and nerves—causing Rheumatism.

One never inherits Rheumatism. One does inherit weak kidneys, irregular bowels and bad skin action.

Fruit-a-tives

OR "FRUIT LIVER TABLETS"

will positively cure Rheumatism because they increase the eliminating action of skin, kidneys and bowels—and make these three organs so vigorous and healthy that there can be no urea or waste retained in the system to poison the blood and irritate the nerves.

FRUIT-A-TIVES are fruit juices, combined with tonics—the whole forming the most effective cure for Rheumatism.

50c. a box or 6 boxes for \$2.50. Sent on receipt of price if your druggist does not handle them.

FRUIT-A-TIVES LIMITED • OTTAWA.

Stranger—How long since you made an arrest, constable? Constable Hii Melder—Quite a considerable spell. I'm gain' a leetle slow 'bout haulin' 'em in jest now. We hain't got no place to put 'em 'ceptin' Cy Tedder's chicken coop, an' Cy's got a settin' hen on.

The Fact of It.

"It's love that makes the world go round," said the old-fashioned sentimental.

"No," answered Miss Cayenne; "it merely makes some people so dizzy that they think the world is going round."

The dawn of the future is announced to such as can read its signs, and we give ourselves wholly to it.—Mazzini.

A Scotch Text.

Auchtermuchty is the happy town which every Scot, proud of his unpronounceable tongue, uses as a shibboleth to test the linguistic skill of the southern. If you cannot say "Auchtermuchty" you are still an uneducated barbarian. The meaning of the word happens to be as monstrous as its sound. "The high ground of the wild sow" is not a name one would choose for a garden city. People, however, are found to flock to it as a summer resort, and as it has a lover's pool, the town has probably attractions more real than its name. In the early part of last century Auchtermuchty went bankrupt and was deprived of all its property except the jail and one or two other assets of an equally necessary character. It is now rich, peaceful and radical.

A SABBATHARIAN.

Result of a Doctor's Compact With an Insane Patient.

Dr. A. did not believe in forcible restraint for the insane. Therefore, as head of an insane asylum where personal influence was made to take the place of bolts and bars and shackles, he was kept a busy man. One patient in particular was a young boy continually complained of at headquarters because he refused to wear his clothing, preferring to tear it into rags.

Dr. A. remonstrated in vain, then thought out a plan of diplomacy, with which he approached his patient.

"John," said he, "I find I am in need of a boy and thought you might like to take the position. I want to engage a boy not to tear clothes. Do you think you could do that work?"

"Yes, I could," said John.

"Very well. What wages will you ask?"

"Twopence a day."

The bargain was closed on the spot. John's destroyed clothing having cost the asylum pounds where his wages were pennies. From Monday to Saturday John was a model laborer, receiving at the end of each day his wage with the other workmen about the asylum. Sunday came, and with it John's mania. He had not a whole rag on his back when Dr. A. was called upon to speak to him.

"How did this happen, John?" he asked. "Weren't you engaged to work for me? You have broken your contract."

"I have not, sir," asserted John, with warmth. "Didn't I work for you all the week? Today's Sunday, and I'll be hanged if I work for any man on Sunday."

CAVE OF THE WINDS.

The Vision Carved In Stone Under the Hills of Dakota.

The great wind cave has the form of an eight story house, each story, or stratum, containing a distinct formation of its own and each containing chambers of a size and magnificence of decoration such as have never been found in any subterranean cavern of the world.

It is a dream, a nightmare, a vision, carved in solid stone under the green hills of Dakota, stone as white as the milk the hired man used to give us to drink in the dawn of a happy June morning, stone as red as the heart of the first bloodroot that you dug in the spring when the world was all spring to you, and stone that is blue with a blue that all the painters who have ever painted Venice have tried to get for generations and have failed.

Frozen fountains are there, white with the leaping foam of untold ages; sculptured cats and horses and great monsters to be dreamed about o' nights and feared in dark corners in the daytime, organs built by the hands of giant gnomes for a Titan to play wild hymns of praise upon, a kitchen for the cooking of weird dishes never thought of up here in the sunshine, all manner and all kinds of rooms, ninety miles of them, down there under the hoofs of the gallant little range horses who pound the grass into hay the year round, up there in South Dakota.—Exchange.

THE PLANET URANUS.

Oddities a Voyage to This Gigantic World Would Disclose.

If Uranus, which is a star of about the sixth magnitude, were a planet like those little ones called asteroids, which are being discovered by the dozen every year, it could not have much claim upon popular attention, but Uranus is really a gigantic world, more than sixty times as large as ours. Its vast distance, about 1,700,000,000 miles from the earth, is what causes it to look so small. Uranus has four moons, which revolve backward in their orbits—that is to say, they revolve from east to west around Uranus, while Uranus goes, like all the other planets, from west to east around the sun. It is believed that Uranus rotates backward on its axis also. Moreover, the axis of that great, strange globe lies in such a direction that in the course of its year, which is equal to eighty-four of our years, the sun shines almost perpendicularly first upon one pole and then upon the other. Measured by our time standard, there are forty years of constant daylight, followed by forty years of unbroken night, around the poles of Uranus. And the sun rises in the west and sets in the east there. But the sun looks very small when viewed from Uranus—only one four-hundredth as large as it appears to us. Still it sheds upon that planet 1,500 times as much light as the full moon sends to the earth, so that daylight upon Uranus, while faint compared with the blaze of a terrestrial noonday, is nevertheless a very respectable kind of illumination.

CAKE AN OLD INSTITUTION.

The Ancients Made and Ate It, but It Was a Simple Affair.

The ancients made cake, but it was not the rich, highly seasoned and flavored confection which we indulge in nowadays. They had plain cakes made with flour and water, some of them without a suspicion of sweet or flavor. Some of them were not unlike our plainest crackers and were often eaten as we eat bread.

Wedding cake was an institution among them, as with us, but the cake was a plain one and was broken above the head of the bride as she went to her new home. This was a special feature of Roman marriages 2,000 years ago. The breaking of the cake was part of a solemn ceremony. All of the cakes of ancient history are plain and simple. It is only as we come down to more modern times that we hear of spices and fruits and all of the rich and luxurious ingredients in which present day cakemakers delight. In Queen Elizabeth's time spice cakes and buns were eaten at weddings. From these the fashion and fancy grew for all sorts of elaborate and deliciously unwholesome combinations until there seems to be a perpetual struggle for something new and more unusual to stir into the cake of the period.

Measuring Medicine.

Use a medicine glass with the amount of each spoonful and drop marked upon it. Teaspoonfuls and tablespoonfuls are always mentioned, but as these vary in size it is not safe to rely upon them. Drops, too, cannot be properly measured without a glass. Keep the medicine glass perfectly clean. It should be washed out after each dose, in readiness for the next time. It is desirable that if the patient is to have medicine with a strong smell, oils, etc., to keep a glass specially for them, letting it soak in hot water for half an hour after use to re-

AN ECHO.

How to Measure the Distance From Which It Is Reflected.

There is scarcely anything in nature that exerts the fascination over every one alike than does an echo, and common as it may become there is always a feeling of mystery about it that holds us as with a charm. Of course we all know that it is merely the reflection of a sound from some object, as the side of a house or a rock or a hill, but often we cannot tell how far away the object is that causes it. Here is a way to tell every time:

Holding a watch in your hand, shout a single syllable, as "Ho!" or "Ha!" and count the number of seconds from the time you shout till the sound comes back to you. Now, sound travels at the rate of 1,125 feet a second, so the number of seconds that elapse multiplied by 1,125 will give the distance in feet traveled by the voice in going to the object and back to you again, and one-half of that number will be the number of feet away that object is. Of course the object may be only a few hundred feet away, in which case the sound will come back in less than a second, but you may determine the distance, nevertheless, by calling a single syllable—"Ha!"—and calling it again as you hear the echo, not before or after it, but just with it.

With a little practice you can do this. Repeat the call ten or twelve times, counting the seconds between the first call and the last echo. Suppose, for example, that the time is seven seconds and that you called the syllable ten times. Then each echo took seven-tenths of a second, and the distance, found in the same way as before, is about 394 feet.—Exchange.

WATCHING THE BUILDERS.

Fire Insurance Folks Keep an Eye on Construction Methods.

A builder speaking of the watchfulness of fire insurance companies in New York city in the erection of buildings in that city says:

"Insurance companies in placing policies upon so called fireproof buildings do not accept the word of the builders and contractors, nor rest content with the evidence submitted by the city building department. Their own experts make an examination. Such an examination is made not at the behest of politicians or in the interest of a group of men, but by technical experts whose reports must be exact, detailed and exhaustive in the interests of shrewd business men. The insurance underwriters have their own corps of expert engineers and fireproof agents in the field all of the time. When a large building is in course of construction in New York these experts of the underwriters watch every stage of the development. They have no power to stop work on the building as city building inspectors have when the building laws are not complied with, but they possess another sort of check which is fully as effectual. The builders, contractors or owners, or all three, are notified that further insurance policies will not be made on the building until certain remedies are made."

Earrings.

Earrings have always been among the most favorite ornaments of nearly all the nations of the world, certainly with those which are called civilized. Indeed among the Persians, Babylonians and Carthaginians they were worn by men as well as women. They were always worn by Greek women from Hera in the "Iliad" down to the Venus de Medici, whose ears were pierced for

The children cannot possibly have good health unless the bowels are in proper condition. A

Delicate Children

The children cannot possibly have good health unless the bowels are in proper condition. A sluggish liver gives a coated tongue, bad breath, constipated bowels. Correct all these by giving small doses of Ayer's Pills. Genuine liver pills, gently laxative, all vegetable, sugar-coated. We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

GIVE THE BABY

Dr.

MADE IN FRANCE SAVES BABIES' LIVES

Desires: Warmth, Assimilate the Food, Regulate the Bowels, sweeten the Stomach, give good and refreshing sleep, relieve Teething troubles, Allay Feverishness, Cure Indigestion, Harshness, Constipation, Colic, etc. **STOPS TALKING IN THE SLEEP, AND FRICHTENED WAKENING. CURES FITS.** It does not contain Lorphine, Opium or other narcotic.

WHAT WE WILL DO. Any person sending their address can have samples sent free. We want to give you the proper medicine for children. Have the genuine.

Saves Babies' Lives.



MENTION THIS PAPER

CAUTION. Do not allow Druggists to substitute these Tablets. If you cannot get Hennequin's send direct to us. Your only guarantee of the genuine Hennequin's is "you will find the letter "H" stamped on every Tablet."

PRICE 25c. OR 5 PACKAGES FOR \$1.00. Prepaid to any address. If after using one package you wish your dollar return us the remainder. We cannot be responsible for money unless sent P. O. Order, Registered Letter, or stamps.

DOUGLAS & CO.,
Napanee, Ont., Canada.

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE. No. 28 Taking effect Jan 1st, 1906.

Kingston and Napanee to Deseronto and Bannockburn.

Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6
Kingston	0	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Deseronto	10	6:00	6:15	1:00	1:15	6:00	6:15
Napanee	15	6:25	6:40	1:25	1:40	6:25	6:40
Bannockburn	20	6:50	7:05	1:50	2:05	6:50	7:05
Deseronto	25	7:15	7:30	2:15	2:30	7:15	7:30
Napanee	30	7:40	7:55	2:40	2:55	7:40	7:55
Bannockburn	35	8:05	8:20	3:05	3:20	8:05	8:20
Deseronto	40	8:30	8:45	3:30	3:45	8:30	8:45
Napanee	45	8:55	9:10	3:55	4:10	8:55	9:10
Bannockburn	50	9:20	9:35	4:20	4:35	9:20	9:35
Deseronto	55	9:45	10:00	4:45	5:00	9:45	10:00
Napanee	60	10:10	10:25	5:10	5:25	10:10	10:25
Bannockburn	65	10:35	10:50	5:35	5:50	10:35	10:50
Deseronto	70	11:00	11:15	6:00	6:15	11:00	11:15
Napanee	75	11:25	11:40	6:25	6:40	11:25	11:40
Bannockburn	80	11:50	12:05	6:50	7:05	11:50	12:05
Deseronto	85	12:15	12:30	7:15	7:30	12:15	12:30

Kingston and Napanee to Deseronto and Bannockburn.

Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6
Kingston	0	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Deseronto	10	6:00	6:15	1:00	1:15	6:00	6:15
Napanee	15	6:25	6:40	1:25	1:40	6:25	6:40
Bannockburn	20	6:50	7:05	1:50	2:05	6:50	7:05
Deseronto	25	7:15	7:30	2:15	2:30	7:15	7:30
Napanee	30	7:40	7:55	2:40	2:55	7:40	7:55
Bannockburn	35	8:05	8:20	3:05	3:20	8:05	8:20
Deseronto	40	8:30	8:45	3:30	3:45	8:30	8:45
Napanee	45	8:55	9:10	3:55	4:10	8:55	9:10
Bannockburn	50	9:20	9:35	4:20	4:35	9:20	9:35
Deseronto	55	9:45	10:00	4:45	5:00	9:45	10:00
Napanee	60	10:10	10:25	5:10	5:25	10:10	10:25
Bannockburn	65	10:35	10:50	5:35	5:50	10:35	10:50
Deseronto	70	11:00	11:15	6:00	6:15	11:00	11:15
Napanee	75	11:25	11:40	6:25	6:40	11:25	11:40
Bannockburn	80	11:50	12:05	6:50	7:05	11:50	12:05
Deseronto	85	12:15	12:30	7:15	7:30	12:15	12:30

LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.

NAPANEE TO DESERONTO and PICTON.				PICTON TO DESERONTO and NAPANEE.			
TRAINS		STEAMERS		STEAMERS		TRAINS	
Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive
Napanee	Deseronto	Deseronto	Pictou	Pictou	Deseronto	Deseronto	Napanee
2:30 a.m.	3:30 a.m.	7:00 a.m.	8:00 a.m.	6:00 a.m.	7:30 a.m.	9:50 a.m.	10:10 a.m.
3:30 " "	4:30 " "			10:00 a.m.	11:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.	12:05 p.m.
6:35 " "	7:35 " "					3:45 p.m.	4:10 " "
7:55 " "	8:55 " "					6:10 " "	6:30 " "
1:20 " "	10:55 p.m.	1:40 p.m.	3:10 p.m.			7:40 " "	8:00 " "
9:30 p.m.	1:30 p.m.			4:00 p.m.	5:30 p.m.	12:55 a.m.	1:10 a.m.
4:30 " "	5:30 p.m.					1:40 " "	3:10 " "
1:00 " "	6:55 " "					1:00 " "	3:20 " "
8:15 " "	9:55 " "					7:00 " "	7:20 " "
						7:20 " "	7:40 " "

Daily. All other trains run daily. Sundays excepted.

WALTER RATHBUN President.

H. B. SHERWOOD, Superintendent.

D. A. VALLEAU, Asst. Superintendent.

Is to have medicine with a strong smell, oils, etc., to keep a glass specially for them, letting it soak in hot water for half an hour after use to remove all disagreeable odor. It is impossible to cleanse such a glass in a few moments. When the medicine is being poured out hold the label uppermost in order that it may not become stained with any drops escaping down the side of the bottle.

Mozart and Bretzner.

When Mozart was at the height of his fame he composed the music for Bretzner's "Belmont und Konstanze" ("The Abduction From the Seraglio") at the request of the Emperor Joseph II. The author of the drama was so angry at this that he inserted the following notice in the Leipziger Zeitung: "A certain fellow of the name of Mozart has dared to misuse my drama, 'Belmont und Konstanze,' for an opera text. I hereby solemnly protest against this invasion of my rights, and I reserve to myself further procedures. (Signed), Christoph Friedrich Bretzner, author of 'Rauschchen.'"

A Ground Hog Case.

"A ground hog case" is a case of absolute necessity—one in which the reward of perseverance is certain and the necessity for perseverance is imperative. Its origin is told in this story: A boy was seen digging vigorously with a grub hoe at the mouth of a hole in which a ground hog had taken refuge. He was asked if he thought he would get the ground hog, to which he replied with scorn: "Catch him? Why, yes; I'm bound to catch him; we're out of meat."

Johnny's Faith.

"But why do you think Johnny believes so thoroughly in the efficacy of prayer?"

"Because when I suggested that he pray for a little brother he refused to do it and prayed for a goat and a red wagon instead."

Gospel of Clothes.

It is a fact nowadays that fine feathers do make fine birds and that people are judged more by their appearance than their character.—Lady Violet Greville in London Graphic.

Opponents think that they refute us when they repeat their own opinions and take no notice of ours.—Goethe.

Absentminded.

One of the most brilliant of all Eaton's masters some years ago was a very absentminded man. He was reported to have been seen one day chasing a hen down Windsor hill in the fond belief that she was his hat!

Malleious.

Miss Longyears—You know I have been called good looking. Cynicus—I dare say. The standards of beauty change every ten years or so.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Match War Erected a Fountain.

Probably the price of no other article in common use has undergone such a revolution as the match. The first friction matches in 1830—the "Congreves"—were placed on the London market in tin boxes of fifties at half a crown a box, with a piece of glass paper for striking purposes thrown in. Messrs. Bryant and May took a leading part in defeating Mr. Lowe's proposed tax on lucifers, as they were then called, and in recognition of their services a public drinking fountain was erected at Bow.—London Mail.

Not Well Enough For Hospital.

House physicians, when they wish to empty a bed of a chronic case, will welcome the new and original excuse contained in the following letter: "Dear Sister—When next the doctor attends mother, will you please ask him to disambiguate, as she does not feel well, and oblige, yours truly, —."

Necessity.

"Terkins has separated from his wife and gone to live in bachelor apartments."

"What did he do that for?"

"He said he couldn't live without some of the comforts of home."

Politeness.

Politeness is a kind of anaesthetic which envelops the asperities of our character, so that other people be not wounded by them. We should never be without it, even when we contend with the rule.

Almost Malignant.

M. D.—This is queer. Have you taken anything that disagreed with you? The Patient—Nothing but your advice of yesterday.

Disgrace is immortal and living even when one thinks it dead.

Women Sailors.

Women sailors are employed in Denmark, Norway and Finland and are often found to be excellent mariners. In Denmark several women are employed as state officials at sea, and particularly in the pilot service. They go out to meet the incoming ships; they climb nimbly out of their boats; they show their official diploma, and they steer the newcomer safely into the harbor. It is the same in Finland.

And He Got Her.

Mr. Millyuns—Is it my daughter you want or is it her money? Jack Gingleton (amateur champion for 100 yards)—Sir! You surprise me. You know very well that I'm an amateur athlete. Mr. Millyuns—What's that got to do with it? Jack Gingleton—A great deal, sir. It debars me from taking part in any event for money.

Strong.

Fair Customer—Have you any good butter? Dairyman—Certainly, madam. My reputation rests upon my butter. Fair Customer—If the last I got of you was a fair sample, your reputation certainly rests on a strong foundation.—Chicago News.

IT'S CURED

If you, your friends or relatives suffer with Fits, Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, or Falling Sickness, write for a trial bottle and valuable treatise on such diseases to THE LEIBIG CO., 179 King Street, W., Toronto, Canada. All druggists sell or can obtain for you

LEIBIG'S FIT CURE

ALPINE ROOT DIGGERS.

Their Work of Danger High Up in the Mountains.

Throughout the whole chain of the Alps there are men who make it their business to search for and root up the gentian, arnica, puffballs and other Alpine flowers.

High up in the mountains the root grubber, generally an old man, builds a little hut. He chambers precipices to the edges, where the blue flowers grow; or, if he cannot ascend, he lets himself down to their place of refuge by a rope fastened to a pine above.

He wanders to a long distance from his hut and does not always trouble to return to it at night, finding shelter under a rock. Next morning he spreads all the roots he has collected on a rock, where they may dry.

He collects herbs as well as roots, and the resin from the pine besides. When the summer is over and there are signs of snow, the root grubber collects all together in his little hut and finally transports the whole of his six months' collection to the valley.

The arnica and some other roots used in medicine are readily disposed of. From the gentian is made the favorite gentian brandy, which is considered the very elixir of life by the mountain folk. In other days, when gentians grew in great numbers, the root digger was able to realize a good income from his perilous occupation, but it is otherwise now.

THE TIMOROUS KUBUS.

They Live in Sumatra and Are the Shiest People Alive.

There is a very singular race of people in Sumatra, the Kubus, who are too timorous and shy to mix with the other races of the island and dwell in the recesses of the forests. They are looked on as inferiors by the Malays and thought to be little better than beasts. Such is their shyness that they will never willingly face a stranger.

Their trade with the Malays is consequently carried on in a strange manner. The trader announces his arrival by beating a gong, and he then retires. The Kubus approach, put their forest treasures on the ground, beat a gong and retreat. The trader returns and lays his commodities down in quantities sufficient, as he thinks, for the purchase of the goods on sale. Then he retires, and the Kubus reappear and consider the bargain.

And so, after more withdrawals and approaches and gong beatings, the respective parties come to an understanding and carry off independently their bargains. The Kubus in their wild state do not bury their dead. They live on snakes, grubs, fruits and the flesh of any deer or pigs they can slay. They are skillful spearmen and throw stones with marvelous accuracy.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Meals in Schools.

In Paris the city government gives every school child one full meal a day. This does not tend to pauperize the children or to lessen the responsibility of the parents, for all those who can afford to pay for the meal are expected to do so. On the other hand, no jealousy or contempt can be felt by the richer children for their starved comrades, for all are supplied with the same metal token, which has to be given up in exchange for the meal. The "cantine scolaire," as this municipal soup kitchen is called, is not confined to Paris. In the provinces the "soupe scolaire," its equivalent, has sent up the school attendance by leaps and bounds. Here, however, instead of paying for their midday meal all those

COLLIN'S BAY

The farmers are very busy at their Spring work. Some have finished. Several families have moved into the village recently.

The houses will soon all be taken. The new cottages going up will greatly beautify the village.

Miss Maude Howard, Glenvale, spent Sunday at A Howard's.

Miss McKay has returned from Amherst Island, where she was visiting her sister, Mrs. R. Henderson.

Mrs. Meachen still continues very low.

Mrs. (Dr.) Rankin and children, of Brooklyn, N.Y., spent last week at Mr. D. Rankin's.

Mr. Fred. Thompson, G. F. R., has been moved to Whithy Junction, and Fred Baker, Ernestown, has taken his place here.

House-cleaning is all the rage.

MOSCOW.

Mr. Wagar and family have moved into the house lately occupied by J. O'Neil.

We regret to have chronicled another sudden death which occurred here last week. George Botts died on Thursday after a week's suffering of appendicitis. He leaves a widow and small child, who have the sympathy of the entire community.

At the re-election of officers for the Sunday school, Mrs. Alfred Martin was chosen superintendent with Ernest Amey, assistant.

Fred Johnston lost a valuable horse this week. Its death was caused by breaking through the stable floor in the night and injured itself in an attempt to get up.

A number from here attended quarterly service at Yarker on Sunday morning.

Alfred Martin is making tile for the county drains.

Arbor day was duly observed in our school on Friday. The yard was cleaned and cleared of some dead trees, and new ones were planted.

A. M. Bell, of Queen's, spent Sunday the guest of his parents.

NEWBURGH.

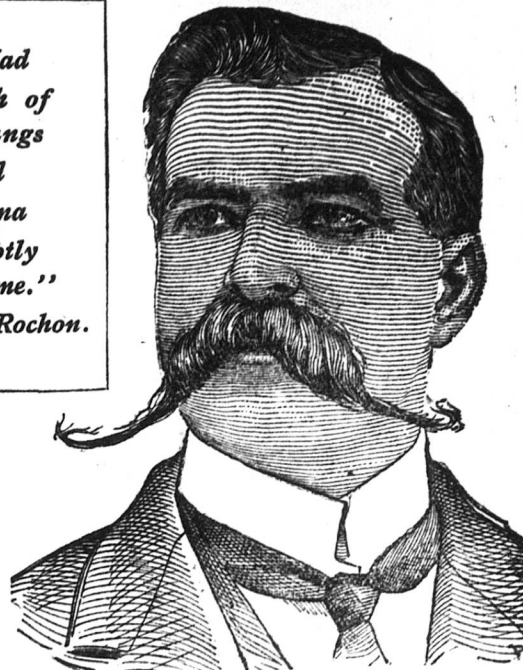
Thursday, May 3rd, was a sad day in the annals of this parish when Henry Ford Finkle, aged 14 years and 4 months, was laid to rest, the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Hilton Finkle. The deepest sympathy was felt by the entire community. The dignified and comforting service of the Church of England was held in St. John's church where the body resting in a chaste casket filled with beautiful cut flowers was brought. The surpliced choir with the Rev. Rural Dean Dibb and the Rector met the remains at door of the church and conducted it up to the chancel where it was gently and carefully placed in position by Frank Ryan, Vrooman Bradshaw, Percy Patterson and A. Wilson, the Pall bearers school friends of dear Ford. The Hymns selected were 178, 499, 438, A & M. The Rector read the Burial office and Rural Dean Dibb, the lesson, and preached a most comforting and touching sermon from the text "Weep Not." At the conclusion of the solemn service, the surpliced choir marched slowly out of the church and took their place ahead of the hearse to the grave, then followed the mourners in carriages, then the entire staff of pupils of the school's and lastly friends and acquaintances from Napanee, Yarker and Camden East. At the cemetery the choir circled round the grave of their little comrade and assisted by many present, sang three hymns, 184, 277, 193 a. & m., whilst the last rites were taking place most feelingly. Ford was a manly, bright boy, good mannered and a general favorite. The doctors, nurses and all who came in contact with him during his short but fatal illness, were drawn to the boy. He will be much missed in the church where he was Banner boy in the choir and assisted in every way possible.

SEVERE CANADIAN WINTERS DEPRIVED OF THEIR DANGER.

Colds and Their After-Effects Conquered By the Use of Pe-ru-na.

*"I Had
Catarrh of
the Lungs
and
Peruna
Promptly
Cured me."*

--Alfred Rochon.



Hon. Alfred Rochon, President Canadian Foresters, 76 Fleurie street, Quebec, Canada, writes:

"I am pleased to add my testimonial to the many I see to the efficacy of Peruna. I suffered for some time with chronic catarrh of the lungs and really thought that I was not to get any relief, as I had used so many remedies and my condition remained about the same.

"Finally I decided on Peruna and that was a lucky day for me, for it proved to be the remedy which cured me. My lungs are perfectly sound now and I have not had the slightest trouble with them since, and at the slightest indication of a cold now I take a few doses and it will always ward off any bad effects."

Catarrh of the lungs is, ordinarily, known as consumption. In these cases the catarrh has usually found its way into the lungs by the gradual extension of the disease from the throat through the bronchial tubes. Consumption is the natural termination of all cases of neglected chronic catarrh. Every one who is afflicted with chronic catarrh is liable to be attacked with consumption at any time. In the first stages of the disease Peruna is a sure cure.

**NEGLECTED
COLDS PROVE
DISASTROUS.**

A slight cough, which, without a vestige of doubt, would soon disappear with the use of Peruna, becomes chronic bronchitis, which requires a persistent use of Peruna for some time. There are a great many cases of consumption every year due directly to a cold.

Peruna is for sale by all first class drug stores at \$1 per bottle.

Send to The Peruna Medicine Company, Columbus, O., for Dr. Hartman's free book, entitled, "Chronic Catarrh."

**A COUGH
IS NATURE'S
WARNING.**

UMBRELLAS.

The Various Processes Which Enter Into Their Making.

The ribs and stems of an umbrella are generally made in factories having a specialty of these items and are sent thence to the real manufacturer. Here first the man whose work it is to assemble the parts inserts a bit of wire into the small holes at the end of the ribs, draws them together about the main rod and puts on the ferrule.

In cutting the cloth seventy-five thicknesses or thereabouts are arranged upon a splitting table, at which skilled operators work. In another room are a number of girls who operate hemming machines. A thousand yards of hemmed goods is but a day's work for one of these girls. The machines at which they work are geared to a high speed. After hemming, the cloth is cut into

Vapo-Resolene

Established 1879.

Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis, Cough, Grip, Asthma, Diphtheria

Cresolene is a boon to Asthmatics

Cresolene is a long established and standard remedy for all respiratory ailments. It cures because the air rendered by it is instantly carried over the diseased surface, and the result is that a with every breath, giving relief and constant treatment. Those of a consumptive tendency, or suffering from chronic bronchitis, find the greatest relief from coughs or inflamed conditions of the throat.

Vapo-Resolene is a M. D. prescription and is prepared by the M. D. of Paris. A Vapo-Resolene bottle of 1/2 pint is sold for 1/2 dollar. It is sold for 1/2 dollar in 1/2 pint bottles. It is sold for 1/2 dollar in 1/2 pint bottles. It is sold for 1/2 dollar in 1/2 pint bottles.



apricot kernels is canceled, is not continued to Paris. In the provinces the "soupe scolaire," its equivalent, has sent up the school attendance by leaps and bounds. Here, however, instead of paying for their midday meal all those who can possibly do so are encouraged to bring to school their handful of vegetables and the like, and the contributions are all put into the common soup.

Madrid's Throne Room.

The throne room of the royal palace at Madrid is one of the most magnificent in the world. Decorated in red and gold, it contains rich crystal chandeliers, colossal looking glasses of the finest quality, marble tables and priceless porphyry. The ceiling is painted by Tiepolo with the "Majesty of Spain," in illustration of the virtue of the kings and the manliness of the people, who are represented in the different costumes of the provinces. Here the sovereigns of Spain receive on grand occasions when alive and when dead are laid out in state.

Knew Her Ways.

Mr. Gayboy—What did my wife say when you told her I wouldn't be able to come home tonight until a late hour? Messenger—She didn't say anything. Mr. Gayboy—Then you must have gone to the wrong house!

HOSPITALS CROWDED

MAJORITY OF PATIENTS WOMEN

Mrs. Pinkham's Advice Saves Many From this Sad and Costly Experience.



It is a sad but true fact that every year brings an increase in the number of operations performed upon women in our hospitals. More than three-fourths of the patients lying on those snow-white beds are women

and girls who are awaiting or recovering from operations made necessary by neglect.

Every one of these patients had plenty of warning in that bearing down feeling, pain at the left or right of the abdomen, nervous exhaustion, pain in the small of the back, pelvic catarrh, dizziness, flatulency, displacements or irregularities. All of these symptoms are indications of an unhealthy condition of the female organs, and if not heeded the trouble may make headway until the penalty has to be paid by a dangerous operation, and a lifetime of impaired usefulness at best, while in many cases the results are fatal.

The following letter should bring hope to suffering women. Mrs. Robert Glenn, of 434 Marie St., Ottawa, Ont., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is so well and widely known that it does not need my recommendation, but I am pleased to add it to the many which you have in its favor. I suffered untold agonies from serious female troubles for nearly three years, and the doctors told me that I must undergo an operation, but as I was unwilling to do this, I tried your Vegetable Compound and I am only too pleased that I did so, for it restored me to perfect health, saving me the pain of an operation and the immense bills attending the same. Pray accept my hearty thanks and best wishes."

Just as surely as Mrs. Glenn was cured of the troubles enumerated in her letter, just so surely will Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cure other women who suffer from female troubles, inflammation, kidney troubles, nervous excitability and nervous prostration.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all women who are ill to write her for free advice. She is a daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years has been advising sick women free of charge. Address, Lynn, Mass.

doctors, nurses and all who came in contact with him during his short but fatal illness; were drawn to the boy. He will be much missed in the church where he was Banner boy in the choir and assisted in every way possible. Beautiful wreaths were sent by the Superintendent, Teachers and Sunday School pupils of St. John's church, the Rectory of the parish, the Staff and Pupils of the High School and the Employees of Carriage Works.

The church was tastefully draped in white by Mrs. Wm. Sutton and Mrs. T. T. Shorey. Beautiful potted plants were most kindly placed in the Sanctuary. The vacant chair occupied by Ford draped in white, spoke volumes.

Mr. and Mrs. Finkle have the heartfelt sympathy of the whole neighborhood with them in their great sorrow. May Ford rest in peace, and light perpetual shine upon him."

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1892.
A. W. GLEASON,
NOTARY PUBLIC

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation

Two Laymen Have Been Popes.

The canon law does not prescribe that the pope must be a cardinal or even a cleric. Nevertheless since the election of Urban VI. in 1378 the successful candidates have belonged to the members of the sacred college, although as late as 1758 a noncardinal was voted for several times. At least two laymen—John XIX. (1024) and Adrian V. (1276)—have occupied the papal throne, and there is today nothing to prevent laymen from being created cardinals, although they are not entitled to vote in the conclave unless they can produce a special permit from the late pope.

Beef and Brawn.

It is said of Kean, the actor, that he ate mutton before playing the part of lover, beef before playing that of murderer and pork before assuming the character of a tyrant. That may be merely a story or a fact, but it is a well known truth that beef will enable more exhausting muscular work to be done than will mutton, so there may be something in the "roast beef of old England." In the eighteenth century this was one of the English "gods."

His Motive.

Critic—I have seen many a red cow on green grass, but this is the first time I ever saw a green cow on red grass. Is it an impressionistic departure? Irish Painter—Not at all; it's a patriotic impulse—I wanted to keep the green above the red.—Exchange.

Quite the Contrary.

"I understand that drinking is one of your husband's failings."

"You have been misinformed," said the wife severely; "it is his most pronounced success."

The Cost of It.

Dolly—Nell says that her engagement ring cost \$100. Polly—Perhaps she meant that she spent as much as that entertaining the young man before she got it.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the
Signature of
Wm. D. Mitchell

number of girls who operate hemming machines. A thousand yards of hemmed goods is but a day's work for one of these girls. The machines at which they work are geared to a high speed.

After hemming, the cloth is cut into triangular pieces with a knife, as before, but with a pattern laid upon the cloth. The next operation is the sewing of the triangular pieces together by machinery.

The covers and the frames are now ready to be brought together. In all there are twenty-one places where the cover is to be attached to the frame in the average umbrella.

The handle is next glued on, and the umbrella is ready for pressing and inspection. By far the greater number of umbrellas today are equipped with wooden handles. A large variety of materials may be used, however, such as horn, china, bone, agate, pearl, ivory, silver and gold. Gold and silver, quite naturally, enter into the construction of the more expensive grades of umbrellas, some of which, in price, have been known to bring as high as \$150 or \$200. A wooden handle may likewise be expensive, depending upon the quality of the wood used. Ebony, petrified wood, fir, oak and elder are as well known to the umbrella men, who manufacture 15,000,000 umbrellas a year.

The umbrella has been developing rapidly during the last few years.

We pick up even a cheap one nowadays, press a button and the top spreads itself like an eagle ready for its flight. We are going away, and an ordinary umbrella is too long to put in our grip. We find among our assortment of umbrellas and parasols one which is meant for just such an emergency and which in a most accommodating manner folds up to suit the size of our traveling bag. Other new ones lock with a key. Some spread their shade over eight or nine feet of territory, and manufacturers aver that these are but a few of the improvements which we may expect.

By electricity or sent by mail on receipt of price.
A. Vogel's medicine cures all diseases of the throat and chest. It is a powerful expectorant and soothes the inflamed membrane. It is a powerful tonic and builds up the system. It is a powerful sedative and cures all diseases of the stomach and bowels. It is a powerful antiseptic and cures all diseases of the skin. It is a powerful analgesic and cures all diseases of the nerves. It is a powerful antispasmodic and cures all diseases of the muscles. It is a powerful antineuralgic and cures all diseases of the joints. It is a powerful antirheumatic and cures all diseases of the bones. It is a powerful antiscorbutic and cures all diseases of the blood. It is a powerful antivenereal and cures all diseases of the system. It is a powerful antisyphilitic and cures all diseases of the organs. It is a powerful antitubercular and cures all diseases of the lungs. It is a powerful antileprosy and cures all diseases of the skin. It is a powerful antipsycho and cures all diseases of the mind. 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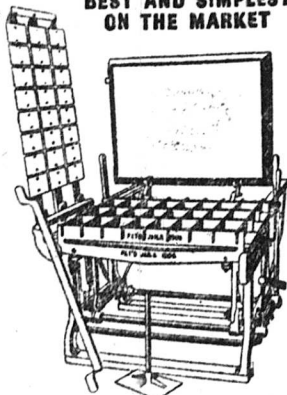
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BEST AND SIMPLEST
ON THE MARKET



We also manufacture Pea Harvesters and Bunchers, Manure Loaders, Hay, Grain and Stock, Rocks Washing Machines, wagon boxes, scrapers, wheelbarrows. Write for catalogue.
WETTLAUFER BROS. & SONS.
STRATFORD, ONT.

THE APOSTLES' TEACHING.

An Irish Farmer Is Causing a Stir in Somerset.

Exciting scenes have marked the appearance of an itinerant preacher in South Brewham, a struggling village in Somerset, near Bruton, England, whose work has caused resentment among some of the rougher spirits of the village. The climax was reached when, as some of his converts were leaving the meeting place, they were pelted with eggs, stones, and other missiles. Several ladies were hurt, and one man was rendered unconscious. The preacher was also injured, and had to be conveyed home.

The preacher, Gill by name, has related some interesting details regarding himself. He was at one time a prosperous farmer in County Meath, Ireland, but coming under the influence of a Scottish preacher, decided to distribute all his worldly possessions among the poor and devote himself to religious work.

He is now entirely without money, and at South Brewham is living in a cottage which has been placed at his disposal free of charge. He makes no collections at his meetings, and relies for sustenance on the voluntary gifts of those who have come under his influence. His meetings are being held at the village inn, where the landlord has given him a welcome.

Mr. Gill states that he is not attached to any denomination, and has no extreme views, believing that the country should get back to the primitive teaching of the first apostles. The preacher has been asked to prosecute his assailants, but he refuses to do so.

The superiority of Mother Graves'

ELEPHANTS DELIGHT IN DRESS.

Costly and Magnificent Trappings Are Placed on Them.

Elephants are passionately fond of finery, and delight to see themselves decked out with gorgeous trappings. The native princes of India are very particular in choosing their state elephants, and will give fabulous sums for an animal that exactly meets the somewhat fanciful standards they have erected. For these they have made cloths of silk so heavily embroidered with gold that two men are hardly able to lift them.

An amusing instance of elephant pride is narrated. The elephant which usually led the state procession of a Rajah being ill, the magnificent trappings were placed on one which had up to that time occupied only a subordinate place.

The animal delighted with its finery, showed its glee by so many little squeaks and kicks of pleasure that general attention was attracted to it.

Not long after another state procession was formed, and the previous wearer of the gold cloths being restored to health, took his accustomed place and trappings, when the now degraded beast, imagining, perhaps, that he was being defrauded of his promotion, was, with great difficulty, restrained from attacking the leader of the parade.

PALE, LISTLESS GIRLS.

Can Only Obtain Health Through New, Rich Pure Blood Made by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Growing girls—girls in their teens—must have rich, pure blood. Healthy womanhood depends upon the vital change from girlhood to maturity. Every woman should most carefully watch her daughter's health at this critical period. If a girl at this period has headaches, if she is pale, thin and languid, it shows that her slender blood supply is being overtaxed. She will always be ailing and may slip into a hopeless decline or consumption if her blood is not built up at once with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The rich, red blood which these pills make bring health and strength to every organ, and make dull, listless, languid girls, bright, rosy-cheeked, active and strong. Miss Maggie Donahue, Erinsville, Ont., says: "Before I began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I was badly run down, and it seemed as though my blood had turned to water. I was very pale, suffered from headaches and palpitation of the heart, and often I would pass sleepless nights. I found nothing to help me until I began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and these have fully restored me and I can truthfully say I never enjoyed better health than I am now doing."

When Dr. Williams' Pink Pills replace bad blood with good blood they strike straight at the root of all common ailments like anaemia, decline, indigestion, kidney and liver troubles, skin eruptions, erysipelas, neuralgia, St. Vitus dance, paralysis, rheumatism, and the special ailments of growing girls and women. Be sure you get the genuine pills, with the full name

KAI WANG;



A TALE OF SOUTHERN CHINA.

CHAPTER IV.

Lord Rackett was eager to hear the particulars, and Avis soon gave a hasty sketch of the tragedy, as well as the bold exploit that led up to it.

"By Jove! Who but Dr. Jack would ever have dared enter that holy of holies, and force an audience upon the Emperor? It fairly takes my breath away in admiration of his exploit. I doubt if there lives another foreigner who has ever penetrated the defenses of the mysterious Forbidden City."

Larry made an inarticulate sound, and again beat himself proudly upon the chest.

"Ah! yes, you were with him, but then you are more mandarin than foreigner, Larry, my boy. What is the matter with the little bantam?" he continued, aside, to Avis; "you spoke of his having been badly injured in the melee. I trust his voice is not gone; that would be a calamity we could ill afford," he added, smiling.

Then Avis for the first time remembered Larry's vow with regard to remaining dumb until she gave him the privilege to speak, and hastened to remove the embargo.

"It is fortunate you saved the papers, Larry, as they may be of immense value to poor Jack's wife. I take it you want advice concerning their disposition, and the security this office of the Crown may afford."

Then Lord Rackett proceeded in a thoroughly business-like way to carry out just what the consul would have done had he been present.

And Avis had the assurance that the precious papers were safe under the British flag, where all the machinations of the rival Russian syndicate, or even the scheming of the Chinese party, headed by the Dowager Empress, would be unable to break the seal that bound them.

This finished, to even doubting Larry's satisfaction, Lord Rackett returned to the desperate adventure within the sacred walls of Peking, and begged the little man to describe it for him.

Here flattery got in its fine work again, for Larry could not resist the temptation to once more indulge in a flight of oratory after his unusual enforced abstinence.

So he told it all. The Englishman's eyes flashed at mention of the battle royal, and his hand opened and shut with the eagerness a soldier experiences when hearing of lost opportunities for gaining glory.

"You could not have selected a more unfortunate time for the venture," he declared; "for some months—in fact, ever since the Dowager Empress resolved to again take up the reins of government in China—there have been mysterious goings on, and it is daily a mooted question among us foreigners down here in Canton as to whether the Emperor is still alive, or some userper sits in his place. Chinese politics are equal to a Chinese puzzle, and few understand them at all. Little the people care who rules. Go back a few hundred miles and interview the masses—you will be surprised to learn that not more than one man in fifty knows there has been a war with Japan, and even that benighted individual labors under the impression that China wiped the Russian devil, as they call even the

under the impression that you hold the papers, it wouldn't surprise me if he organized a scheme to secure possession of them. Once they are in this safe, it would mean war for China and the bombardment of her ports by British ironclads if they should be tampered with. If I can serve you, Mrs. Evans, call upon me. No task will be too difficult to prove how thoroughly I am regret for the wretched past. Meanwhile, I shall perhaps be able to protect you in a measure. So, good-by. Larry, away with your last tinge of suspicion and put full trust in me."

CHAPTER V.

Somehow Avis felt better after this interview with the Canton consular agent; she knew he represented the whole armed power of Great Britain in the Eastern seas, and that there could be no stronger arm raised up in her behalf; even the onward rush of the White Czar's legions was stayed by the mailed hand England raised when she said, "This far may you come, but no further."

Perhaps she might, if given her choice in the matter, have preferred a stranger, but something within her heart seemed to whisper that Lord Rackett was as sincere as a man could be in his desire to make amends for the wretched past, and that under such circumstances it might prove an exceedingly good thing their running across one who had so deep an interest in their fortunes.

At any rate Larry mentally thanked Heaven those papers were safe at last.

The possession of them had given him the nightmare for weeks, and he would have been ashamed to have confessed how many times he woke up under the strong impression that some Chinese thief—than whom there is no more adroit rascal under the sun—was in his frail bamboo apartment intent upon purloining the documents, and how on each occasion he had, pistol in hand, crawled around in the dark, bent upon executing summary justice upon the wretch when found—which never happened, of course.

Their stay in the British consulate had been so prolonged that it was now growing dusk.

Still the faithful coolies waited, and the man who drew the jinrickshaw stood near by; they obeyed orders to the letter; and having been told to wait, they would have been found there when the smiling face of Phoebus arose again in the east, if not relieved before.

Larry had mapped out his immediate plan.

His first duty was to see his cousin safely to some caravansary, where she could be made comfortable, and come in contact with the families of foreigners whom business chained to Canton.

Then he meant to return to the habitation of the illustrious Kai Wang, in order to arrange his affairs and prepare for departure.

True, it would undoubtedly add to his perils to appear once more in his true colors, but he believed the time had arrived to throw aside the mask and remain at the side of Dr. Jack's widow.

The little man scorned danger, being possessed of valor far in excess of his size, and snapped his fingers at the powers that be, which might be set down as the emissaries of the woman behind

...the country should get back to the primitive teaching of the first apostles. The preacher has been asked to prosecute his assailants, but he refuses to do so.

The superiority of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is shown by its good effects on the children. Purchase a bottle and give it a trial.

DESIGNING.

"There are very few women architects."

"No wonder. Women do not relish being called 'designing creatures.'"

Salt Rheum Cured Quick. — Dr. Agnew's Ointment cures Salt Rheum and all itching or burning skin diseases in a day. One application gives almost instant relief. For itching, Blind, or Bleeding Piles it stands without a peer. Cures in three to six nights. 35 cents. —151

SHE FOOLED HIM.

Her Mamma — "Florence, I am almost positive that he kissed you behind the door last night."

She — "Yes, but that wasn't the worst of it. It was also behind the ear."

Cholera and all summer complaints are so quick in their action that the cold hand of death is upon the victims before they are aware that danger is near. If attacked do not delay in getting the proper medicine. Try a dose of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial, and you will get immediate relief. It acts with wonderful rapidity and never fails to effect a cure.

AN X ADDED.

Jonesmith — "My wife was such a pensive creature before I married, but she appears to have gotten over it now." Brownright — "I see. You mean she's expensive now."

"My Woman, is it the Kidneys?" — Investigation in half the disorders peculiar to women would prove faulty kidneys the seat of the trouble. If you're troubled with that tired, dragging feeling, have an almost constant heaviness, maybe sharp pains in the head, put South American Kidney Cure to the test. You'll find it the long sought friend, and it never fails. —150

Bridegroom (on honeymoon) — "I haven't the slightest objection to your giving all your time to the dog, my own, but I wish you had made it quite clear, when you suggested bringing it, whether it was you and I who were going on our honeymoon and were bringing the dog, or whether it was you and the dog who were bringing me."

EQUATOR ON A TEAR.

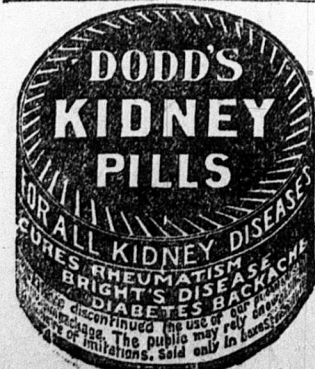
They were holding mid-year examinations in one of the public schools. The subject was geography. One of the questions asked was "What is the equator?"

"The equator," read the answer of a nine-year-old boy, "is a menagerie lion running around the centre of the earth."

It's easy to plan political reform while seated on an empty dry-goods box.

Knowledge of one's ignorance is the master key to wisdom.

After finding something good, get busy and look for something better.



...stomach ailments like anaemia, decline, indigestion, kidney and liver troubles, skin eruptions, erysipelas, neuralgia, St. Vitus dance, paralysis, rheumatism, and the special ailments of growing girls and women. Be sure you get the genuine pills with the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," printed on the wrapper around each box. Sold by medicine dealers or sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

PETS OF BRITISH SOLDIERS.

One Regiment Had Emu and Kangaroo, Another a Snake.

No less than thirty regiments in the British army have pet animals attached.

The dogs of the "Fighting Fifth" and "Jack," the retriever, of the Twelfth Lancers, march with their companies when on active service, and have taken part in more than one battle. The drum horse of the Seventh Hussars—presented by the late Queen Victoria—marches proudly at the head of the men, with white tail and main flowing.

"Billy," the goat of the Welsh Fusiliers, is better known, and is a very showy soldier indeed, as he struts along in all the glory of scarlet coat, with white facings, and the badge and crest of the regiment on his forehead. The Queen's Own Hussars has also a goat.

A deer is the pet of the Seaforth Highlanders. "Antony," a little donkey, attached himself to the Twenty-sixth Battery while in India and became an established favorite, marching, eating and drinking with the men. A pet bear was the mascot of the Gloucester regiment, but becoming ill tempered had to be shot.

The Lancers of New South Wales have an emu and a kangaroo. "Peter," the goose, became the pet of the Grenadiers while in Canada. The lame bird limped up to a sentry on night and held up a hurt foot for his inspection. He attended to the wound, and the bird thereafter refused to leave the camp, so the soldiers adopted it.

When the Devonshire regiment was in India, a snake was for many months adopted as a pet, and, though poisonous, it never attempted to hurt any member of the company. When the men returned to England this uncanny pet was left behind.

STURDY BABIES.

In every home where Baby's Own Tablets are used you will find rosy, sturdy, good-natured babies because these Tablets cleanse the stomach and bowels, aid digestion, and thus bring perfect health. Ask any mother who has used the Tablets and she will tell you there is no other medicine so good. Mrs. James Hall, Beach Hill, N. S., says: "My baby was troubled with indigestion, was cross and peevish and rapidly losing flesh. I got Baby's Own Tablets and less than a box cured him and he has ever since enjoyed good health and is growing splendidly." Mothers should remember that this medicine is absolutely safe and can be given to the weakest, tenderest baby, or to the sturdy well-grown boy or girl with equally good effect. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

AFTER THE SERVICE.

The Minister—"That was a rather long sermon I preached this morning, my dear. Do you think it met with the approval of the congregation?"

His Wife—"I suppose so, Abner. I noticed they were all nodding."

SOME WOMEN'S WAY.

Agent — I'm sure you'd be charmed with the house if you took it. Why don't you and your wife discuss the question?

Henpeck—My dear sir, my wife never discusses things with me. She always disputes.

There is no graduating from the school of experience.

...hundred miles and interview the masses — you will be surprised to learn that not more than one man in fifty knows there has been a war with Japan, and even that benighted individual labors under the impression that China wiped the 'foreign devils,' as they call even the Japs, off the face of the earth."

"I am sorry to hear you say the Forbidden City is guarded to an unusual extent, as it makes my task the more difficult," said Avis, slowly.

Milord looked at her curiously. "Pardon me, I don't quite understand. With the papers safe beyond all chance of seizure, your work is certainly done. What else have you in mind?"

"I must see the spot where Jack fell, and assure my wretched heart of the awful truth. Nothing less will suffice."

"But, my dear lady—that would take you inside the Sacred City, where no woman of your race ever yet penetrated!" he gasped.

"Then it is time some one did. At least such a fact does not daunt me."

"Good heavens! This is dreadful—you will no doubt meet with the same sad fate that befell your brave husband. These Black Flags and the Emperor's bodyguard are sworn to show no mercy toward those whom a fatal curiosity tempts to cross the barrier surrounding the palace island."

"While I do not allow myself to believe such a fate is in store, its contemplation cannot alarm me."

Such resolution astonished the consular agent.

"By Jove! I no longer wonder at the stupendous failure I made in my stupid attempt to win what belonged to Dr. Jack. You surely have imbued his fearless spirit. While I am forced to admire, still my judgment condemns your scheme as sheer madness, and I sincerely hope you will abandon it," he said, warmly.

At the same time he knew she would not—such natures are not easily discouraged, and the influence brought to bear in order to change her plans would have to be more powerful than he could muster just then.

So they fell into a natural conversation regarding matters connected with the case.

Lord Rackett knew Kai Wang well, and had been in the weird shop of the idol-maker of late, although Larry was not aware of the fact.

The Englishman even confessed that he had taken a shy at fortune in the shape of investing some of his spare money in shares of a grand projected enterprise which he had now every reason to believe was the very one Dr. Jack had carried to a successful end, though at such a fearful cost.

Somehow this seemed to be a bond connecting his fortunes with those of the others, and Larry's scruples were rapidly taking flight.

After all, now that Plympton had come to his senses and gained dominion over his baser passions, he was considerable of a man. Larry concluded, shrewdly: there was a bluff manner about him that somehow impressed one with his rugged honesty, and having settled this matter to his own satisfaction, the little man resolved to take things as they came; surely no great harm could befall Avis while such a wide-awake watchdog as himself hovered about.

"Beware of Peloskey—when the Russian Bear begins to suspect he has been outgeneraled through Anglo-American pluck and business sagacity, there will be a hot time in the old town. You know he is hand-in-glove with the old Empress," was the solemn warning Plympton gave.

"Yes; we had good reason to know it, by Jove," said Larry, immediately, and then went on to narrate an exciting episode that had happened to himself and Dr. Jack, while prospecting the region in dispute, whereby they came very near being overwhelmed by an organized attack, presumably from bandits and lawless thugs, but the sound of heavy Russian oaths after a hot fusillade had told them the real animus of the assault, besides producing a pleasing impression that their lead had winged the rival schemer.

"Doubtless he suspects something of the truth, and as he may be laboring

...to show us the mask and remain at the side of Dr. Jack's widow.

The little man scorned danger, being possessed of valor far in excess of his size, and snapped his fingers at the powers that be, which might be set down as the emissaries of the woman behind the throne, together with the powerful influence of the Russian "promoter."

So he saw Avis comfortably housed, and then entered his vehicle for the return ride. Lucky for him the shadows had taken possession of the native quarter, so that he was compelled to hire a couple of linkboys to run ahead of the jinrickshaw in order to light the way and do his pretended rank justice; had it been broad daylight some sharp eyes might have discovered that the automatic little mandarin sported a pair of small side whiskers, the blond hue of which was hardly in keeping with what is considered good taste in a Chinese grenadier.

Fortune seems to extend a sheltering wing over some of its proteges, and Larry had on more than one occasion found reason to believe he was favored above the common run of men.

It was a peculiar as well as ridiculous sensation, this being whisked along through the throngs of pig-tailed Celestials, and preceded by those two runners bearing flambeaux; but the effect was heightened in Larry's mind by the ever-present fact that he was sailing under false colors, and that these fellows who got out of the way of his lordship, and bowed so humbly as he passed, would have taken a fit could they have suspected the amazing truth.

Kai Wang was evidently glad to again shelter such an illustrious personage under his humble roof.

Larry, who prided himself on being a reader of human nature, and who had spent much of his spare time while recovering from his wounds in studying the idol-maker, jumped at once to the conclusion that it was more than anxiety concerning his absence that caused Kai Wang to greet him so effusively.

Something unusual had occurred while he had been gone; yes, Kai Wang, who had nerves of steel, and had faced many a crisis with the proverbial coolness of an iceberg, was actually showing signs of excitement.

Perhaps the coming of Avis had something to do with this change—the advent of her charming personality in the game, and the prospect of possible harm befalling Dr. Jack's widow, even as it had the valiant representative of the

Get SCOTT'S Emulsion

When you go to a drug store and ask for Scott's Emulsion you know what you want; the man knows you ought to have it. Don't be surprised, though, if you are offered something else. Wines, cordials, extracts, etc., of cod liver oil are plentiful but don't imagine you are getting cod liver oil when you take them. Every year for thirty years we've been increasing the sales of Scott's Emulsion. Why? Because it has always been better than any substitute for it.

Send for free sample

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists
Toronto, Ont.
50c. and \$1.00. All druggists

great syndicate—this would account in a measure for the trembling hand and troubled look with which Kai Wang met his guest—but there was more.

And Larry, who made it a rule never to allow any mystery to get the better of him, immediately concentrated the whole force of his powerful intellect upon the question.

The establishment of Kai Wang was in close juxtaposition to a pagoda or temple that reared its pinnacle aloft after the fashion of Chinese mosques in general.

Doubtless it was very convenient for the priests to run in at the back door and replace any frail god that had suffered the fate of all idols made by human hands; besides, on extraordinary occasions they could borrow the more weighty deities Wang had in stock, and thus make a showing far beyond rival temples.

It sometimes pays to live in close juxtaposition with one whose abilities run in the line of supplying the crying needs of an idol worshipping community.

During his convalescence Larry had made a study of these things, as viewed from behind the curtains of Kai Wang's chambers, and as the windows were always open he had the weird singing service of the priests, and scented the peculiar smoke of burning joss sticks, not unlike the sweet odor of tuberose, until he had grown to like it.

Even now he could hear the strident voice of the black-robed disciple of Confucius as he harangued the almond-eyed Celestials who prostrated themselves before the great joss of the temple; and this, with the penetrating odor of incense that floated in through the back window, seemed combination enough to give the situation all the romantic interest one could expect or desire.

So inspired by this and the curiosity that in common with all Eve's children he inherited through woman, Larry proceeded to exert his powers upon the heathen, and discover why Kai Wang's face had such an unusually lengthy look, while a furtive gleam appeared in his slanting eyes.

(To be continued).

AN EX-MAYOR GIVES UNSTINTED PRAISE

"DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS ARE THE VERY BEST MEDICINE I EVER USED FOR KIDNEY TROUBLE."

Mr. Robert Sheppard, Ex-Mayor of Gananoque, Ont., Testifies to the Merits of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Gananoque, Ont., April 30.—(Special.)—"I suffered off and on for over four years from kidney trouble," writes Mr. Sheppard, of this place, "and though I tried many remedies and was under a doctor a long while I got no better. I had Bright's Disease slightly, Lumbago, pains in my loins and at times all over my body. My skin was dry, hard and burning, I could not sleep, the least exertion made me perspire fearfully and my blood was so bad I broke out in boils all over the neck and back. I was in this state when I started taking Dodd's Kidney Pills and in an incredibly short space of time the boils disappeared, I recovered my health and now I am quite cured."

SUBTERRANEAN WORLDS.

The Great South Dakota Cave is the largest cavern in the world. It is situated in the region of the Black Hills, and exceeds even the Mammoth Cave in Kentucky. It is fifty-two miles long and contains 1,500 rooms, many of which are over 200 feet high, and are crossed with stalactites and stalagmites.

AUSTRALIAN DROUTH.

In parts of Australia where the average yearly rainfall is not more than ten inches a square mile of land will support only eight or nine sheep. In the Argentine republic, South America, the same area, with thirty-four inches of rain, supports 2,560 sheep.

This is a ticklish job, as the fly remarked while it was walking over the old man's bald head.

Miserable Folks could trace both state of mind and body to some one or other form of stomach disorder. Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablet is a "vest pocket" remedy that nature provides and that medical science has proved a wonder in preventing and curing stomach ailments. If you've a symptom of distress in your stomach test the Pineapple cure. 35 cents.—152

Kitty — "So you have been to Paris? You must have had a nice time there; you understand the language so perfectly, you know." Bessie — "Well, the fact is, though you'd hardly believe it, they speak such queer French there that it's quite impossible to converse with them with any degree of intelligence."

Corns cause intolerable pain. Holloway's Corn Cure removes the trouble. Try it, and see what amount of pain is saved.

Teacher — "What is the conscience?" Little James — "It's something that makes you sorry when you gets found out."

MARK THIS DISTINCTION: A purely local disease of the skin, like barber's itch, is cured by Weaver's Cerate alone. But where the blood is loaded with impurity, such as Salt Rheum, Weaver's Syrup also should be used.

Fair Girl — "My father made his fortune when he was a young man. Would you like to know how he did it?" Gallant Youth — "Not particularly; but I would like to know if he has still got it."

A Clear Healthy Skin — Eruptions of the skin and the blotches which blemish beauty are the result of impure blood caused by unhealthy action of the liver and kidneys. In correcting this unhealthy action and restoring the organs to their normal condition, Par-melee's Vegetable Pills will at the same time cleanse the blood, and the blotches and eruptions will disappear without leaving any trace.

"I have discovered a great labor-saving device." "I always said you were a genius. What is it?" "I am going to marry Miss Bullion, the heiress."

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

If a man only had nine lives like a cat, he could insure them all and collect on one occasionally when he got hard up.

Man and Wife in Distress. — Rev. Dr. Bochrer, of Buffalo, says: "My wife and I were both troubled with distressing Catarrh, but we have enjoyed freedom from this aggravating malady since the day we first used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. Its action was instantaneous, giving the most grateful relief within ten minutes after first application." 50 cents.—153

It sometimes happens that the man who considers his wife one in a thousand imagines her mother is the other nine hundred and ninety-nine.

WHAT DO PEOPLE NEED who are run down, anemic, pale, listless? "Ferrovin," the best tonic. It builds, makes strong, it gives new life. There are many tonics but only one "Ferrovin."

Traveller — "Why do you allow that waiter to remain constantly so close to that young married couple? It evidently annoys them." Restaurateur —

PEDLAR'S STEEL CEILINGS

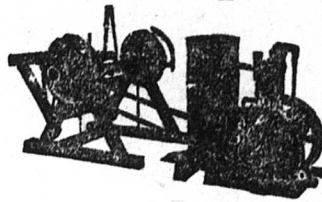
Two thousand designs suitable for all classes of work such as Churches, Schools, Stores, Halls. Also special designs for Houses, Kitchens, Dining-Rooms, etc. Nothing has ever been devised to equal Pedlar's Steel Ceilings for Farm Houses. Cheap as lath and plaster and will never crack or fall off.

Avoid Accidents by Using Pedlar's Steel Ceilings.

Made to fit any size room and can be nailed on by any mechanic. Shipped from our warehouses painted all ready to apply. OUR CATALOGUE, NO. 44 C, DESCRIBES MANY DESIGNS. WRITE FOR IT. IT COSTS YOU NOTHING. WRITE TO-DAY.

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MAKE the FARM PAY

A Fairbanks-Morse 2 H.P. Jack-of-all-Trades

GASOLINE ENGINE

will saw wood as fast as two men can handle it. It also pumps water, hells corn, grinds feed, makes butter, runs cream separator, in fact furnishes power for all farm purposes. Every farmer should have one

Get out this complete advertisement and send it to

THE CANADIAN FAIRBANKS COMPANY, LTD. 444 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

Please send me (without charge) particulars about Jack-of-all-Trades Engine for farm use.

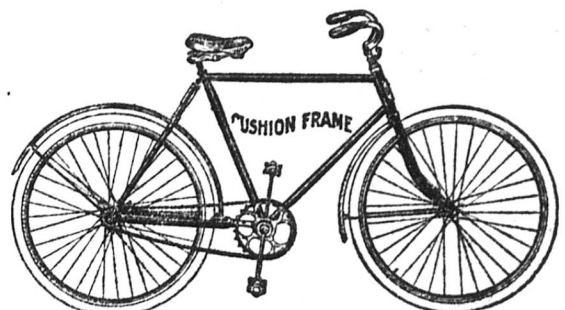
I may want a _____ H.P. Name _____ Address _____ Prov _____ Engine for _____

LANDS In Western Canada

Two adjoining sections, selected lands in Strong soil, 92 per cent. plough land, spring creek, no sloughs. About 40 miles N.E. of Indian Head. Price \$10.50 per acre. Write for map and full particulars.

R. PARSONS, 91 Wellesley Street, Toronto, Canada.

The Cheapest Bicycle Per Year.



A Cleveland costs say \$60, and lasts easily 10 years. Cost per year \$6.00

largest cavern in the world. It is situated in the region of the Black Hills, and exceeds even the Mammoth Cave in Kentucky. It is fifty-two miles long and contains 1,500 rooms, many of which are over 200 feet high, and are massed with stalactites and stalagmites of great size. There are streams, waterfalls, and thirty-seven lakes in this vast subterranean world, which is 6,000 feet above the sea-level and 400 feet deep.

A REVELATION IN TEA.

The Tea trade of the world has undergone a remarkable change in the past few years. Twenty years ago practically all the Tea of the world was supplied by China and Japan. About this time there appeared an insect in Ceylon which attacked the coffee tree and in a very short time the entire coffee plantation was destroyed.

Some enterprising Scotch planters commenced the planting of tea and the first shipment made to the London market brought the most extraordinary prices, they developing a quality in the cup far superior to anything ever known in tea previously. These Ceylon teas rapidly made a foothold in England until to-day the exports to that country amount to one hundred and twenty-five millions pounds annually.

The "SALADA" Tea Co., commenced their introduction in Canada and the United States packing teas in air-tight, sealed lead packets, and both their black and green teas have made wonderful progress; American tea drinkers finding this tea superior to anything they ever tasted in either the black or the green teas of China and Japan. The utter absence of coloring matter in their green teas says much for their healthfulness and their delicious flavor speaks for itself.

A WOLF WAS HE.

"I heard that you called me a beast, Miss Tobasco."

"Well, I guess I did."

"What kind of a beast, may I ask?"

"A wolf, I fancy. You're so hard to keep from the door, Mr. Borehman."

It Retains the Old and Makes New Friends. —Time was when Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil had but a small field of distribution, but now its territory is widespread. Those who first recognized its curative qualities still value it as a specific, and while it retains its old friends it is ever making new. It is certain that whoever once uses it will not be without it.

INSTEAD OF A CROWN.

Do You Know How the Sheet of Foolscap was Named?

Everyone who has to do with paper recognizes foolscap as a sheet thirteen by sixteen inches. This is used as a standard size all over, officially and commercially. The paper derived its name in a curious manner.

After the execution of Charles I., Cromwell and his staff, in organizing the Commonwealth, made all possible efforts to remove everything which had anything to do with the old monarchy. The paper in official use up to that time had, as a watermark, the king's crown; and, when Cromwell was asked what he should put in the place of this crown, to show his overwhelming dislike to everything concerning royalty, he directed a fool's cap to be put in the place of the crown.

This was done, and, when Charles II. ascended the throne of England, it was at first forgotten to replace the cap by something else, and then, too late, the king was afraid to do anything to recall things dangerous to touch, and so it was neglected, and the fool's cap may be seen as a watermark on nearly all official papers.

IN THE GAME.

Mamma—"Ethel, what do you mean by shouting in that disgraceful fashion? Look how quiet Willie is!"

Ethel—"Of course, he's quiet; that's our game. He's papa coming home late, and I'm you."

There are many tonics but only one "Frerovim."

Traveller — "Why do you allow that waiter to remain constantly so close to that young married couple? It evidently annoys them." Restaurateur — "Oh, because they keep ordering things so as to get him out of hearing."

Be There a Will Wisdom Points the Way. — The sick man pines for relief, but he dislikes sending for the doctor, which means bottles of drugs never consumed. He has not the resolution to load his stomach with compounds which smell villainously and taste worse. But if he have the will to deal himself with his ailment, wisdom will direct his attention to Parnelle's Vegetable Pills, which, as a specific for indigestion and disorders of the digestive organs, have no equal.

Magistrate — "You were begging in the public streets, and you had over \$10 in your pocket." Prisoner — "Yes, sir; I may not be as industrious as some, y'r honor, but I'm no spendthrift."

THE WORST KIND

After Piles have existed for a long time and passed through different stages, the suffering is intense—pain, aching, throbbing, tumors form, filled to bursting with black blood.

Symptoms indicating other troubles may appear to a thoroughly Pile-sick person.

This is when Dr. Leonhardt's Hem-Roid, the only absolute Pile cure, brings the results that has made its fame.

It will cure the most stubborn case in existence and a bonded guarantee to that effect goes with each package.

Hem-Roid is to be had for \$1.00 at the drug store, or from The Wilson-Fyle Company, Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

WHAT A PAPAL BULL IS.

An Order From His Holiness to be Publicly Declared.

A Papal bull is published by the Pope. It may be an edict, a decree, or a rescript, which contains an order or a decision to be publicly declared.

It is only indirectly that the word "bull" is applied to the document itself. It belongs properly to the seal, without which the paper would not be recognized. This seal is rarely of gold or of wax. It was originally of lead, and is still commonly of that material. Lead was used for seals in the time of the ancient Romans, and is still used for that purpose in Italy.

The Italian name of this bit of lead is *bolle*. It was in Latin *bolle*. Both the material and the form dropped out of sight.

The Roman bulla was a circular disc or a case like a watch or a circular buckle. It was worn by boys of noble families, attached to a chain which was

For 33 Years

Shiloh's Consumption Cure, the Lung Tonic, has been before the public, and this, together with the fact that its sales have steadily increased year by year, is the best proof of the merit of

Shiloh

as a cure for Coughs, Colds, and all diseases of the lungs and air passages. Those who have used Shiloh would not be without it. Those who have never used it should know that every bottle is sold with a positive guarantee that, if it doesn't cure you, the dealer will refund what you paid for it. Shiloh

Has Cured

thousands of the most obstinate cases of Coughs, Colds and Lung troubles. Let it cure you.

"Last winter I coughed for three months and thought I was going into Consumption. I took all sorts of medicines, but nothing did me any good until I used Shiloh's Consumption Cure. Four bottles cured me. This winter I had a very bad cold, was not able to speak, my lungs were sore and I was in danger. Six bottles of Shiloh made me well again. I have given it to several people, and every one of them have been cured.—D. Joseph, St. Hyacinthe, Que." 602

SHILOH

25c. with guarantee at all druggists.

A Cleveland costs say \$60, and lasts easily 10 years. Cost per year \$6.00

A cheaply made bicycle costs say \$30, and lasts 2 years. Cost per year \$15.00.

Not much of a sum in arithmetic to figure out which is the better investment, is it?

And if you ride a Cleveland, you have a beautiful and easy running bicycle during all that time with no expense except for new tires.

What of your friend who rides the so-called cheap wheel, and whose investment amounts to two and one-half times as much as yours per year?

It pays to pay for quality, for quality is something that is remembered long after the price is forgotten.

Cleveland Bicycles in both Cushion Frame and Rigid Frame Models are made and guaranteed by the

Canada Cycle and Motor Co., LIMITED

"Makers of the World's Best Bicycles,"

TORONTO JUNCTION, - - CANADA

wound several times around the neck, and which fell in front, so that the bulla rested on the breast. This object was frequently a little case which contained some charm against sickness and the "evil eye," which was dreaded even more than disease.

At a latter time the bulla was worn by the sons of freedom at Rome. Its use was a mark of rank and gentility.

A BAD HABIT.

"Could yer give a poor man a quarter ter git a bit to eat?"

"See here, fellow, you're the same man I gave a quarter to yesterday."

"Say, boss, don't folks in your set eat dinner every day?"

OLD VIRGINIA FARMS

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE. LARGEST LIST FOR SALE IN THE STATE. O'SBELLMAN & CO., RICHMOND, VIRG. NIA.

CARPET DYEING

and Cleaning. This is a specialty with the BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO. Send particulars by post and we are sure to satisfy. Address Box 155, Montreal.

A1 BARRED Rocks exclusively. Our winnings at Guelph: First pullet, special for best pullet and special for best female. At Detroit: First pullet, second cockerel, second cock, and special for best shaped male. Mating list free on application. Eggs from \$2 per setting up. Jno. Pringle, Proprietor, London, Ont.

FARM FOR SALE.

800 acre farm, 8 miles from Indian Head, Sask. Good buildings, 550 acres cultivated, 430 in crop, over 150 more to cultivate, good pasture, fire wood, 821,000, half cash. Yielded 13,000 bushels last year. Several unimproved pieces adjoining available homesteads. J. M. Thomson, Real Estate, Indian Head, Sask.

Rheumatism Cured.

Why do you suffer—Starr's Magic Rheumatism Cure will relieve the worst cases of acute, chronic, or inflammatory rheumatism in 24 hours. Every bottle has a positive guarantee to cure. Hundreds of marvelous cures have been made in all parts of Canada. If your druggist cannot give you Starr's, take no other, send direct to us. \$1.00 per bottle. Osborne Remedy Co., 175 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont.

THE PETERBOROUGH CANOE CO. LTD.
Successors to Ontario Canoe Co.
Peterborough, Canada.
The Best and Cheapest
Canoes, Skiffs, Launches
SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND GET OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING.

Agents Wanted.

We want reliable men to represent us in every town in Ontario, for the sale of

Cobalt Mining Shares

Any person can sell these shares. Hustlers can make big money. Write without delay.

THE S. S. NESBITT COMPANY, Promoters, Brokers and Fiscal Agents Confederation Life Building, Toronto.

A UNIVERSITY EDUCATION—COSTING JUST A LITTLE TROUBLE.

If you will devote only your SPARE TIME sending us names of farmers and feeders and help introduce

ARABIAN STOCK AND POULTRY FOOD TABLETS A Common-Sense Stock Food at a Common-Sense Price of ONE CENT A POUND RATE. \$1.00 per 100 Pounds and guaranteed. Send us a trial order now for booklet No. 13 giving full particulars. Free Premiums awarded.

THE L. / CHEMICAL CO., SCHOFIELD BROS., CLEVELAND, O.

Work Resumed in San Francisco's Big Ship Yards.

MUST USE CANDLES.

FACTORIES STARTING UP.

PLANS FOR REBUILDING.

PRAYERS OF HARDENED MEN.

RUSHING TROOPS TO EGYPT.

BOMB THROWN AT GOVERNOR.

BREADSTUFFS.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

BUFFALO MARKET.

WHAT THE LEGISLATURE AT TORONTO IS DOING.

THE "SOO" GUARANTEE.

RECOVERING SUBSIDY LANDS.

TO INVITE THE KING.

That we therefore express the wish that his Majesty may be pleased to accept the invitation extended to him by the Parliament, and concurred in by all the people of Canada.

VOTERS MUST BE CANADIANS

...the morning of the earthquake. In our department there were abandoned creatures charged with all manner of crimes, many of whom I deemed hopelessly lost. They cried and shrieked for mercy when the shock came, and pleaded pitifully for release. Not one cell could be opened, and when I advised my charges of this fact they knelt on the hard cement floor and offered up a fervent prayer in unison.

"In the department of the male prisoners the conditions were the same, and many of the men attempted to destroy their lives by battering their heads against the steel bars when they realized there was no chance for immediate release. They, too, prayed when the attendants in charge managed to get them calm enough, and when it was all over it was a meek and humble hundred that we moved to the branch county jail."

CLEANING AWAY DEBRIS.

Curtailment of the relief list, together with the decision of the police to arrest as vagrants all able men without visible means of support who refuse to work, to-day added to the number of men engaged in cleaning away debris from the recent earthquake and fire.

There is not yet an adequate flow of water for us in case of fire. Cooking is still carried on in the streets. All of the banks resumed business to-day in temporary quarters and reported that at each place the deposits exceeded the withdrawals. Five hundred retailers are now operating in new quarters.

City Engineer Woodward on Thursday submitted a comprehensive plan for the rebuilding of the city. It includes the broadening and the extension of many streets, the purpose being to insure better protection against the spread of fire.

ASYLUM IS RUINED.

A despatch from Saint Jose, Cal., says: Architect Hudson, of Los Angeles, who has inspected the Asylum buildings, at Agnew's, declares that all the buildings had been irreparably ruined. In his report to the Governor, Mr. Hudson will recommend the speedy erection of cottages to accommodate the patients until modern structures, not as highly as merited, and which will be effected by other fire nor earthquake, can be erected by the State.

ADD EFFECTS OF EARTHQUAKE.

A despatch from Stockton, Cal., says: It has been discovered that in the vicinity of Woodbridge, the Mokelumne River has fallen twelve feet, the bed of the river having dropped from the effects of the recent earthquake shock. As the waterway has overflowed frequently, farmers along the stream are highly pleased with the change, since it can carry far more water than hitherto and not endanger their lands.

Another incident of the earthquake is the drying up of the Tracy Lake in the north-western part of San Joaquin County.

GREAT DESTITUTION.

A despatch from Washington says: The question of caring for the destitute in San Francisco is causing the officials there great anxiety, as shown by the following telegram from General Greely, dated Friday, and received at the War Department:—

"The number of destitute being fed enormous, aggregating by to-day as just reported 19,637 in San Francisco. Apparently conservative estimates placed destitute refugees at 40,000 in Oakland and Berkeley. How these terrible conditions are to be met is a subject of most earnest consideration between Devine, finance committee and myself. While exertions of army to reduce aid to smallest possible limit had effected important changes, yet solution of situation without enormous suffering appears impossible. While daily hoping for great decreases in number of destitute, am not confident. Far-reaching extent of this disaster cannot be appreciated without personal observation."

CAPTAIN AND TWO MEN DROWNED.

The Tug Clipper Sprang a Leak in Georgian Bay.

A despatch from Owen Sound Says:

them.

BOMB THROWN AT GOVERNOR.

His Foot Blown Off and Severe Wound in the Head.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: While Vice-Admiral Doubasoff, Governor of Moscow, was returning on Sunday afternoon to his residence from a church service in commemoration of the Czarina's nameday, a young man threw a bomb at him. The missile exploded and blew off one of the Governor's feet and severely wounded him in the head. It is feared that the latter wound will prove fatal. The man who threw the bomb was killed, as were also the Governor's adjutant, Col. Kokonetzoff, a policeman, who was standing outside the church, and a boy. The assassin was dressed in the uniform of a naval officer.

The news of the attempted assassination is keenly discussed by the members of the Duma, who are now gathering in the capital. It is the impression among several of them that the Terrorist party, which was abnormally quiet throughout the elections, is determined to do its utmost to prevent the pacific transition which the dismissal of Count Witte and Minister of the Interior Durnovo foreshadows as a possibility of the Czar announcing liberal concessions to the existing Duma. It is known, moreover, that several members of the secret police who are Nihilists are members of the Terrorist wing of the revolutionary party. They had an opportunity for facilitating to-day's attempt.

ZULUS ATTACK BRITISH.

Charged the Troops Almost to Their Rifle Muzzles.

A Durban, Natal, despatch says: A force of Zulus attacked Col. Mansel's column near Celewayo's grave on Sunday, but they were repulsed with a loss of about sixty killed and wounded. The blacks are estimated to have numbered nearly 1,500. They were apparently advancing in their traditional crescent formation, intending to envelop Col. Mansel. About 200 of them attacked prematurely, charging Col. Mansel's advance guard almost to their rifle muzzles. The charge completely failed, despite the fact that it was made with characteristic Zulu bravery. The colonial force had three men wounded. Col. Mansel in his report says that the steadiness of the Durban Light Infantry at a critical stage of the attack prevented the whites from sustaining very serious casualties. The native police attached to the mounted rifles behaved courageously. Col. Mansel captured a quantity of cattle, and burned several kraals.

MURDER ON THE PRAIRIE.

Body of an Unknown Man Found Near Morris, Man.

A Morris, Man., despatch says: The body of an unknown man was found in a ravine near here on Sunday with the head smashed and every indication of foul play. There is little clue to the identity of the body found, but probably the deceased was one of two foreigners who worked in a thrashing gang near the Lowe farm last fall, who left with their wages and disappeared. A straw hat nearby showed that the body had lain there since last season. When found the remains had been partially devoured by wolves. An effort had been made to cover up the crime by firing the prairie, as evidenced by blisters on the corpse, which showed that the fire had passed over it either before or immediately after death. The last fire in that vicinity was late in October last year. One jaw had been broken and other injuries inflicted. About forty yards from where the corpse lay a club was found with clots of blood and hair upon it, and evidently deceased had received his death blow there and attempted afterwards to crawl away.

There will be a November session of Parliament.

25, alive, \$7.50 for selects.

BUFFALO MARKET.

Buffalo, May 8. — Flour — Firm. Wheat — Nominal; one car No. 2 red sold at 89½¢. Corn — Stronger; No. 2 yellow, 55½¢; No. 2 corn, 54½¢. Oats — Stronger; No. 2 white, 37¢; No. 2 mixed, 35½¢. Barley — Store lots quoted 47 to 52¢. Rye — Quiet; No. 2 in store quoted 65¢, carloads.

NEW YORK WHEAT MARKETS.

New York, May 8 — Spot barley steady; No. 2 red, 91¢ nominal elevator; No. 2 red, 93¢ f.o.b. affoot; No. 1 northern Duluth, 89¢ f.o.b. affoot; No. 1 northern Manitoba, 88½¢ f.o.b. affoot.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Toronto, May 8.—A fairly heavy run of cattle was offering at the Western Market this morning.

Export Cattle — About the best cattle on the market sold at \$5.10 per cwt. Choice are quoted at \$4.90 to \$5.15, medium to good at \$4.50 to \$4.75, bulls at \$3.50 to \$4, and cows at \$2.75 to \$4.25.

Butcher Cattle — Picked lots, \$4.75 to \$5, good to choice, \$4.40 to \$4.65; fair to good, \$3.75 to \$4; common, \$2.50 to \$3, cows, \$3 to \$4; bulls, \$3 to \$4; canners, \$1.50 to \$2.

Stockers and Feeders — Short-keep feeders are quoted at \$4.75 to \$4.85, heavy feeders at \$4.40 to \$4.90, medium at \$2.50 to \$3.50, bulls at \$2 to \$2.75, good stockers run at \$3.75 to \$4, light at \$3.25 to \$3.70, rough common at \$2 to \$2.75, and bulls at \$1.75 to \$2.50.

Milk Cows — Quotations are unchanged at a range of \$30 to \$60 each. Calves — Quoted unchanged at 3c to 6c per lb.

Sheep and Lambs — They are quoted at \$4.75 to \$5.50 for ewes and \$3.50 to \$4 for bucks. Grainfed lambs are lower at \$6.75 to \$7.25, and spring lambs steady at \$3 to \$6.

Hogs — Quotations at this market are unchanged at \$7.15 per cwt, for selects and \$6.90 for lights and fats, fed and watered.

POLICEMAN ARRESTED.

Charged with Breaking Into a Companions Trunk.

A Toronto despatch says: The police at the Court Street Station had in their custody on Friday night one of their number, Police Constable John Boyd (297), who is held on the charge of stealing \$20 belonging to his comrade, Policeman R. J. Jeffers (102). The two constables roomed at 228 Wilton Avenue, and, it is alleged, that while Jeffers was out on duty on Friday Boyd broke open a trunk and abstracted the cash. Boyd was suspected by the landlady, because he was seen in the room, and claimed to be shining his shoes. Inspector Gregory and Detective N. Guthrie pursued the investigation and, questioning him, they learned that he had in his room eleven five-dollar bills and \$1.33 on him. Searching him the officers found a ten and a five dollar bill of the Ontario Bank issue in the constable's watch pocket. Pending a report to Chief Grasett, Inspector Gregory suspended Boyd, who was afterwards arrested on the order of the Chief Constable. Boyd has been a member of the force since September of last year. He is 24 years old.

BOOM IN MONTREAL.

Present Year Will be Record in Building Operations.

A Montreal despatch says This year promises fair to be a record for building operations in Montreal. Since the first of January building permits have been issued for 635 new buildings, the value of which is estimated at \$1,457,711, while alterations have been made to the tune of \$184,719 cash expenditure. The total now reaches \$1,542,430. The month of April constitutes a record for the building department since its inception, permits for new buildings having been issued for an expenditure of \$871,940.

vation.

That we therefore express the wish that his Majesty may be pleased to accept the invitation extended to him by the Parliament, and concurred in by all the people of Canada.

VOTERS MUST BE CANADIANS.

The Legal Committee reported Mr. McGarry's amendments to the municipal Act, the Ontario Election Act, and the Manhood Suffrage Registration Act, by adding to the form of oath prescribed to be taken before registration the words, "That you are not a citizen or subject of any foreign country." The committee was unanimously in favor of the amendment, which is to prevent persons who have become citizens of the United States returning to this country simply for the purpose of voting.

The committee also regarded favorably Mr. MacKay's amendment to libel law to make fair newspaper reports of public meetings, and the publication of authorized Government documents privileged.

BILLS ADVANCED A STAGE.

Hon. Mr. Monteith's bill to amend the Act to prevent fraud in the manufacture of cheese and butter, and Hon. Dr. Reame's bill respecting the recent agreement with the Grand Trunk Pacific were read a second time. Hon. Mr. Fox's measure to amend the Devolution of Estates Act, Hon. Mr. Cockrane's bill respecting the Ontario and Minnesota Power Company, and Mr. McKay's bill to amend the Act respecting actions for libel and slander passed the committee stage. Mr. Bradburn's measure respecting the City of Peterborough, and Mr. Fraser's amendment to the Act to prevent the waste of natural gas and to provide for the plugging of abandoned wells, were read a third time.

MILITARY RAILWAY.

Permission was given the Pembroke Southern Railway Company to extend its line to Petawa, in order to connect with the new camping ground established by the Dominion Government.

TREE CULTURE.

Mr. Downey's bill to provide for the exemption of woodland lots passed the committee, though the Premier objected to some of its features.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

Mr. Monteith's Act to prevent fraud in the manufacture of butter and cheese was not opposed in any quarter, but a number of the members thought that one inspector was hardly sufficient for the duties he was required to undertake.

GET READY FOR 'QUAKE.

Says Man Who Made Forecast of Blizzards in 1888.

A special to the New York Tribune from Middletown, N. Y., says:—An earthquake that will shake the underpinning of all New Zealand is predicted between the 22nd and 24th of this month by Uncle Horace Johnson, the Middle Haddam weather prophet. The shocks are to be accompanied by severe lightning and high winds, according to the seer, and the electrical discharges will be so great that Mr. Johnson urges the farmers not to tether cows in the open fields on those dates. He warns everybody to make for the cellar door when the first noise comes, for the earthquake shocks are likely to be severe enough to topple over some of the church steeples and high chimneys. Uncle Horace gained considerable note by forecasting the blizzard of 1888.

VICTIMS OF DYNAMITE.

Four Men Killed in New Brunswick by Premature Explosion.

A despatch from St. John, N. B., says: Word was received here on Wednesday of the killing of four men on the Aroostook River, near the Maine border, by a dynamite explosion. Preparatory to beginning log-driving operations four men were employed in blowing out ice in a piece of dead water. While thawing dynamite for this purpose a quantity of it exploded, blowing the workmen to pieces. Three of the dead men were New Brunswickers and one from Maine. Two leave families.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Occurrence.

CANADA.

London's tax rate will be 20% mills. Another wire is being strung from North Bay to Cobalt.

Choppers felling trees daily interrupt telegraphic communication to Cobalt.

Toronto bakers, with a few exceptions, have increased the price of bread.

Six London hotel keepers have been given three months to sell out.

The March pay roll at the Crow's Nest Coal mines totalled \$142,000.

In London in April there were 74 births, 4 deaths, and 22 marriages.

A smelter to cost \$600,000 is to be erected in the Cobalt district.

Charles Baker, a carpenter, was struck by a train at Hamilton and killed on Saturday.

Increases in salaries to Toronto civic employees amounting to \$30,000 were passed by the Board of Control.

Charles Emmons, a stone mason, was run down by a street car at Ottawa and killed on Friday.

The Government will give a grant of at least \$500 to William Sherring, the winner of the Marathon race.

The contract for floating the steamer Bavarian has been given to the Merritt Wrecking Company of New York.

Building permits to the end of April total \$3,343,168, an increase of \$1,256,222.

Stewart Anderson was fatally scalded in the factory of Stewart, Hartshorn & Company, Toronto, on Saturday.

The Canadian Northern Railway Company have filed location maps of proposed lines from Montreal to Georgian Bay, and from Toronto to Ottawa.

Several hundred carpenters and joiners went on strike at Hamilton on Friday because the employers would not sign an agreement covering the season.

Over 4,000 more immigrants have this year to date reached Toronto than in the same period last year.

A new nurses' home for the Winnipeg General Hospital is to be erected at a cost of \$60,000.

The DeForest Company are negotiating for a site for a wireless station at Haileybury.

Mayor Biggar says Hamilton will present a suitable testimonial to Will Sherring, the Marathon champion.

The G. T. R. have a large gang at work in London tearing down buildings in the way of the elevated tracks.

Edward Greenwood, a young Sarnia man, was shot in the side by an intruder in his back yard about midnight on Friday.

One hundred and fifty members of the Pennsylvania Editorial Association will make a trip through Ontario and the West in June.

Mr. W. J. Moffatt, manager of the Simcoe Canning Company, died suddenly at Hamilton, on Friday, after a brief illness from pneumonia.

Trouble is expected between the C.P.R. and the longshoremen at Quebec. The company want to reduce wages to the Montreal standard.

The Dominion revenue amounts for the ten months ended April 30th to \$63,808,359, which is \$6,677,848 more than for the same period a year ago.

A census of the three prairie provinces will be taken as to both population and agriculture as they stand on Sunday, 24th June.

H. F. Matthews has been appointed assistant superintendent of the C.P.R. stationer and dispatches can service.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT

NOTES AND PROCEEDINGS OF THE OTTAWA HOUSE.

YUKON TERRITORY.

Mr. Oliver introduced a bill providing a mining code for the Yukon Territory which, he explained, was brought down in response to the request of the Yukon Council, and at the express wish of the people of the Yukon, who desired to have existing regulations in regard to placer mining crystallized into statutory law, with, of course, some amendments to meet the changed conditions. The bill, he added, was practically drafted by the Yukon Council.

THE CRIMINAL CODE.

Mr. Fitzpatrick introduced a bill to amend the criminal code, which extends provisions for taking evidence in foreign countries by commission in cases where persons are under indictment to cases disposed of by summary procedure.

PRIVATE BILLS PASS.

The Railway Committee reported a number of private bills, among which were the following:

To enable the Canada Atlantic Railway Company to acquire the capital stock and bonds stock of the Pembroke Southern Railway and guarantee the bonds of the line to the amount of \$150,000.

To extend for five years the time within which the Mather Bridge & Power Company may obtain the consent of the United States to bridge the Niagara River between Fort Erie and Buffalo.

To sanction the construction of several additions to the Kettle River Valley Railway Company's system in Southern British Columbia.

To extend the time for the completion of the Schomberg and Aurora Railway which is owned by Mackenzie and Mann; also to authorize the construction of the extension to Nottawasaga Bay and Bowmanville.

To incorporate the Vancouver, Fraser Valley, and Southern Railway Company.

To enable the Pueblo Light and Power Company to engage in railway building, etc.

RAILWAYS AND TELEPHONES.

Several amendments were made to Mr. Emmerson's bill to amend the railway act, the chief of which gives power to the Railway Commission to compel railways in cities, towns or villages to connect their lines for the purpose of transferring engines and cars from one railway to another. A special committee will deal with the clauses bringing telephone tolls under the supervision and control of the Railway Commission. Tributes to the late Hon. Peter White were paid by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. R. L. Borden.

CATTLE IMPORTS.

At the sitting of the Agricultural Committee Dr. Rutherford said that unless greater precautions were taken to enforce the existing regulations it might be necessary to shut out American cattle.

Mr. A. L. MacLaren asked Dr. Rutherford what was being done regarding the extermination of glanders, which had spread in certain parts of western Ontario. He also asked the Minister of Agriculture what was being done along the line of warning the farmers and others with regard to purchasing horses which frequently came into Eastern Canada and the States. Mr. MacLaren contended that it was a very serious matter when farmers bought bronchos and other horses coming from sections where glanders were and put them in with their own horses on the farms; they certainly would be more cautious if they knew of the great danger they ran by buying such horses. He recommended that the practice of allowing them to come in be either stopped altogether or that the Government should take steps to advise the public

M. WITTE HAS RESIGNED

Goremykin Is Now the Premier of Russia.

The London Times' correspondent at St. Petersburg cables as follows:—Count Witte's resignation has been official since 10 o'clock on Wednesday morning. Delay in the announcement was due to the hope of a compromise. I am now in position to explain the motive of the Premier's departure. Count Witte insisted on immediate promulgation of the new immutable organic laws, the object of which was to leave him a free hand under the shelter of the autocracy and deprive the Duma of any initiative in matters concerning the future government of the country. The outburst of indignation consequent upon the revelation of this scheme showed the utter absurdity and danger of such an attempt to reconcile the old and new regimes, but the Emperor had no need of arguments to convince him and he declared the project unseemly, unwise and dangerous. "My wish," said he, "is that the Government be conducted in orderly fashion and that the country may have peace. These new laws would only stir up a conflict and compromise me before my people. We must wait till the Duma has begun its work and then see what changes are necessary." There is little doubt regarding the Emperor's sincere desire to abandon bureaucratic methods and invite the cordial, healthy co-operation of his subjects in the noble task of governing this great country. The logical course in such circumstances would seem to lie in the formation of a Cabinet recruited from the popular elements. There is considerable talk of such a Ministry.

THE NEW PRIME MINISTER.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: The official announcement that Premier Witte's resignation had been accepted, coupled with the statement that former Minister of the Interior Goremykin would succeed him, was made on Wednesday. M. Goremykin's elevation to the Premiership created amazement. He is not only regarded as a reactionist, but the general opinion is that he is not equal to the task of facing the coming crisis.

AN UNRELENTING ENEMY.

M. Goremykin, the new Premier, was exposed by Witte in 1899, and since then has been the retiring Premier's unrelenting enemy. At that time the former Minister of the Interior made a report to the Emperor to the effect that the stories of famine and suffering which were said to exist in certain provinces were untrue. Witte—then Minister of Finance—thereupon produced documents to prove that the conditions in the interior were as they had been represented. When the Emperor confronted M. Goremykin with this he is

said to have fallen on his knees, to have wept and begged forgiveness. The Minister was so overcome that the Emperor himself brought him a glass of water. Later M. Goremykin took part in the Von Plehve cabal which drove Witte from the Ministry of Finance in 1903.

MAN OF INSIGNIFICANT PARTS.

M. Goremykin is reported to be a mediocre man of insignificant appearance, as well as capacity. He wears side whiskers, and looks like an English butler. While for some time past he has been called a Liberal, it was only in contrast with such men as Von Plehve and M. Siplaguine, the late Interior Minister.

The new Premier comes from a noble but not prominent family of Novgorod Province, where his estates are situated. They are noted especially for the excellence of their cows and their dairy products, which are sent to St. Petersburg. In fact M. Goremykin practically supplies the capital with milk.

AFTER WITTE COMES DELUGE.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph again predicts that serious trouble will follow the retirement of Premier Witte. He says the autocracy is resolved to make another determined stand for existence, cost what it may, and in preparation for possible consequence eight more quick-firing guns have been sent to Moscow, bringing the total there to 32. The conviction is universal that the Douma has been invited to a Barmecide feast. Instead of a dessert there will be ructions. No conciliation is conceivable, no compromise is possible between the Crown and the nation. A conflict is certain, unavoidable, imminent. Even Count Witte could not now avert it.

The correspondent asserts that Count Witte only retained nominal power to secure the new loan. Neither France, England, Austria, nor England would have subscribed to enable Russia to wage civil war. They loaned their money for a reorganization of the empire, but the court camarilla resolved to employ it for their own interests, breaking the promise Count Witte was authorized to make. The Government of Russia, the correspondent declares, is now being carried on by secret influences, the centre of which is Gen. Trepoff, whose authority has continually gained since he quitted St. Petersburg for Tsarkoe-Selo.

Diplomatic circles are profoundly impressed by the disclosure of the Government's policy. The appointment of Goremykin as Count Witte's successor is regarded as the most fatal event since the war.

MINERS WILL NOT STRIKE.

The Convention Accepts Proposal of the Operators.

A Scranton, Penn., despatch says: Peace has come from the convention of delegates assembled here representing the three anthracite districts of the United Mine Workers of America. When the convention reassembled on Saturday morning John Mitchell read the report of the sub-committee of the Scale Committee, which recommended that the men return to work under the provisions of the Strike Commission, provided that there be no discrimination against the men who obeyed the suspension order, and that the union men have their jobs back. Mr. Mitchell followed this with an address, in which he set forth his reasons for favoring the recommendation, and told the men that

WESTERN CROP MOSTLY IN.

The Canadian Northern Railway's Report of Seeding Operations.

A Winnipeg despatch says: The Canadian Northern seeding report for the week indicates that in the older districts the work is finished, and from 75 to 90 per cent. is completed in the north-western part, and in the newer districts. Rain has fallen, doing much good, and in Battleford district there was a fall of snow, which was also of benefit. At Gladstone 50 per cent. is above ground. About 9,000 acres are seeded in Kam-sack, and there are 3,000 acres yet to be seeded. At St. Jean 5,000 acres are under crop, while 20,000 will be seeded around Emerson, Lowe Farm, Acland, Dunrea and Minto. No rain has fallen around Neepawa. The growth in the majority of districts is very rapid.

for the same period a year ago.

A census of the three prairie provinces will be taken as to both population and agriculture as they stand on Sunday, 24th June.

H. F. Matthews has been appointed assistant superintendent of the C.P.R. sleeping, parlor and dining car service, with headquarters at Montreal.

Mr. Arthur Piers is credited with the statement that the C.P.R. have ordered two more steamers of the Empress type in Great Britain, and will give a weekly fast service across the Atlantic.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The sailors of the British fleet under Prince Louis, which visited New York last fall, have sent a silver loving cup to the sailors of the United States squadron.

UNITED STATES.

The longshoremen's strike is resulting in great loss to United States shipping.

The new United States battleship Rhode Island stranded in Chesapeake Bay on Saturday.

No more free lunches, said Judge McClure, of Selinsgrove, Penn., when 32 liquor licenses were granted on condition that no free lunches be served. He said the bar is too big an attraction as it is, without the lunch counters.

G. W. Bell, of Bay City, Texas, accidentally shot and killed himself while sleeping. Reaching under his pillow in his sleep he pulled the trigger of his revolver. The shot went through the pillow and entered his temple.

Miss Helen Priest, of Mason, Mich., while talking to another teacher, said with a laugh, that she was not going to worry over other teachers' troubles, she continued to laugh, finally becoming hysterical. Doctors were called but could do nothing for her and she died.

GAS AT FORT FRANCES.

Workmen Boring for a Sewer Strike a Pocket.

A Fort Frances despatch says: Considerable excitement has been caused here by the discovery of natural gas. While boring to test the soil preparatory to putting in a sewer on Mowat and Scott streets, workmen bored to the depth of thirteen feet, and, noticing a smell of gas, a match was applied, and it burned with a clear flame for some time. There is no doubt that gas and lignite coal can be found in great quantities underlying the town site, as specimens of coal have been found in several places. It is quite probable that the Town Council will at once make a systematic search for gas, and if it should be found in quantities it will add another feature to the development of Fort Frances as an industrial centre.

TRACK LAYING ON G. T. P.

The First Rails Put Down at Portage la Prairie, Man.

A despatch from Portage la Prairie, Man., says: The first steel of the Grand Trunk Pacific was laid here on Tuesday, without ceremony or ostentation. The first sod on the new Transcontinental, it will be remembered, was turned at Portage last summer. The company have opened up yards on the western limits of the town. Grading was undertaken last month, and this will be the centre of the distribution of supplies. It is the intention to lay out yards here on a large scale. Steel was put down in the yards, and quite a mileage of sidings will be put in.

SMUGGLING BY WOMEN.

Sixty-eight Ladies Were Searched at Brockville.

A Brockville despatch says: Thursday afternoon Mrs. Kate Northway of Windsor, a customs inspector, met the arrival of the steamer Riverside from Ogdensburg, N.Y., and invited 68 ladies to her private apartments, all of whom were thoroughly searched and many articles confiscated. One lady had a number of small dishes in her stockings and clothing.

them with their own horses on the farms; they certainly would be more cautious if they knew of the great danger they ran by buying such horses. He recommended that the practice of allowing them to come in be either stopped altogether or that the Government should take steps to advise the public to be careful as to purchasing horses coming from a foreign country.

ZULUS MURDERED OFFICIAL.

The British Magistrate at Mahlabitini Killed.

A despatch from Pietermaritzburg, Natal, says: An outrage which may have serious consequences has occurred in Zululand. Mr. Steinbank, the British magistrate at Mahlabitini, Zululand, has been killed by Zulus while collecting taxes near that place. Mr. Steinbank and party, including Mrs. Steinbank, the magistrate's wife, a lady companion and some mounted police, were caught in an ambush by hostile natives, who fired a volley at them. The magistrate and one of the policemen were fatally wounded. Mr. Steinbank and the two ladies managed to reach Mahlabitini, where the magistrate died of his wounds.

Mahlabitini lies to the westward of the forests where Bambata, the insurgent chief, formerly the regent of the Greytown district, Natal, who has been in arms against the local authorities for a month past, has been hiding, and it is asserted here that there seems to be no doubt that he has succeeded in inducing another tribe of Zulus to join the revolt.

SANITATION A PASSION.

The Ladies in Prussian Saxony Given Fair Warning.

A despatch from Nordhausen, Prussian, Saxony, says: The Town Council of Nordhausen has issued an ordinance prohibiting women from allowing the trains of their dresses to drag in the streets, as a "measure for the protection of health and for the prevention of tainting the air with dust." The penalty for infraction of this ordinance is a fine of \$7.50. The police department of Nordhausen had previously forbidden women to allow their dress trains to sweep the sidewalks of the Friedrich Wilhelm platz and the adjacent streets. The Council now extends the regulation to the entire city. The passion for sanitation sweeping over Germany is likely to result in similar ordinances being enforced by other countries.

BRIDE SAW HUSBAND KILLED

She Was Bidding Him Good-bye in the Round-house.

A despatch from Edmonton, Alta., says: A horrible accident happened Saturday, in which Engineer J. J. Woolsey, Canadian Northern Railway, lost his life in the presence of his young wife, to whom he had been married a few months. He went to the round-house and mounted the cab, where his wife waited to bid him good-bye. His hand was on the throttle lever, when suddenly the cab was filled with live steam; the injector had burst. The engineer jumped from the engine to escape, but the motion threw the throttle open, but the locomotive sprang clear of the building, throwing the man to the ground, the wheels passing over his neck. He was picked up a few minutes later with his head completely severed from his body. The young wife, distraught, was taken from the scene.

NO SUPPORT FROM GERMANY.

Turkey Need Not Expect It in Quarrel With Britain.

A despatch from London says: The Standard on Thursday morning said it understands that Count Wolff-Metternich, the German Ambassador, has informed the British Government that Turkey cannot rely on German support in the event of a quarrel with Great Britain.

provisions of the Strike Commission, provided that there be no discrimination against the men who obeyed the suspension order, and that the union men follow their jobs back. Mr. Mitchell followed this with an address, in which he set forth his reasons for favoring the recommendation, and told the men that he preferred the award of the Strike Commission to the restricted and partial arbitration offered by the operators.

RUSSIA PLAYING DEEP GAME.

No More News of the Demobilization of the Army.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: Further intimations that Russia is playing a deep game in the Far East is given in a circular sent by the censorship to all newspapers and periodicals forbidding the publication of any news with regard to the demobilization of the army and movements of troops in Manchuria and the reorganization of the military establishments in Siberia and the Far East. It is generally supposed the circular was incited by the publication of the news of the halt in withdrawing the Russian army from Manchuria, and the despatch of the Novitski expedition to Mongolia, which, though supposed to be general staff secrets, were published even in official papers, and are liable to seriously embarrass Minister Pokotiloff's negotiations at Peking.

KING EDWARD AT PARIS.

Dined at the Palace of the Elysee With President Fallieres.

A despatch from Paris says: King Edward dined at the Palace of the Elysee on Thursday with President Fallieres. The President toasted the King, saying: "Your Majesty's frequent visits are a precious pledge of the cordiality of the relations between France and England. Both are happy to sincerely act together for civilization and peace."

King Edward expressed the pleasure his visits to France had afforded him, adding:—"I am sure the entente cordiale will do more than anything else to safeguard peace."

BOMB KILLS THE OWNER.

Exploded in Forest of Vincennes—Another Russian Injured.

A Paris despatch says: A bomb explosion occurred in the forest of Vincennes at 2 o'clock on Thursday afternoon, killing a Russian named Strie and dangerously wounding a companion named Boussoff. The men were proceeding through the woods, each carrying a bomb with the evident purpose of hiding them for future use. While so doing the bomb which Strie carried exploded, killing him instantly. Boussoff was struck by fragments of the bomb and fearfully lacerated. The remaining bomb has not yet been examined owing to the danger in handling it.

NO GARRISON NOW.

Britain May Return Wei-Hai-Wei to China.

A Shanghai despatch says: The Chinese regiment at Wei-Hai-Wei, which was organized by the British Government and was officered by British has been disbanded, and its commanding officer, Major H. Bower, left for England on April 28. Great Britain has no garrison there now. It is reported that it will return the port to China.

TEN KILLED IN WRECK.

Two Passenger Trains Collide Head-on on Pennsylvania Railroad.

A despatch from Harrisburg, Pa., says: Two passenger trains collided head-on in Cutoff, near Williamsburg, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, at 10.45 o'clock this evening. It is reported ten people are killed and many injured. Many physicians from Huntington have been sent to the scene of the wreck.

About 9,000 acres are seeded in Rainsack, and there are 3,000 acres yet to be seeded. At St. Jean 5,600 acres are under crop, while 20,000 will be seeded around Emerson, Lowe Farm, Acland, Dunrea and Minlo. No rain has fallen around Neepawa. The growth in the majority of districts is very rapid.

A BUFFALO TRAGEDY.

Woman Was Shot Down on a Leading Thoroughfare.

A Buffalo, N. Y., despatch says: John Koryernski of Altoona, Pa., enamored with Mrs. Francis Skrocka of the same city, and who repulsed his advances, shot and killed her on the street at Broadway and Sweet avenue on Wednesday afternoon, and then shot himself through the heart. Both died instantly. Mrs. Skrocka, with her husband and two children, left Altoona two weeks ago to avoid the attentions of the murderer, who followed her to this city. Wednesday afternoon he met her on Broadway, when the tragedy occurred.

JAPAN SCARED BY QUAKE.

Shock Felt From Tokio to the Island of Formosa.

A Tokio despatch says: A strong four-minute earthquake was felt at 8 o'clock on Saturday morning at Osaka, and caused a general panic. No damage was done, owing to the fact that the motion was gradual. The oscillations were felt from Tokio to the Island of Formosa.

HON. PETER WHITE DEAD.

Close of an Active Business and Political Life.

A Pembroke despatch says: Hon. Peter White, M.P., of Pembroke, Speaker of the House of Commons from 1891 to 1896, died at Clifton Springs, N. Y., on Thursday morning.

EXPLOSION IN SWEDEN.

Nitro-glycerine Factory Blown Up and Four Killed.

A Stockholm, Sweden, despatch says: Every building of the dynamite factory near Vinterviken belonging to the Nitro-Glycerine Company was destroyed on Wednesday by an explosion, the cause of which is not known. Four men were killed.

FARM NOTES.

Horses will rest much better during the night if cleaned up well during the evening.

In building up the fertility of the soil, there is nothing so beneficial as bran manure. Eighty to ninety per cent. of the nutrition of food is returned to the soil in manure.

A correspondent writes:—I have tried all the different kinds of grass that I could find, singly and combined, with many of the different kinds together, and have finally adopted timothy and red top, as I have found that they work best together and will produce about 1½ tons more to the acre.

In planting early potatoes some days may be gained by cutting the seed and spreading it in a warm room until it callouses and the buds begin to start, and to avoid danger of freezing the seed should be crowded down into the bottom of the furrow by stepping on it, and covered with two inches of partly rotted manure before the earth is put on. Planted in this way the mercury may fall to ten degrees for a single night without injuring them.

Success in growing the calf, whether raised by hand or nursed by the dam, depends very much on the care it receives during the winter and spring. It must be well cared for during the first winter, or no matter how well bred or how well it may be fed as a yearling or finished for market, it will not reach its full possibilities. It is the mistakes of the first winter that are serious in handling any kind of young stock.

See Our Window

FOR THE BEST VALUES IN CANADA
IN MEDIUM PRICED SHOES.



Ladies' Fine Lace Boots, all styles,
all sizes, at \$1.25, 1.50, 2.00, & 2.50

Ladies' Fine Kid Slippers, with high or
low heel, at \$1.00, 1.10, 1.25, & 1.50

A large assortment of Children's
Fine Boots and Slippers
from the cheapest to the best.

THE **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES, Napanee, Belleville,
and Trenton.

THE BEST FLOUR. DAFOE'S NONESUCH DAFOE'S MANITOBA PATENT

By numerous tests by the best Bakers the above mentioned grades have been proven to be the best Flours in the market. When buying Flour, ask for Dafoe's, and patronize your home mill, thereby producing Bran and Shorts that you can purchase cheaper than the product of the Western mills, which has to be transported thousands of miles at great expense, and usually, when it reaches you, of inferior quality.

The grocer complains if the farmer or the mechanic sends to Toronto or to outside points for an article he can get at the home store just as good, but he does not hesitate to buy Flour from mills hundreds of miles away, and sell you an inferior Flour for more money than you can purchase the home product for, every bag of which is guaranteed.

CHOICE CORN MEAL and BUCK-WHEAT FLOUR always on hand.

FEED GRINDING a specialty, with the best feed mills known to the trade.

A full stock of the best ANTHRACITE COAL. Also in the market for the purchase of all kinds of Grain.

Ask for prices at the big Mill before purchasing your Flour, Feed or Coal.

NAPANEE,
16th January, 1906.

...Paul's...

WALLPAPER



SEEDS! SEEDS!

A Full Stock of Fresh Garden
Seeds in Bulk.

Also Early Peas
and Sweet Corn.

10 lbs. of Wheatlets for 25c

FRANK H. PERRY.

Hammocks, a fine assortment.
MADOLE & WILSON.

Work was commenced on the Electric Light power house Monday morning.

A car load of machinery for use on the country roads arrived at the station last week.

Belleville Portland Cement, Glazed Tile all sizes

at BOYLE & SON.

Cash grants to Provincial railways totalling \$400,000 have been made by the government.

Train robbers held up the Canadian Pacific Imperial Limited and robbed the mail car. Several valuable letters escaped their clutches.

Work was commenced on the country road system this week starting at the top of Piety Hill on the Deseronto road.

The Napanee Junior Base Ball Club are scheduled to play a game of ball with the Newburgh Juniors, at Newburgh, to-morrow, Saturday.

Some 25 or 30 canoeists cruised down the Salmon river from Tamworth to Shannonville. They ran all the rapids without any spills and had a good time generally.

E. LOYST has a carload of good potatoes, Royal Household flour, all other grades, Bran, Shorts, Cream Equivalent, Flax Seed, Oil Cake, Rock Salt, barrel and sacks fine and coarse, Groceries. Highest price paid for eggs and hides. One price to all.

Belleville, May 5, 1916.

TAILORING

The Spring Woolens are now ready and we will take pleasure in showing them to you any day.

We carry the **LARGEST** and **BEST** selected stock of woolens shown in this section.

We make Suits from - \$14 to \$25

We make Overcoats from 13 to 25

We Make Pants from - 3 to 7

We guarantee every garment we make you, our Mr. Johnston is one of the very best cutters and will turn you out a suit that cannot be excelled by any of the high priced city establishments.

Are you perfectly satisfied with your tailor. If not—come to us for your spring outfit.

"We Guarantee Satisfaction."

J. L. BOYES.

Royal Hotel Block.

F. S. Scott's shop strictly up-to-date in every respect. A call solicited.

Wanted.

Good boy to learn the trade. One that shows signs of life. Apply at
BOYLE & SON.

The Salvation Army Emigration.

Blank application forms for farmers who wish to apply to The Salvation Army for farm help may be had at this office.

Beautifying the Park.

The Horticultural Society should be commended for their public spirit in placing over one hundred dollars worth of ornamental trees and shrubs in the Harvey Warner park. The trees and shrubs were planted last week and if well taken care of should make the park a beautiful place indeed. A number of seats have been ordered for the park and will be placed in it as soon as they arrive. The Napanee Band gave their first band concert in the park on Friday evening last and rendered an excellent programme.

One gallon of Prism Brand Paint will cover 360 sq. ft., two coats. Every can guaranteed. The Medical Hall.—Fred L. Hooper, sole agent for Napanee.

Wedding at Desmond.

A pretty wedding took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Switzer, at Desmond, on Wednesday, May 2nd, when their daughter Miss Mabel Switzer was married to Mr. Clarence Milligan, of Newburgh. The house was tastefully decorated and the happy couple were made man and wife by the Rev. C. E. S. Radcliffe, B.C.I., rector of St. Luke's church, Camden East. After the wedding ceremony was ended a large company of friends and relatives partook of a splendid wedding breakfast, when appropriate speeches were made testifying to the esteem in which the bride and bridegroom are held by the community, also the hospitality and kindness of Mr. and Mrs. Switzer. The presents were numerous and showed the respect in which the bride was held in the neighborhood. We wish them all success in their journey through life. The bride was handsomely gowned and looked very smart. Mr. Geo. Lee acted as best man whilst Miss G. Lee assisted the bride.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat

To Paint Outside

Use only the Best Boiled Oil and the Genuine Elephant or Bulldog Lead. You can procure them all at The Red Cross Drug Store—Napanee.
T. B. WALLACE.

Johnny Get Your Hair Cut.

J. N. OSBORNE will cut it right, or give you a nice shave. t f

Paint and Oil.

We sell the best floor paints put up. Every can guaranteed. Full line of house paints at BOYLE & SON.

Coming to Napanee.

Who? The Seven Sutherland Sisters. Watch the window at the Medical Hall, Napanee's Largest Drug Store, Monday next, May 14th, and for two weeks following.—Fred L. Hooper.

Gold in Addington.

Oso, Ont., May 10—A quartz reef has been discovered on the farm of David Todd, three miles from the Oso railway station. The reef is three feet six inches in width, and assaying one ounce of gold per ton. Developing work is to be carried on in a rapid manner and it is expected that success will attend this discovery. A. Harris, mining engineer, with a staff of miners are busy on the discovery.

Geo-Stinson.

The marriage of Mr. Archie Gee, Clareview, and Miss Eloreance Ann Stinson of Tamworth took place at six o'clock Wednesday morning, May 2, at Christ Church, Tamworth. Miss Maggie Stinson, sister of the bride, acted as bridesmaid while Mr. John Gee, brother of the groom, did the duties of best man. Rev. J. W. Jones was the officiating clergyman. None but the contracting parties were present. The bride was handsomely attired in white silk with white chiffon hat trimmed with foliage. Her going-away gown was of light green mohair cloth. The bridesmaid was similarly attired. Amid showers of rice and best wishes they were accompanied to the station by a host of friends where they took the early train for Kingston to spend their honeymoon with friends.

Funnell-Sills.

A very pretty wedding took place on Wednesday evening, May 9th, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Sills, Richmond, when their daughter, Carrie Grace, became the bride of Mr. W. J. Funnell, of Oshawa, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Funnell, of Morven. The bride who was given away by her father, was gowned in white, and wore the orthodox veil of tulle and orange blossoms. She was supported by Mrs. Clarke, of Napanee, as Matron of Honor. The flower girls being little Miss Davis and Miss Sills, who looked perfectly sweet. Mr. Garfield Sills, brother of the bride, supported the groom. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. R. Reel, of Napanee. The spacious home of Mr. Sills was beautifully decorated with evergreens, flags, bunting and flowers, and the ninety guests present all seemed to enter into the spirit of the occasion. After the ceremony an elaborate supper was served. One interesting feature being, that all the delicious cake were made by the bride. The popularity of the bride was evidenced by the numerous useful and costly presents. The groom's present being a beautiful gold watch and chain. Among the presents most appreciated was one from Rev. Mr. Wickett, Mr. Funnell's former pastor. Among the guests from town we noticed Mr. and Mrs. Irvine Parks, Mr. and Mrs. Casfield Shorey, Dr. and Mrs. Wagar, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Gibbard, Mrs. Chablico, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Paul, Dr. Vrooman, Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Madole, Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Bogart, Mrs. Rev. Reel. The happy couple took the midnight train for Toronto and other western points and will make their future home at Oshawa. With their many other friends we wish them bon voyage.

ODESSA.

Two guards from Kingston penitentiary called at Oshawa on Thursday in



We present this style to let you know,
What lovely styles we have to show,
No time to hang them better than now,
You'd better see us for WE KNOW
HOW.

A. E. PAUL,

The Wallpaper Man.

NOTICE, PLYMOUTH COAL!

**STOVE WOOD AND
CORDWOOD**

FOR SALE.

Steam Coal and Blacksmith Coal also on
hand.

CHAS. STEVENS,

1-tf Office, West Side Market Square

STOP! READ, THINK.

Can you afford to experiment, with
your eyes? You can eat with false
teeth, or walk with a artificial limb,
but a glass eye is useless. More eyes
are ruined by wearing misfitted glasses
than from natural causes. Be careful
to whom you intrust your eyes.

H. E. Smith

is an Optician of many years experience,
has satisfactorily fitted thousands
of difficult cases.

"Consult Him."

Smith's Jewellery Store

Seeds

For 1906

Seeds to buy!
Seeds to Sell!

Poultry Supplies of all kinds.
Bibby's Cream Equivalent, the World's
Calf Feed
Condition Powders.
Herbageum, Blatchfords, etc.

—AT—

SYMINGTON'S

South Side Dundas Street, Napanee, Ont.
At The Downtown Office of the
NAPANEE CANNING CO., Limited,

without any spuds and had a good time
generally.

E. LOYST has a carload of good
potatoes, Royal Household flour, all
other grades. Bran, Shorts, Cream
Equivalent, Flax Seed, Oil Cake, Rock
Salt, barrel and sacks fine and coarse,
Groceries. Highest price paid for eggs
and hides. One price to all.

Belleville, May 5. — John Lucas,
charged with stealing grain and flour
from G. T. R. bonded cars at the
station here, was this morning found
guilty in the Police Court. Sentence
was deferred for a week at the request
of the prisoners' lawyer.

Peter McQuade, minus part of one
leg, residence any place in Canada,
was arrested on Thursday morning as
a vagrant, by Chief of Police Graham,
and will have an appearance before
Magistrate Rankin to-day. When
searched he had over seven hundred
dollars on him, and was begging for
more.

It is again rumored in railway circles
that the Canadian Northern Railway
are making overtures for the purchase
of the Grand Trunk belt line around
the city and the Bay of Quinte Railway.
The rumor states that the Central
Ontario line, on which the Canadian
Northern now have an option, will also
be purchased.

The cheese board met yesterday
afternoon for the first this season.
The following officers were elected:
E. Long, president; J. C. Fraser, vice-
president; E. H. Phippen, secretary,
and A. Alexander, treasurer; auditors,
A. Alexander and J. C. Fraser. At
the board 144 white and 721 colored
cheese boarded. McGrath bought 89
white and 23 colored at 10½c.; Thomp-
son, 55 white at 10½c 10½c offered for
balance; no sales. The board will meet
every Friday afternoon.

Beekeepers Supplies.

Sections, Broods and Foundation
Comb, Smokers &c.
MADOLE & WILSON.

Alleviating Circumstance.

It distressed Miss Willing to find
how much the little girls in her Sun-
day school class thought about dress
and outward adorning. She never lost
an opportunity to tell them how slight
was the importance of such things.

"The reason I didn't come last Sun-
day was because my coat wasn't fin-
ished," said small Mary Potter one
day when questioned as to her non-
appearance the week before. "My old
one had spots on it that wouldn't come
off and a place where the buttons had
torn through."

"But, Mary, dear," said the teacher
gently, "you know it's not the outside
that really matters."

"Yes'm, I know," said little Mary,
"but, Miss Willing, mother had ripped
the lining out, so there wasn't any in-
side to look at!"—Youth's Companion.

The Strenuous Life of Old.

This is said to be a "strenuous" age.
Doctors or people who dabble in the
doctor's art talk about the "pace" we
all live now, the stress and storm of
life in England in the twentieth cen-
tury, and so forth. But are we all so
tremendously strenuous? Are we
greater in will or work than English-
men were in the Elizabethan age or
than they were, say—we take date at
random—in 1806? English literature
and history do not show convincingly
that this is so.—London Saturday Re-
view.

THE PLAZA

Up-to-date Barber Shop
A. WILLIS.

CASTORIA.

Bears the
Signature of *Chas. H. Platchers*
The Kind You Have Always Bought

numerous and showed the respect in
which the bride was held in the neigh-
borhood. We wish them all success in
their journey through life. The bride
was handsomely gowned and looked
very smart. Mr. Geo. Lee acted as
best man whilst Miss G. Lee assisted
the bride.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat
ailments are quickly relieved by Crescent
tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists

**Cord wood and Block wood
for sale.**

Robt. Light

21-t-f



The way to catch 'em

at least to "clinch things."

No girl that's worth having will marry
you for your diamonds, but few will say
"No" when given them.

Think it over, and then come in and se-
lect from our superb stock of engagement
and wedding rings, set with all varieties of
stones, at all prices.
QUALITY ALWAYS GUARANTEED.
Marriage Licenses as well. Strictly pri-
vate.

**F. CHINNECK'S
JEWELLRY STORE.**



OUR SALE OF

Men's Shower-Proof Coats

will close on Saturday night.

If you care to get a nice up-to date
coat at wholesale price come in on
Saturday.

C. A. Graham & Co.

couple took the midnight train for Toronto
and other western points and will make
their future home at Oshawa. With their
many other friends we wish them bon
voyage.

ODESSA.

Two guards from Kingston peniten-
tiary called at Odessa on Tuesday, in
search for convict Chalabran, who had
escaped.

Mrs. O. D. Lewis met with a painful
accident on Tuesday afternoon. While
driving alone the horse started and
ran into a fence, Mrs. Lewis jumped,
and in so doing broke her arm, and
was dragged a considerable distance.

Quarterly meeting services last Sun-
day morning at the Methodist church.
Mrs. S. W. Day and daughter, King-
ston, at Dr. H. W. Day's. Mrs. F.
Hendersen and little daughter, Bernice,
at her mother's, Mrs. Lewis'. Master
Clarence Mabey, Williamsport, Pa, at
his grandfather's P. A. Mabey's.

Harsh Measures.

"Don't you occasionally have com-
pany at the house that bores you?"
"Often, but we have a remedy. We
always let our little Johnnie recite."

Defined.

Teacher—Who knows what triplets
are? Teacher's Pet—I know. Two
twins and one left over.

Idleness walks so slowly that pover-
ty has no trouble in catching up with
it.

Gas and Gasoline Stoves.

Quick meal and Detroit Vapor Gasol-
ine and Oxford Gas Stoves.
MADOLE & WILSON.

Memorial Window.

Brockville, May 4, 1906.

Editor Express:

Dear Sir,—I shall be grateful if you
can find space for the following letter:

At the suggestion of the bishop of
the diocese, it is proposed to place in
St. George's Cathedral, Kingston, a
memorial to the late Archdeacon T.
Bedford-Jones. There is nothing
there to commemorate his forty years
connection with the diocese as priest,
precentor, canon, archdeacon and fre-
quently commissary. Few clergy had
more to do with laying the foundations
of church life and work in the whole
diocese of Ontario from its inception
in 1802, and many have thought that
there should be an outward sign of this
in the cathedral of the diocese.

It is proposed to place a window in
the east apsis, the cost of which will
be \$150, part of which has already been
promised. Any friends who would like
to contribute towards this object are
now invited to do so, and may send
their subscription either to me or to
Mr. C. E. Baynes-Reid at the Molson's
Bank, Brockville.

Appended is the letter of commen-
dation from His Lordship the Bishop.

I remain, yours, etc.,

Herbert S. McDonald.

Bishop's Court, Kingston, May 2.

I very heartily commend the proposal
to erect a memorial in the cathedral.
Kingston, to the late Archdeacon
Bedford-Jones, who for so many years
held such prominent and responsible
offices in the diocese, and to whom the
undivided diocese was so greatly in-
debted. I feel very strongly that there
should be a memorial in the cathedral
as diocesan expression of appreciation of
his life and work.

W. L. Ontario.

Go to Kelly's Grocery

for the best 25c. Green Tea in town
also Pure Coffee, ground as desired 40c
a lb. Choice California Prunes 10c. a
lb., Green Gage Plum 10c a can, good
Laundry Starch 4 lb. jar 25c., and for
Good Bread, try the Hungarian Patent
Flour

**At Kelly's. It is Certainly
Good.**

SCOTCH TWEED —AND— HOMESPUNS.



Nothing is more
tasty or stylish
for summer
wear than a
Scotch Tweed,
or Homespun
Suit.

We can make
you up a Suit at
money saving
prices.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, Napanee.

PERSONALS

H. A. Baker, Esq., Moscow, was in town on Saturday.

F. S. Wartman Esq., Colebrook, was in town on Wednesday.

Mrs. R. D. Martin and two children Montreal, spent last week the guest of Mrs. Fuller.

Mrs. F. S. Wilson, Glenora, spent last week the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Rose.

Mrs. Wm. Kellar, Winnipeg, is visiting friends in this vicinity.

Mrs. J. C. Allen returned home on Tuesday evening.

Mr. W. A. Daly is spending a few days in Toronto.

Mr. Wm. Shuster, Belleville, spent Sunday in town.

Mrs. M. J. Getty returned to Toronto, on Saturday taking little Miss Hazel Roblin with her.

Miss Cora Madden, returned to Washington on Monday.

C. H. Finkle, Esq., Newburgh, was a caller at our office on Tuesday.

Miss Annie Armstrong, who spent the winter in Southern California, returned home last week.

Miss Checkley, New Brunswick, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Ruttan.

Miss Nellie Dunning has returned to her home in Albany, N. Y.

Miss Wilcox, who has been the guest of Miss Alice Pruyt left for her home in Picton on Saturday last.

Mr. G. A. Blewett spent a few days in Toronto last week.

Miss Lena Losee, Boston, Mass., is spending the week the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Guess, Bridge street.

Mrs. J. G. Challes, Winchester, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Gibbard.

Miss Bessie Montray has returned to Amherst Island, after spending the week with Mrs. Clark Wright.

Mr. R. S. Kelsch, the Electric Light plant engineer and a representative of the Allis-Chalmers-Bullock Co., Montreal, were in town on Saturday last.

On Friday last, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Jewell were called to the bedside of Mr. Jewell's father, in Adolphustown, who is very ill and not expected to live many days.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Mooney left on Friday last for Winnipeg, Man. where they expect to reside in future.

NAPANEE MODEL SCHOOL,

Honor Roll April.

Entrance—V. McLaughlin, L. Graham, N. Gordon, P. Root, B. Johnston, F. Bartlett, W. Meng, E. Amey, E. Edwards, M. Blute, F. Mills, R. Craig, D. Vanalstine, N. Smith, V. Hamby, C. Mastin, M. Stark.

Jr. IV—H. Gordon, C. Fitzpatrick, L. Van Valkenburg, G. Dickenson, E. Wagar, A. Wheeler, E. Gleeson, G. Dryden, B. Conger, P. Vrooman, H. Wilson, N. Waller, C. Clarke, E. Richardson, E. Newport, C. Cowan, M. Rankin, G. Down, M. Rankin, F. Wagar.

Sr. III—W. Card, W. Trumper, H. Mouck, J. Soby, R. Wilson, D. Ham, H. Cronk, S. Johnston, J. Bartlett, K. Greer, C. Wilson, C. Duncan, G. Clark, D. Morden, K. Hunter, A. Sandford, R. Vanalstine, R. Stark, A. Reid, G. Chatterton, M. Baughan.

Jr. III, A—K. Ham, M. Chalmers, L. Wilson, W. Briggs, N. VanDusen, W. Dickens, F. Leonard, H. Kelly, A. Anderson, K. Kimmerly, M. Edwards, M. Edwards, A. Moore, G. Wilson, G. Shannon, H. Frizzell, D. Miller.

B—R. Gordon, L. Vanalstine, H. Daly, M. McNeil, D. Vanalstine, H. Shannon, B. Wilson, H. Vanalstine, G. Miller, I. Wagar, E. Fralick, M. Gleeson, A. Fitzpatrick, C. Mills, H. Herrington, C. Harshaw, C. Greene.

II—J. Acton, I. Solmes, F. Cliff, J. Daly, H. Parker, K. Daly, H. Foster, H. Chalmers, H. Vanalstine, G. Rodgers, G. Eakins, T. Fairbairn, L. Harshaw, R. Johnston, B. Belcher, A. Scott, J. Evans, R. Bowen, E. Webdale, B. Peterson, G. Wilson.

Sr. Pt. II—J. Vrooman, G. Down, P. Killorin, H. Parks, K. Wilson, L. Griffin, V. Conway.

Junior Part II—V. Hall, B. Sager, H. McGuire, M. Hearns, K. Kelly, R. Huffman, H. Plumley, H. McNeill, D. Pizzariello.

Part I (A)—G. Wilson, J. Woodcock, A. Herrington, R. Babcock, M. O'Neill.

(B) V. McConnell, W. Plumley, F. Miller, J. Dickens, F. Johnston.

(C) D. Robinson, W. Roy, K. Hill, G. Frizzell, W. Axford, E. Smith, B. Willis, C. Rodgers.

EAST WARD.

Junior III (A)—L. Clancy, A. Bland, H. Taylor, A. Irving, L. Meng, L. Vine, C. Mills, N. Morden, E. Mills, S. Congor, S. Laird.

Junior III (B)—C. Perry, G. Campbell, D. Smith, E. King, K. Laaber.

Senior II—L. Vanalstine, J. Loucks, K. Loucks, O. Knight, E. MacMillan.

Junior II (A)—W. Duncan, L. Trumper, H. Baker, N. Giroux, C. Wheeler, E. Kelley, P. Mastin.

Junior II (B)—D. Smith, G. Davey, H. Smith, L. Pendell.

Senior Pt. II—G. Morris, K. Martin, B. Morris, H. Duncan, R. Loucks, R. Husband, E. Degroff, W. Kelly, L. Wagar, D. Baker.

Junior Pt. II—H. Baker, G. Paul, R. Kelley, G. Norris, H. Hawley, G. Emery, M. McCabe.

Junior Part I—W. Cronin, J. Dibb, F. Wagar, J. C. Trumper.

Eagle Hill Public School—Report for May.

Names in order of merit.
Fourth Reader, class I—Katie Marquardt.

Third Reader, class II—A. Ready, Norris Ready.

Third Reader, class III—Hazel Irvine
Second Reader, class V—Jimmy Marquardt, Gordon Petteffer, Puri Vilneff.

Second Reader, class VI—Lorne Ready, Dolphis Vilneff, Russell Petteffer, and Frieda Mieske (equal).

First Reader, Part I, class VIII—Kaspar Irvine, Andrew Ready, Oris Vilneff.

First Reader, Part I, class IX—Lena Marquardt, Everard Vilneff, Max Mieske, Ed. Vilneff.

On roll, 20.
Average attendance, 11.

FRANCES STEWART, Teacher.

"Herpicide" guaranteed to cure Dandruff, stops hair falling, and prevents baldness, 10 cent an application at



Royal Household Flour

out of the wrong kind of wheat any more than you can make the right kind of bread or pastry out of the wrong kind of flour.

Ogilvie's Royal Household Flour is made from hard spring wheat—a wheat that is rich in nutriment, that grinds fine and white, and produces bread and pastry that are wholesome and nourishing as well as light and crisp—it's a flour that begins to be good in the wheat fields, not in the mills.

Your grocer prefers to sell you Ogilvie's Royal Household Flour because he knows the value of a pleased customer.

Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd.
Montreal.

"Ogilvie's Book for a Cook," contains 130 pages of excellent recipes some never published before. Your grocer can tell you how to get it FREE.



104

To Intending Purchasers!

Is it not better to select a piece of Furniture that you know is artistic?

The assortment of Furniture shown by us is selected carefully, each of some special point of merit.

You need not look through a mass of common things if you come to us. You can select anything and be certain it is in good taste.

The Gibbard Furniture Co., of Napanee, Limited.

MARYSVILLE.

John Stock, our operator, is moving into the new station which has been fitted up in up-to-date style for him.

Master Gibbs and Miss Carrie Campbell have fully recovered from scarlet fever.

Mrs. John Meagher spent part of last week with her sister, Mrs. Kenney, Westbrooke.

Miss Nellie Gartland spent Sunday with the Misses D'Arcy.

John Fahy, Marysville House, visited Kingston recently.

We are pleased to see Frank Meagher again amongst us after an absence of eight months.

Mrs. Sexsmith spent last week with her daughter, Mrs. J. Russell.

Summer School of Bible Study and Sunday School Methods.

The Ontario Sunday School Association announces Summer School to be held in Victoria College, Toronto, July 9th-21st next. Four courses of lectures have been arranged:—"Elements of Teaching and Child Study" Dr. Tracy, Toronto University; "Old Testament Outlines" by Rev. Robt. Johnston, D.D., Montreal; "Sunday School Organization and Management" by W. C. Pierce, Chicago, Ill., International Teacher-Training Secretary; "New Testament Outlines" by Rev. A. C. Courtice, D.D., Toronto. There will be examinations in the various courses, for which certificates will be awarded, four of which, whether

Jewell called to the bedside of Mr. Jewell's father, in Adolphustown, who is very ill and not expected to live many days.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Mooney left on Friday last for Winnipeg, Man. where they expect to reside in future.

Miss Hermoine Connolly, Yarker, was in town on Saturday.

Mr. W. S. Herrington was in Tamworth Monday.

Mr. Warner Eakins, of Montreal, was in Napanee Tuesday.

Mr. Robert Miller, Kingston, and Mr. Jas. Lewis, Wilton, were callers at our office on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harris Conger, Belleville, spent Saturday and Sunday in town.

Mrs. Thomas Caton and Miss Helen, of Thorpe, were in Napanee, Wednesday.

Mr. Frank Ward and Mr. Ira Amey of Wilton, in Napanee, Saturday.

Mr. W. S. Herrington went to Toronto Saturday.

Mr. W. A. Grange is attending Court in Sharbot Lake to-day Friday.

Mr. Robert Miller of Kingston, was in Napanee Thursday calling on friends.

Mr. Thomas Mills, of Wilton, is reported as very sick.

Mr. Ruggles Storms, of Wilton, has been very sick but was reported a little better Thursday.

MARRIAGES.

McKEE-HULL.—At the Manse, Napanee, on Tuesday, May 1, 1906, Alexander McKee and Miss Annie Louise Hull, all of Deseronto, Rev. J. R. Conn, M. A., officiating.

MILLIGAN-SWITZER.—At Desmond, Wednesday, May 2nd, 1906, by Rev. C. E. S. Radcliffe, Miss Mabel Switzer, of Desmond, to Mr. Clarence Milligan, of Newburgh.

DEATHS.

GEDDIS.—On Tuesday, May 1, 1906, Mrs. Jane Geddis beloved wife of Robt. Geddis, in her 60th year.

Gasoline Stoves, Gas Stoves. The Jewell the only Gasoline stove permitted by the Underwriters Association as perfect. Sold only by
BOYLE & SON.

THE SCILLY ISLANDS.

They Have but Three Seasons—Spring, Summer and Autumn.

The climate of the Scilly Islands is the most equable in Great Britain. It ranges on an average from 40 degrees to 60 degrees. On the coldest day it is warm and on the hottest it is cool. There are only three seasons in Scilly of four months each—spring, summer and autumn. When the autumn ends spring commences. There is no great height in the islands. The highest land in Bryher is only 133 feet above sea level, although the telegraph tower built on St. Mary's reaches a height of 158 feet, but the rock scenery of the entire group of these islands is remarkable. There are rocks fantastic, jagged, peaked, toothed, serrated; rocks resembling living creatures and others suggestive of primeval vastness and uncouthness; some grandly castleated, others

Like a great lion's cheek teeth.

Those on the peninsula of Penninis, especially if they are seen in mist, Menawar (pronounced man-of-war), the Maiden Bower, Mincarlo, Shipman's Head, the Haycocks at Annet and many others are strikingly grand. The curious resemblance to primeval animal forms has given rise to many of the names of these rocks and certainly many are

Like a great sea beast, crawled forth to sun itself,

while there are "elephants' tusks," "monks' cowl," "pipers' holes," "giants' castles," "pulpit rocks," etc.—London Spectator.

On roll, 20.

Average attendance, 11.

FRANCES STEWART, Teacher.

"Herpicide" guaranteed to cure Dandruff, stops hair falling, and prevents baldness, 10 cent's an application, at

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP
A. WILLIS.

Miserable Deception

PRACTISED BY
Certain Makers of Adulterated
and Worthless Package Dyes.

Notwithstanding the unanimous verdict of the world's most eminent color chemists, that it is impossible to color animal (wool and silk) fibres, and vegetable (cotton and linen) fibres with the same dye, we find speculators who are jealous of the world-wide success of the DIAMOND DYES putting up and offering for sale worthless package dyes which they represent will color any material with one dye. This cruel deception has caused serious losses to many a home in Canada.

The DIAMOND DYES, the world's great leaders, give to the ladies special dyes for wool and silk, and special dyes for cotton and linen and all mixed goods, guaranteeing perfect color results.

The ladies will insure and protect their interests if they avoid all merchants who sell the crude and worthless package dyes recently put on the market. In every case ask for the DIAMOND DYES, and see that each packet bears the words "DIAMOND PACKAGE DYES." Please send your name and address to WELLS & RICHARDSON CO., LIMITED, MONTREAL, P. Q., and you will receive free of cost New Instruction Book for Home Dyeing, Card of Dyed Samples, and story in verse entitled, "The Longjohn's Trip to the Klondike."

Sore Throat and Coughs

A simple, effective, and safe remedy for all throat irritations is found in

Cresolene Antiseptic Tablets

They combine the germicidal value of Cresolene with the soothing properties of slippery elm and licorice.
10c. All Druggists.

BRISCO OPERA HOUSE,

NAPANEE.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday

May 17, 18, 19.

Pauline Hammond Co.

SHOES

Curry's
for Footwear,

Opposite Royal Hotel.

Buy your Shoes at Curry's
and save money.

The Leading Shoe House
in Napanee.

Everything new and Up-to-Date.
A full line of Trunks and Valises.

FRED CURRY,

Proprietor.

J. C. Hawley, Manager.

the Misses D'Arcy.

John Fahey, Marysville House, visited Kingston recently.

We are pleased to see Frank Meagher again amongst us after an absence of eight months.

Mrs. Saxsmith spent last week with her daughter, Mrs. J. Russell.

WILTON.

Korah Storms and Erwell Miller are putting up new fences round their lawns. Earl Bart is building fine new horse stables.

Some very necessary repairs have been made to our village bridge.

Mrs. Nicholas Simmons and daughter, Lillie, left last week, to spend the summer with Mrs. Simmons' daughter, Mrs. R. Murphy, at Lechute.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Amey returned Saturday from Oxbow, Saskatchewan, where they have spent the winter.

Robert Forsyth, Halls, Wyo., and Mrs. Summerby, Massey, are visiting their mother, Mrs. Jaa. Forsyth, who has been quite ill, but is slowly recovering.

Mrs. Benjamin Rose, Lapum, was on Thursday calling at Mrs. R. N. Lapum's.

George Fairweather arrived here last week from Glasgow, Scotland, to remain here with his brother, James Fairweather.

Lawn mowers, Lawn Rakes, Lawn Shears, Lawn Hose Sprinklers, Nozzles All good. Lawn mowers \$3.00 \$1.00 & \$5.00 each. See them at
BOYLE & SON.

LAPUMS WEST.

The Sunday school re-opened May 6th with Wilbur Love as superintendent. J. E. Boulton having resigned. Some of the farmers here have finished seeding and are making preparations for planting.

Mr. and Mrs. William Huff and son Clinton, were on Sunday evening guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Huff.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Love, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Davy, and Mr. and Mrs. Wilkie Pringle spent last Sunday with friends at Hartington.

Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Bush, Camden East, were on Sunday, guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Brown.

James Judge and family, and Alve Emberly and family have become residents of Lapum.

Mrs. Clara Lapum and sons, William and Clarence, spent Monday in Kingston, with Mrs. Lapum's sister, Mrs. Henry Henzy, who is very ill.

Mrs. Wilbur Love was "At Home" to a few lady friends on Tuesday evening of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Sanford Vandewater are moving from this neighborhood. They purpose spending the summer in different parts of Canada before settling in Yarker, where Mr. Vandewater has purchased a home.

(From Another Correspondent.)

Spring seeding is about finished in this district.

We were visited with a nice rain on Wednesday.

Don't forget the Wednesday evening services, which are being well attended considering the weather.

Mrs. B. Rose was in Westbrook on Saturday.

W. Brown, Desmond, spent Sunday at his home here.

Mrs. J. Irish, Sr., was calling on friends here on Wednesday.

Miss Martha Hogeboom, who has been under the care of Dr. Oldham, for some time is improving nicely.

Sunday School re-opened here on Sunday, for the summer with a fair attendance, J. W. Love superintendent.

H. E. Bush, is staying at Geo. Wilson's near Camden East this week.

Thos. E. Furr, was calling on friends here one night this week.

Good Paint

Is Ramsay's Mixed Paint, one gallon covers 360 square feet 2 coats. Price 35c. imperial quart, at the Red Cross Drug Store.

T. B. WALLACE,

General Organization of the International Teacher-Training Secretariat: "New Testament Outlines" by Rev. A. C. Courtice, D. D., Toronto. There will be examinations in the various courses, for which certificates will be awarded, four of which, whether won at this school or on previous examinations, will entitle holders to the International Teacher-Training Diploma, (Elementary Grade). The lectures and examinations will be open only to registered students who pay the fee of two dollars (\$2), which will cover all charges including diploma. There will be a display of missionary and educational literature and appliances; and the following missionary leaders, Rev. R. P. McKay, D. D., Rev. F. C. Stephenson, M. D., Rev. J. G. Brown, B. A., Rev. T. B. Hyde, N. W. Hovick, K. C. are co-operating. Correspond with Mr. J. A. Jackson, General Secretary, 99-100 Confederation Life Building, Toronto, for details.



DR. C. H. WARTMAN
DENTIST.

It will be impossible for me to continue the out of town visits, but if our friends at Yarker and Tamworth will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed first class.

W. G. WILSON,

BARRISTER,

Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Etc

P. O. Box 620. Telephone No. 83.

OFFICE—North Side Dundas Street,
Napanee, Ont.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE.

Barristers, etc.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES

Office—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office. 5y

T. B. GERMAN,

Barrister and Solicitor,

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES

OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John Street
Napanee

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.

Physician Surgeon, etc.

Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital.

Office—North side of Dundas Street, between West and Robert Streets, Napanee. 41y

A. S. ASHLEY,

.....DENTIST.....

34 YEARS EXPERIENCE

27 Rooms above Mowat's Dry Goods Store, Napanea.

DEROCHE & DEROCHE.

H. M. Deroche, K. C., C. C. A. S.

H. M. P. Deroche, B. A.

Barristers Etc.

MONEY TO LOAN

Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Tamworth every Wednesday.

McMILLAN PIANOS

ARE GOOD PIANOS.

R. B. ALLEN

NAPANEE